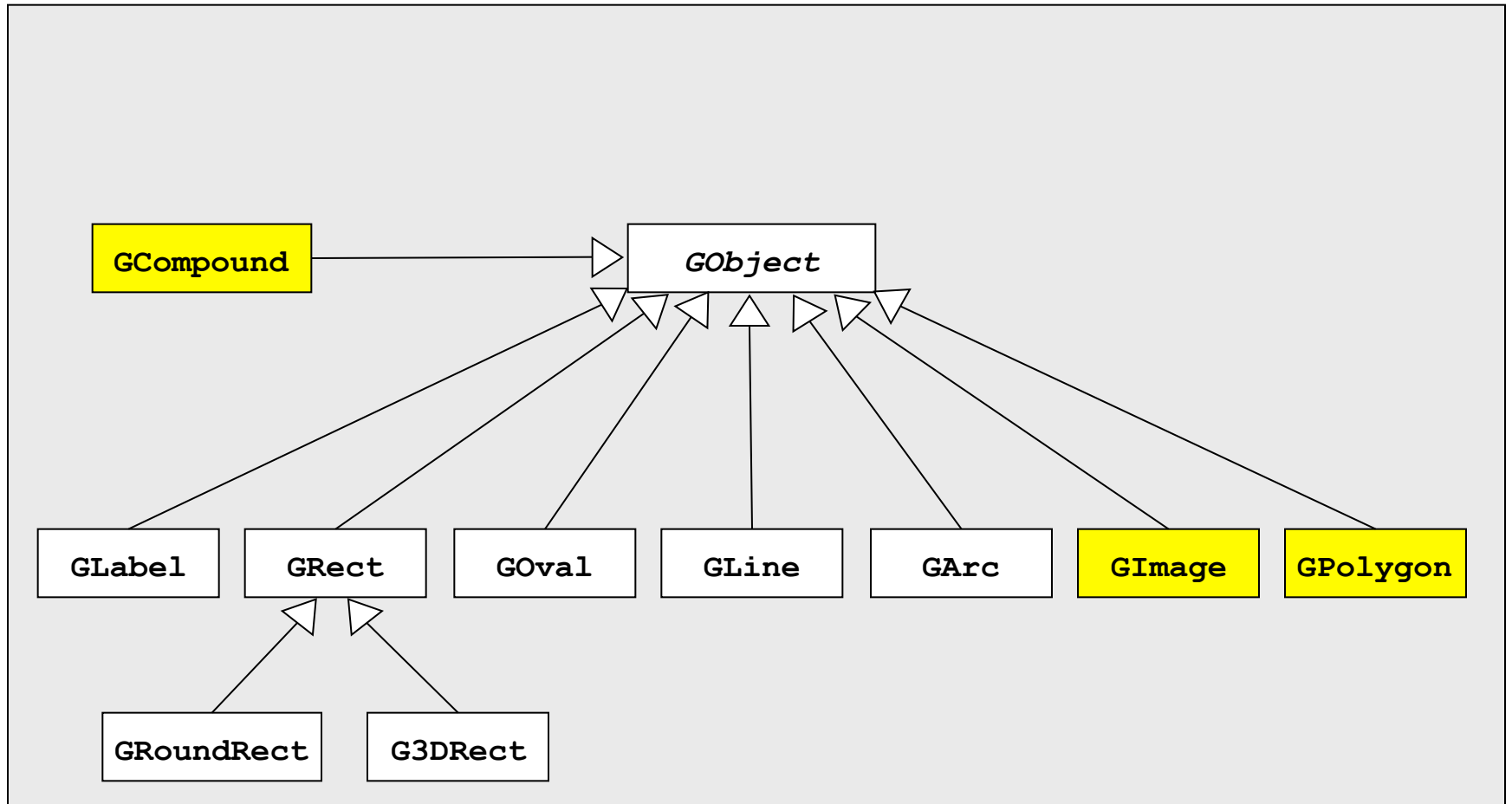


Class hierarchy of GObject



The GImage Class

- **GImage** class is used to display an image from a file

```
new GImage (image file, x, y)
```

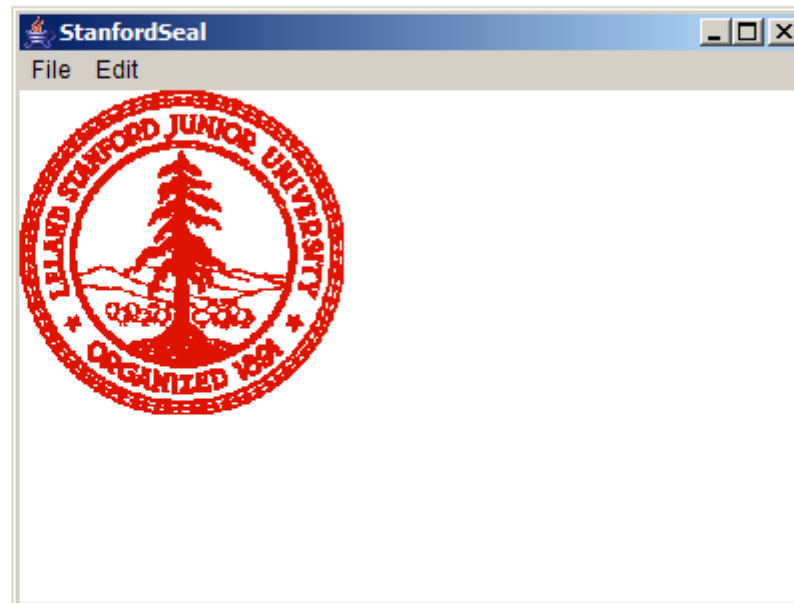
image file: name of a file containing image

x and *y*: coordinates of upper left corner of image

- Looks for file in current project directory and then in a subdirectory named **images**.
- GIF (**.gif**) and JPEG (**.jpg** or **.jpeg**) supported

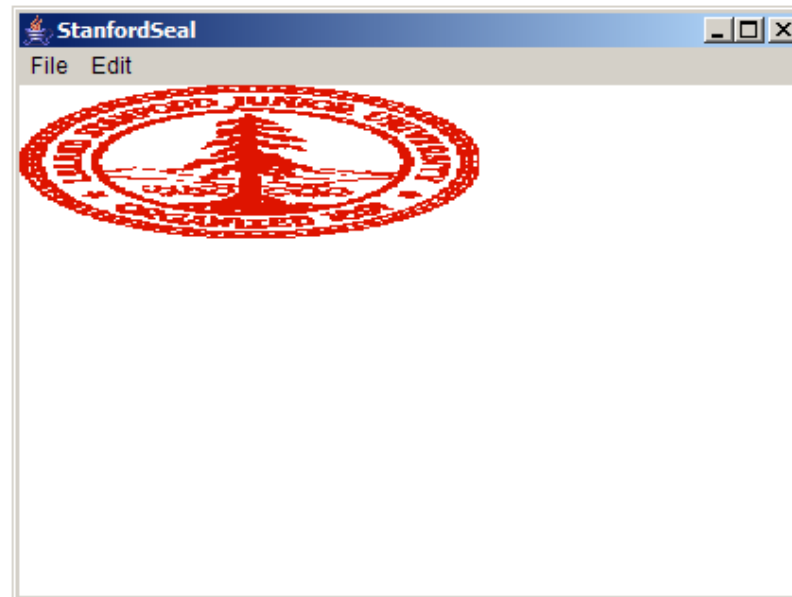
Example of the GImage Class

```
public void run() {  
    GImage image = new GImage("StanfordSeal.gif");  
    add(image, 0, 0);  
}
```



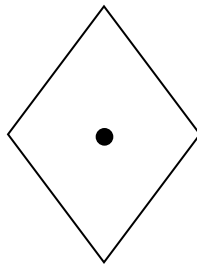
Resizing GImages

```
public void run() {  
    GImage image = new GImage("StanfordSeal.gif");  
    image.scale(1.5, 0.5);  
    add(image, 0, 0);  
}
```

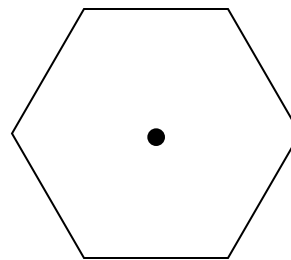


The **G**Pol`y`gon Class

- **G**Pol`y`gon: represent graphical objects bound by line segments.



diamond



hexagon

- A **G**Pol`y`gon has a **reference point** that is convenient for that particular shape
- Position the vertices relative to that reference point.
- Convenient reference point is often center of object.

Constructing a **GPol**YGON Object

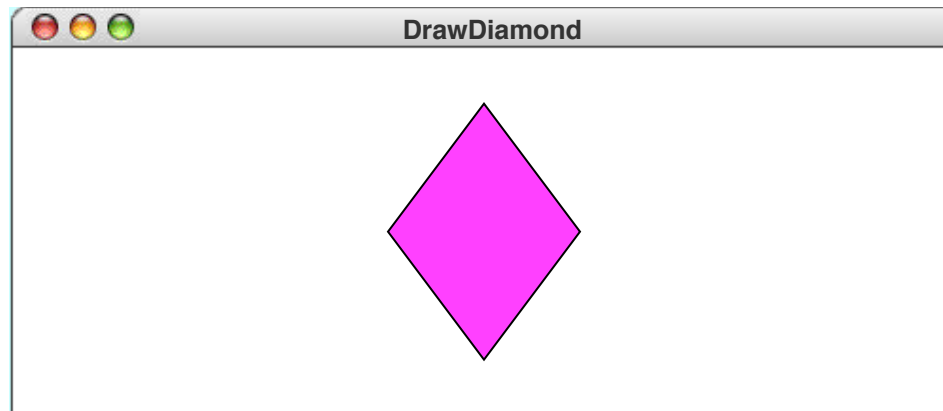
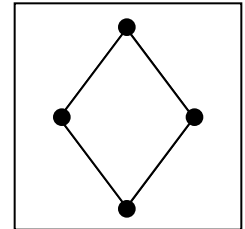
- Create an empty polygon
- Add vertices one at a time using **addVertex** (x, y)
 - x and y relative to reference point of polygon
- After setting initial vertex using **addVertex** (x, y), can add remaining ones using:
 - **addVertex** (x, y) adds a new vertex relative to the reference point
 - **addEdge** (dx, dy) adds a new vertex relative to the preceding one
- Polygon "closed" for you
 - automatically attaches first and last vertices

Drawing a Diamond (**addVertex**)

The following program draws a diamond using **addVertex**:

```
public void run() {  
    private GPolygon createDiamond(double width, double height) {  
        GPolygon diamond = new GPolygon();  
        diamond.addVertex(-width / 2, 0);  
        diamond.addVertex(0, -height / 2);  
        diamond.addVertex(width / 2, 0);  
        diamond.addVertex(0, height / 2);  
        return diamond;  
    }  
}
```

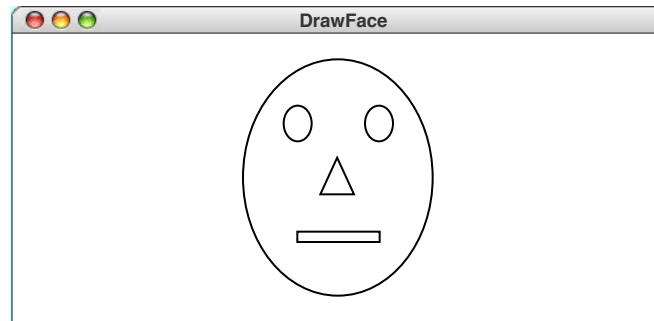
diamond



skip simulation

The GCompound Class

- **GCompound** allows for combining several graphics objects so they behave like one **GObject**
- Add objects to a **GCompound** (like it was a canvas)
- You can treat whole **GCompound** as one object
- Similar to **GPolygon**, a **GCompound** has a reference point that all objects are added with respect to
- When **GCompound** is added to canvas, it is placed relative to its reference point
- Let's draw a face:



Draw Face and Bouncing Face Examples