

Star formation and high energy neutrinos at IceCube: a correlation?

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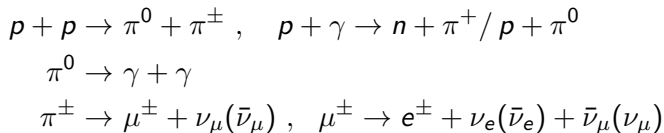


VHE neutrinos: the hadronic model

Star formation
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- IceCube: discovery of very high energy (VHE, $E \gtrsim 30 \text{ TeV}$) neutrinos, *extrasolar* and *extragalactic*
- the neutrino-cosmic ray connection: hadronic model



Quest for neutrino emitters: hadronic accelerators

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What are the sources of the IceCube neutrinos?

- spectrum: comparison with modeled diffuse fluxes
 - $p + p$ a natural fit \rightarrow star forming regions? Galaxy clusters?
- arrival direction: search for positional coincidences with known objects
 - model-independent: neutrinos are *undeflected* !
 - etherogeneous approaches, mixed results

Murase, Ahlers, and Lacki, PRD 88, 2013 121301 ; Murase, arxiv:1410.3680

References on positional coincidences:

IceCube Coll., ApJ. 796, 2014 ; arXiv:1408.0634.

UHECR: K. Fang, T. Fujii, T. Linden, and A. V. Olinto, ApJ 794 2014 ; R. Moharana and S. Razzaque, arXiv:1501.05158 (2015).

Blazars: P. Padovani and E. Resconi, MNRAS 443 2014 ; S. Sahu and L. S. Miranda, arXiv:1408.3664 ; F. Krauss, et al., Astron.Astrophys. 566 (2014) ; Fermi-LAT Coll., arXiv:1502.02147 ; Petropoulou, et al., MNRAS 448, 2015 ; ANTARES Coll., Astron. Astrophys. 576 2015 ; A. M. Brown, J. Adams, and P. M. Chadwick, arXiv:1505.00935 (2015) ; IceCube Collaboration, arXiv:1502.03104 (2015).

Star forming galaxies: L. A. Anchordoqui, et al., Phys. Rev. D 89, 2014

next steps on search for coincidences:

- systematic statistical approach
- synergy with astronomy
- test the star formation hypothesis

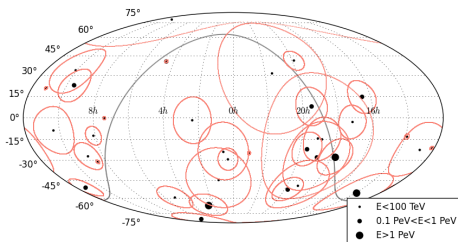
Kimberly Emig, *CL and Rogier Windhorst, to appear soon.*

The 988 days IceCube data

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Equatorial coordinates J2000



- **28 shower-like** : median angular error $\sigma \gtrsim 10^\circ$
 - # 28 and 35 discarded as background
- **9 track-like**: visible μ^\pm track ; $\sigma \lesssim 1^\circ$
 - Consistent with background

Catalogs and selection criteria

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- Fermi-LAT catalog (3FGL, $E \lesssim 500$ GeV) + TeVCat

Fermi-LAT Coll., arXiv:1501.02003 ; tevcad.uchicago.edu

- $E > 100$ TeV observations too sparse, strong absorption
- Infrared Astronomical Satellite (IRAS)

- $\sim 100\mu m$ emission indicator of star formation

Becker, et al., arXiv:0901.1775 ; Sanders, et al., Astron. J. 126, 2003 16071664

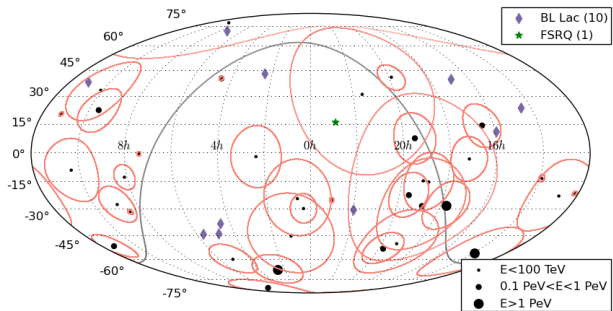
- Create a set of candidates of suitable size:
 - same class/morphology
 - brightest: $L_\gamma > L_{min}$

Spatial coincidence with astrophysical sources

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Causality or randomness?



- “Null” distribution : the distribution of r for candidates uniformly distributed in the sky.
 - Monte Carlo: randomization of candidate positions (10^5 iterations)
 - analytics: for N ν s and M candidates
$$d\mathcal{P}(r)/dr = \sum_{i=1}^N \sigma_i (M/2^M) \sin(r\sigma_i) [1 + \cos(r\sigma_i)]^{M-1}$$
- Comparing r -distribution of data with null:
 - p -value : probability that the null case produces a number of coincidences ($r \leq 1$) equal or larger than the one observed in the data.

H. R. de Ruiter, A. G. Willis, and H. C. Arp, *Astron. Astrophys. Suppl. Ser.* 28 (1977) 211293. ; R. A. Windhorst, R. G. Kron, and D. C. Koo, *Astron. Astrophys. Suppl. Ser.* 58 (1984) 3987 ; W. Sutherland and W. Saunders, *MNRAS* 259 (1992) 413420 ; A. Virmani, et al., *Astropart. Phys.* 17 (2002) 489495 ; R. Moharana and S. Razzaque, *arXiv:1501.05158* (2015)

Results: Blazars

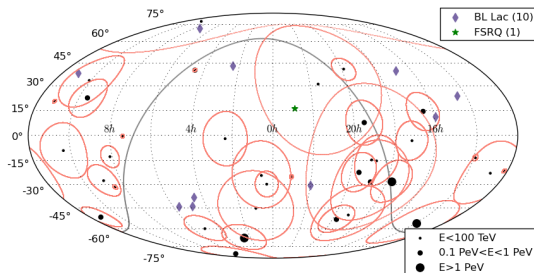
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Active Galactic Nuclei (AGN), with jet pointing to Earth

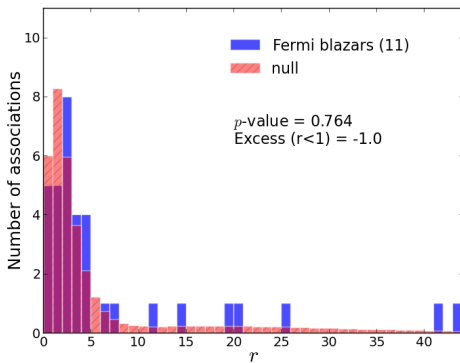
- leptonic scenario favored, hadronic model possible

J. Hinton and W. Hofmann, *Ann. Rev. Astron. Astrophys.* 47 (2009) 523565; J. Holder, *Astropart. Phys.* 39-40 (2012) 6175.



Blazar	3FGL	$F_{10-100\text{GeV}} > 10^{-9} \text{ ph. cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	11
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... consistent with null

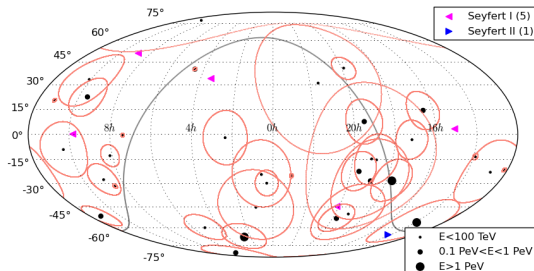


Seyfert galaxies

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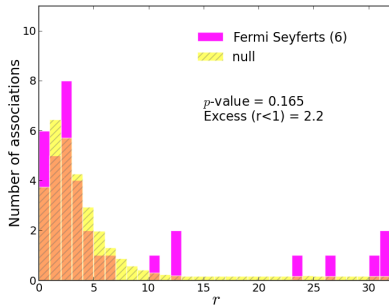
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Weaker AGN emission; active star formation near nucleus



Seyfert	3FGL	Seyfert I & II	6
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non-significant excess (first bin, $r < 1$), consistent with null

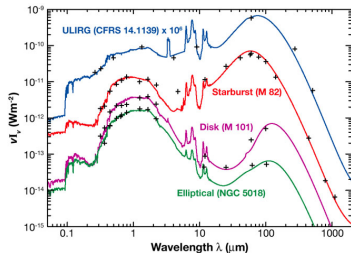


Starburst galaxies (SBG)

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- intense star forming activity
 - formation rate
 $\sim 0.1 - 100 M_{\odot} \text{ yr}^{-1}$
 - $\gtrsim 0.3$ supernovae/year
- Hadronic jets from SN, SN remnants, superbubbles, etc.
 - CR confined by \vec{B} fields
- peak at $\sim 100 \mu\text{m}$, due to heated dust

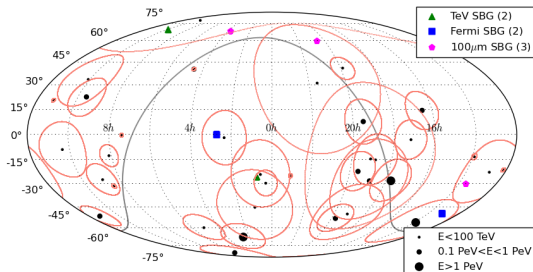


ned.ipac.caltech.edu

A. Loeb and E. Waxman, JCAP 0605 (2006) 003 ; K. Murase, M. Ahlers, and B. C. Lacki, PRD 88 2013, 121301 ; R. Y. Liu, et al., PRD 89 2014, 083004 ; I. Tamborra, S. Ando, and K. Murase, JCAP 2014 2014, 043043; X. C. Chang, R. Y. Liu, and X.-Y. Wang, ApJ. 805 2015, 95.

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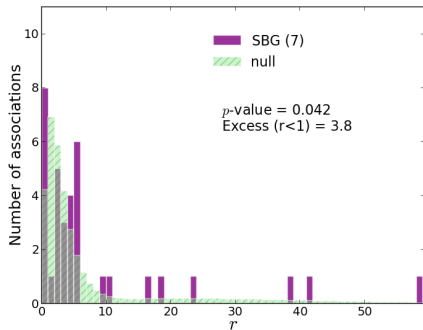
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SBG	TeVCat, 3FGL IRAS 100 μm	$L(100\mu\text{m}) \geq 250 \text{ Jy}$	7
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Name	RA	dec	D (Mpc)
NGC 253	00 27 34	-25 17 22	3.1
NGC 1068	02 42 43	-00 01 33	13.7
IC 342	03 46 49	+68 05 46	4.6
M 82	09 55 53	+69 40 46	3.6
NGC 4945	13 05 29	-49 26 03	3.9
M 83	13 37 01	-29 51 57	3.6
NGC 6946	20 34 52	+60 09 13	5.3

some excess of coincidences....



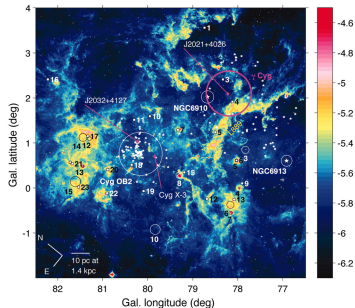
Superbubbles and star forming regions

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Very intense star formation activity

- Stellar winds and SN
- 85% of core-collapse SN
- 100s per starburst galaxy
 - some *in our galaxy* :
Cygnus Cocoon, D=2 kpc



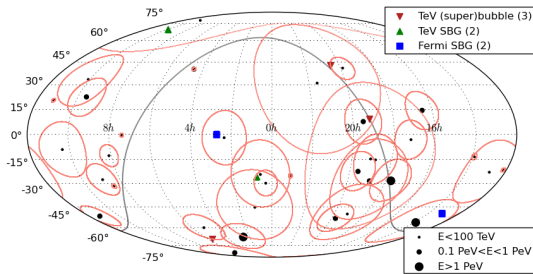
Cygnus Cocoon, Ackermann et al., Science 334,
2011, 11037

SBG + superbubbles + star forming regions

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gamma-ray-observed only



Name	RA	dec	D (Mpc)
NGC 253	00 27 34	-25 17 22	3.1
NGC 1068	02 42 43	-00 01 33	13.7
30 Dor C	05 35 55	-69 11 10	0.05
M 82	09 55 53	+69 40 46	3.6
NGC 4945	13 05 29	-49 26 03	3.9
W 49 A	19 10 27	+09 11 25	0.011
Cygnus Cocoon	20 28 41	+41 10 12	0.002

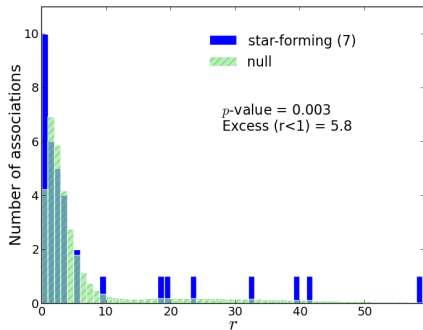
Indication of correlation?

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interesting excess!

0.3% probability of random occurrence



Are these plausible sources?

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Sanity checks:

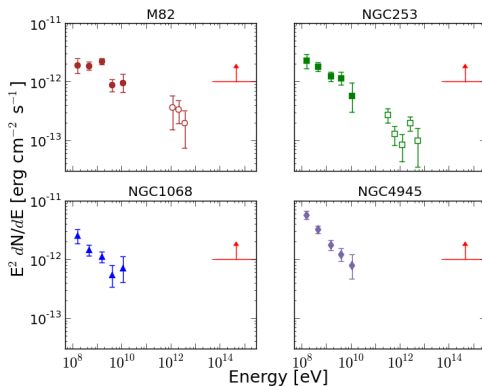
- 1 sufficient flux to produce one event ?
 - assume $\phi_\nu \sim \phi_\gamma$, examine gamma ray spectra
- 2 local vs diffuse
 - $N \sim 3 - 6$ coincidences consistent with cosmological flux expected?

Gamma ray spectra: SBG

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Comparison with required ν flux : M82, NGC253 disfavored

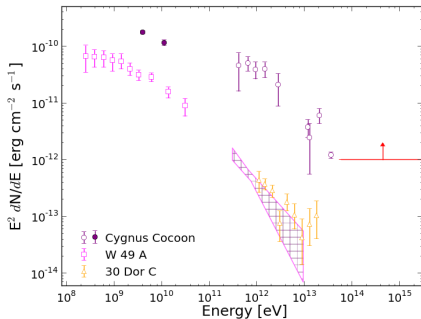


filled: Fermi-LAT ; open: HESS, VERITAS, ARGO-YBJ. *Note: intergalactic absorption subtracted!*

Gamma ray spectra: superbubbles, star forming regions

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- Cygnus cocoon a possibility

Beacom and Kistler, PRD 75 (2007) 083001 ; Gonzalez-Garcia, Halzen, and Mohapatra, Astropart.

Phys. 31 (2009) 437444 ; Fox, Kashiyama, and Meszaros, ApJ. 774 (2013) 74.

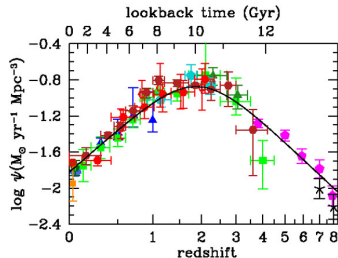
Local vs. cosmological

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- $\frac{N_{local}}{N_{tot}} \sim \frac{3}{35-17} \sim 0.15$
- only $\sim 1 - 2\%$ predicted from $D < 15$ Mpc !
 - enhancement of local star formation?

Ando, Beacom, and Yuksel, PRL95 (2005)
171101
 - selection effect?



Madau and Dickinson,

Ann.Rev.Astron.Astrophys. 52 (2014) 415-486

Conclusions : causation or randomness?

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- excess of coincidences with star formation at $D < 15$ Mpc
 - p-value=0.003 - 0.04
 - robust against variations of inputs
 - soon updated with 4th year data
- if confirmed, then... are local sources anomalously intense?
 - revisit mechanisms/energetics
 - revisit gamma ray absorption in situ
 - investigate selection mechanisms

Backup: derivation of null distribution

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$$dp/d\Omega = 1/(4\pi)$$

$$dp(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} \sin \theta d\theta . \quad (1)$$

$$q(\theta) = \frac{1}{2} (1 + \cos \theta) . \quad (2)$$

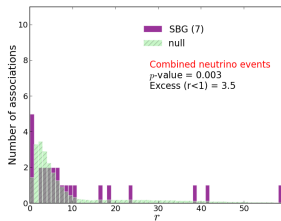
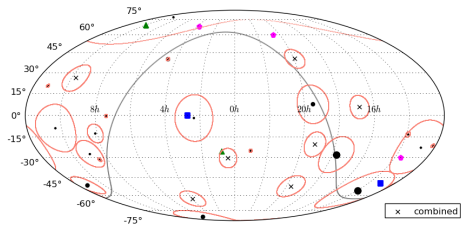
$$dP(\theta) = \frac{M}{2^M} \sin \theta (1 + \cos \theta)^{M-1} d\theta , \quad (3)$$

$$r = \theta/\sigma$$

Backup: SBG and combined neutrinos

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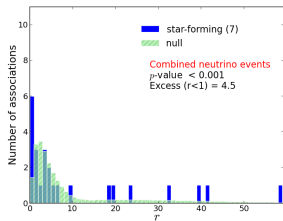
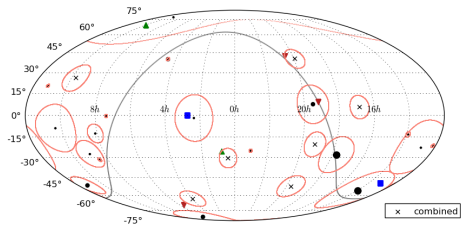
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Backup: star form. and combined neutrinos

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Backup: full summary table

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Candidate	Catalog(s)	Selection Criteria	Cand. number	count ($r \leq 1$)	Excess	p -value ($r \leq 1$)
Blazar	3FGL	$F_{10-100\text{GeV}} > 10^{-9} \text{ ph. cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$	11	5 [1]	-1.0 [-1.2]	0.764 [0.938]
Seyfert	3FGL	Seyfert I & II	6	6 [2]	2.2 [0.7]	0.165 [0.368]
Starburst	TeVCat, 3FGL	starburst	4	6 [4]	3.3 [3.1]	0.046 [0.001]
Starburst	TeVCat, 3FGL IRAS 100 μm	$L(100\mu\text{m}) \geq 250 \text{ Jy}$	7	8 [5]	3.8 [3.5]	0.042 [0.003]
Starburst	TeVCat, 3FGL IRAS 100 μm	same as above, randomize with $ b > 10^\circ$	7	8 [5]	3.9 [3.6]	0.034 [0.002]
Star form.	TeVCat, 3FGL	starburst, superbubble, star form. region	7	10 [6]	5.8 [4.5]	0.003 [<0.001]

Backup: full candidates list

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Name	RA (J2000)	dec (J2000)	Class	D_L [Mpc]	ν ID
NGC 253	00 27 34	-25 17 22	sbg	3.1	7, 10, 21
NGC 1068	02 42 43	-00 01 33	sbg	13.7	1
[IC 342]	03 46 49	+68 05 46	sbg	4.6	31
30 Dor C	05 35 55	-69 11 10	superbbl	0.05	19
M 82	09 55 53	+69 40 46	sbg	3.6	31
NGC 4945	13 05 29	-49 26 03	sbg	3.9	35
[M 83]	13 37 01	-29 51 57	sbg	3.6	16
W 49 A	19 10 27	+09 11 25	sfr	0.011	25, 33, 34
Cygnus C.	20 28 41	+41 10 12	superbbl	0.002	29, 34
[NGC 6946]	20 34 52	+60 09 13	sbg	5.3	34