# AA200 Applied Aerodynamics

# Table of Contents

# Chapter 1 - Introduction to fluid flow

1.1 Introduction 1

1.2 Conservation of mass 1

1.3 Particle paths, streamlines and streaklines in 2-D steady flow 5

1.4 Particle paths in three dimensions 18

1.5 The substantial derivative 18

1.6 Momentum transport due to convection 21

1.7 Momentum transport due to molecular motion at microscopic scales 26

1.8 Conservation of energy 33

1.9 Summary - the equations of motion 38

1.10 Problems 39

# Chapter 2 – Dimensional analysis

2.1 Introduction 1

2.2 The two-body problem in a gravitational field 2

2.3 The drag of a sphere 6

2.4 The drag of a sphere in high speed gas flow 13

2.5 Dimensionless equations of motion 17

2.6 Buckingham's Pi theorem – the dimensional analysis algorithm 22

2.7 Concluding remarks 23

2.8 Exercises 24

### Chapter 3 - Thermodynamics of dilute gases

3.1 Introduction 1

3.2 Thermodynamics 1

3.3 The Carnot Cycle 5

3.4 Enthalpy 9

3.5 Heat capacities 12

3.6 Ideal gases 13

3.7 Constant specific heat 16

3.8 The entropy of mixing 18

3.9 Isentropic expansion 25

3.10 Some results from statistical mechanics 31

3.11 Enthalpy - diatomic gases 33

3.12 Speed of sound 33

3.13 Atmospheric models 34

3.14 The third law of thermodynamics 36

3.15 Problems 38

Chapter 4 - Control volumes, vector calculus

4.1 Control volume definition 1

4.2 Vector calculus 2 4.3 Gauss' theorem 6

4.4 Stokes' theorem 8

4.5 Problems 16

# Chapter 5 - Kinematics of fluid motion

5.1 Elementary flow patterns 1

5.2 Rate-of-strain and rate-of-rotation tensors 8

5.3 Incompressible flow near a wall 9

5.4 Problems 16

#### Chapter 6 - The conservation equations

6.1 Leibniz' rule for differentiation of integrals 1

6.2 Conservation of mass 5

6.3 Conservation of momentum 6

6.4 Conservation of energy 9

6.5 Summary - differential form of the equations of motion 11

6.6 Integral form of the equations of motion 12

6.7 Applications of control volume analysis 15

6.8 Stagnation enthalpy, temperature and pressure 21

6.9 Symmetries of the incompressible Navier-Stokes equations 29

6.10 Problems 34

# Chapter 7 - Several forms of the equations of motion

7.1 The Navier-Stokes equations 1

- 7.2 The momentum equation in terms of vorticity 2
- 7.3 The momentum equation in terms of the entropy and vorticity 4
- 7.4 Inviscid, irrotational, homentropic flow 6
- 7.5 The velocity potential 8

7.6 The vorticity equation 11

7.7 Fluid flow in three dimensions, the dual stream function 13

7.8 The vector potential 14

7.9 Incompressible flow with mass and vorticity sources 16

- 7.10 Turbulent flow 17
- 7.11 Problems 20

### Chapter 8 - Entropy generation and transport

8.1 Convective form of the Gibbs' equation 1

8.2 The kinetic energy equation 1

8.3 Internal energy 3

8.4 Viscous dissipation of kinetic energy 4

8.5 Entropy 5

8.6 Problems 8

Chapter 9 - Viscous flow along a wall

9.1 The no-slip condition 1

9.2 Equations of motion 3

9.3 Plane, compressible Couette flow 4

9.4 The viscous boundary layer on a wall 12

9.5 The Von Karman integral momentum equation 19

9.6 The laminar boundary layer in the limit  $M \rightarrow 0$  23

9.7 The Falkner Skan boundary layers 28

9.8 Thwaites method for approximate calculation of boundary layers 37

9.9 Compressible laminar boundary layers 46

9.10 Mapping a compressible to an incompressible boundary layer 50

9.11 Turbulent boundary layers 63

9.12 Transformation between flat plate and curved wall boundary layers 70

9.13 Problems 73

#### Chapter 10 – Elements of potential flow

10.1 Incompressible flow 1

10.2 Potentials 3

10.3 Useful special functions 4

10.4 Point source solution of the Poisson equation 5

10.5 General solution of the Poisson equation 7

10.6 Elementary 2D potential flows 16

10.7 Force on a rigid body translating in an inviscid flow 24

10.8 Force on a 2-D rigid body 32

10.9 Virtual mass 34

10.10 Flow due to a force applied to a viscous, incompressible fluid 37

10.11 Multi-pole expansion of the Poisson equation in the far field 39

Chapter 11 – Two-dimensional airfoil theory

11.1 The creation of circulation about an airfoil 1

11.2 The Joukowsky airfoil 6

11.3 Thin airfoil theory 17

Chapter 12 – Wings of finite span

12.1 Flow over a three-dimensional wing 1

12.2 Circulation and pressure 5

12.3 Forces and moments on a wing 6

12.4 Lifting line theory 7

12.5 Prandtl's equation of finite wing theory 16

12.6 Elliptic lift distribution 18

12.7 Drag due to lift of an elliptic wing 23

12.8 General wing loadings 26

12.9 Forces on a general wing 40

12.10 Minimum induced drag wing 43

12.11 Induced drag of a rectangular wing 43

12.12 Unsteady momentum integral in a Trefftz plane fixed in the fluid 49

12.13 Inviscid vortex pair model of the wake 52

12.14 Effect of a ground plane on downwash velocity 59

#### Chapter 13 – Compressible thin airfoil theory

13.1 Compressible potential flow 1

13.2 Similarity rules for high speed flight 16

13.3 The effect of sweep 25

13.4 Problems 37

#### Chapter 14 – Viscous free shear flows

14.1 Introduction 1

14.2 Reynolds number invariance 3

14.3 Group interpretation of Reynolds number invariance 7

14.4 Fine scale motions 16

14.5 Application –small scales in a turbulent vortex ring 21

14.6 Concluding remarks 36

14.7 Exercises 36

# Appendix 1 - Equations in cylindrical and spherical coordinates

A1.1 Coordinate systems 1

A1.2 Transformation of vector components 2

A1.3 Summary of differential operations 2

A1.4 Continuity 6

A1.5 Momentum 7

A1.6 Energy equation 9

A1.7 Components of the stress tensor 11

A1.8 Energy dissipation function 12