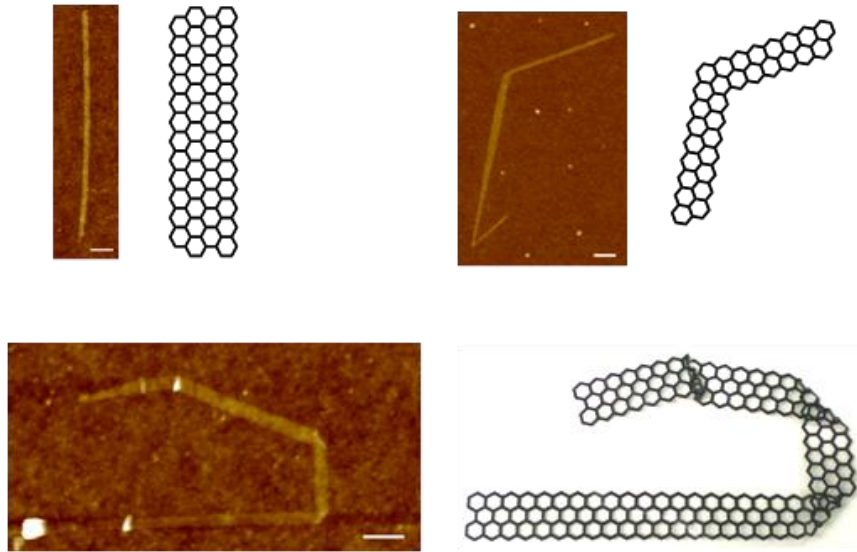


Graphene Nanoribbons



Xiaolin Li, et al., *Science*, 2008.

Unzipping of Nanotubes

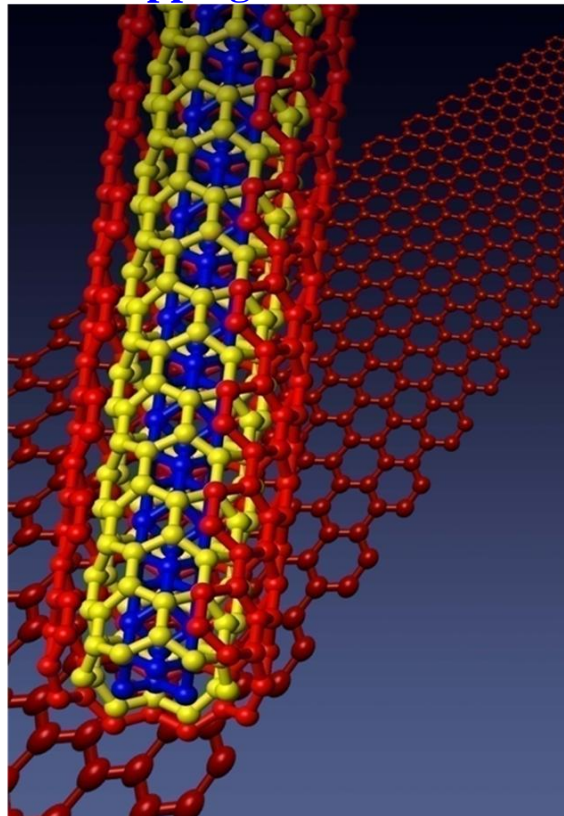
Unzipping
Nanotubes



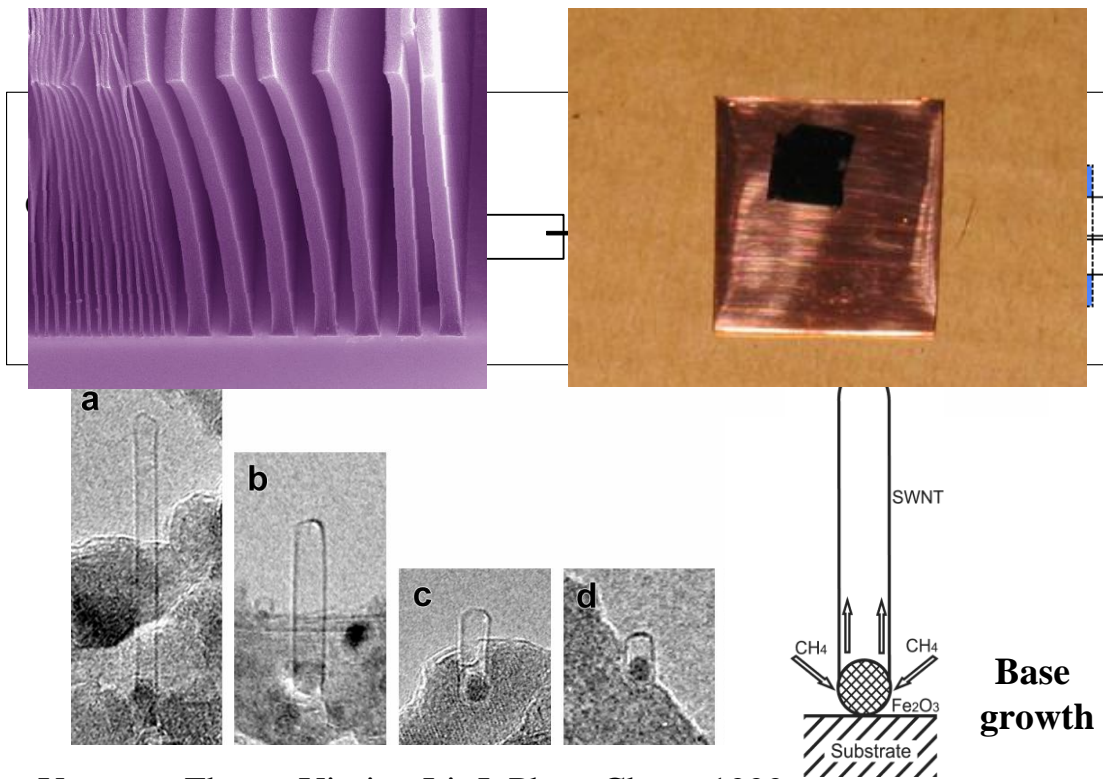
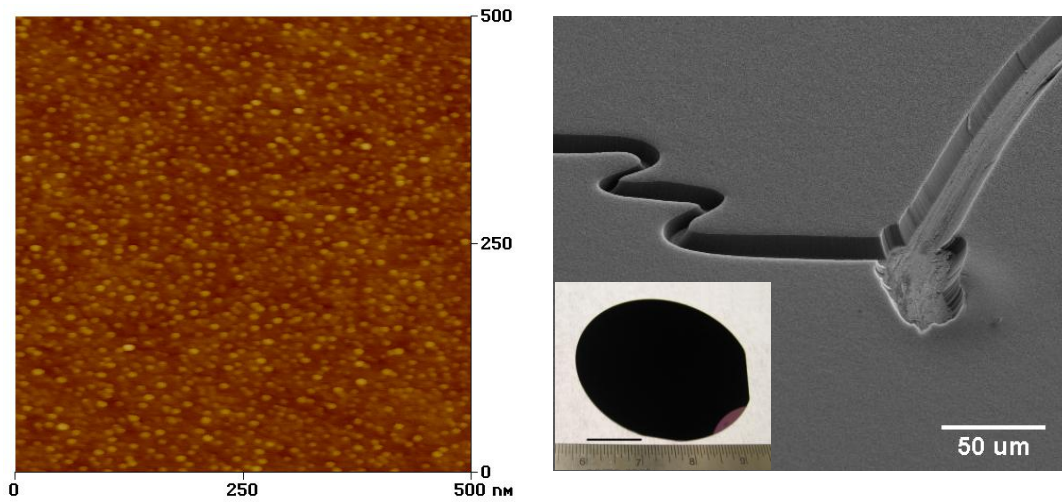
Graphene
Nanoribbons

(L. Jiao, et. al., *Nature*,
2009;

J. Tour group, *Nature*,
2009)

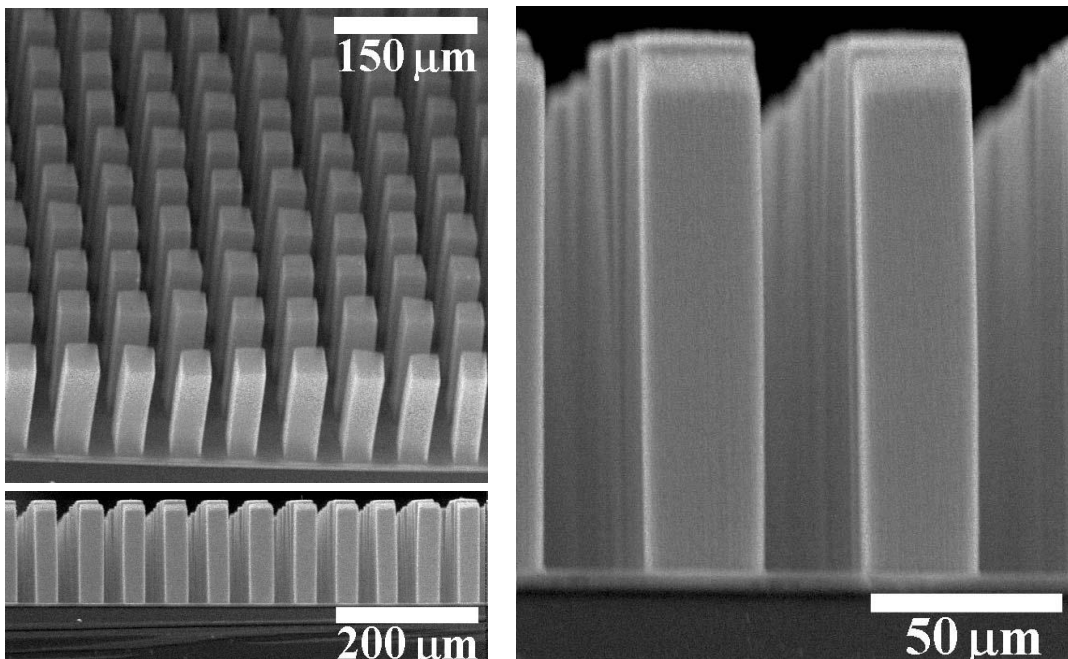


Self-Oriented Vertical Single-Walled NTs



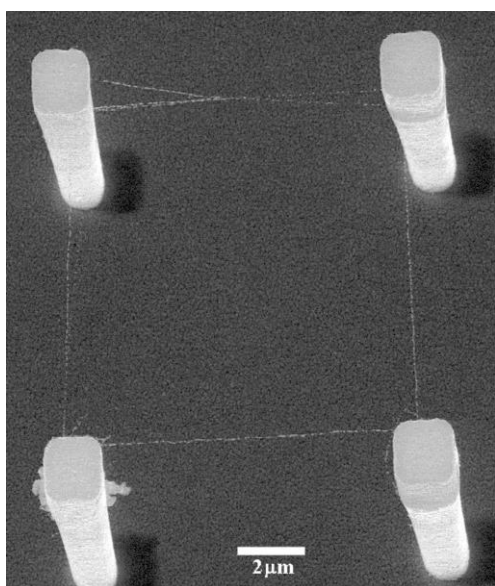
Yuegang Zhang, Yiming Li, J. Phys. Chem, 1999;

Self-Oriented Vertical Multi-Walled NTs

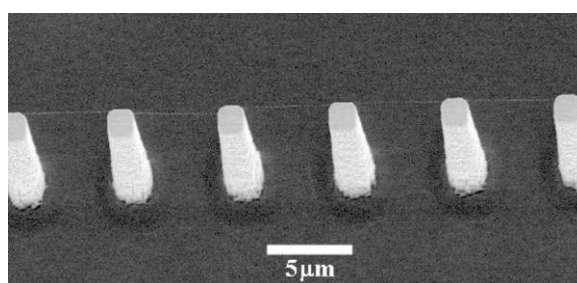


Shoushan Fan, Nathan Franklin, et. al., *Science*, 1999.

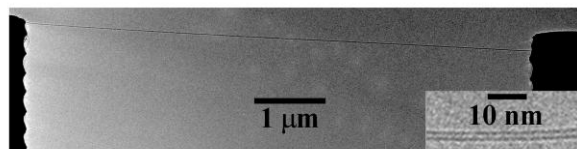
Suspended Nanotubes



Nanotube square



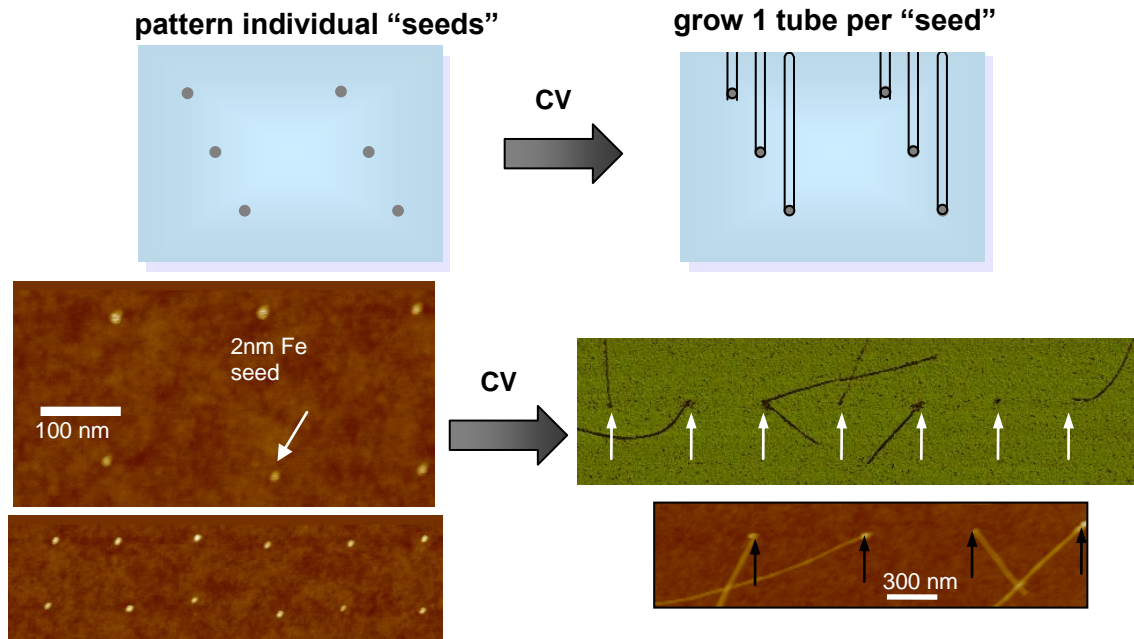
Nanotube powerline



TEM: Single-Walled

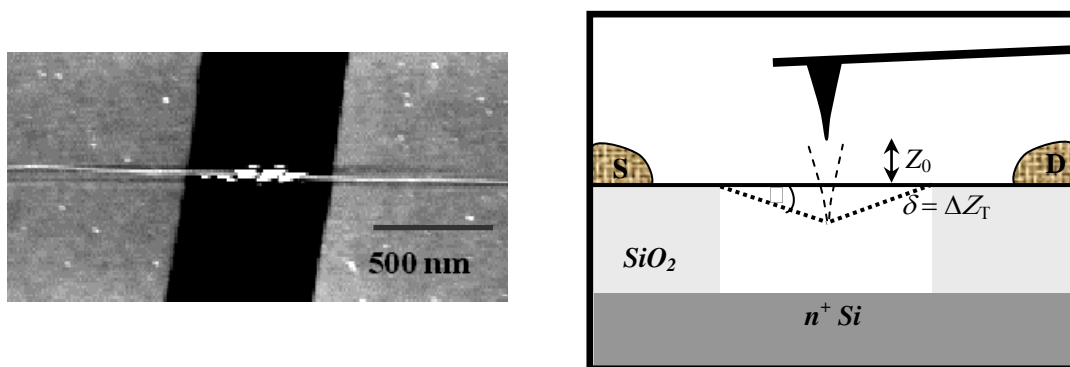
Alan Cassell, Nathan Franklin, *JACS, Adv. Mat.*, 1999-2000

SWNTs Synthesis From Individual Nanoparticles



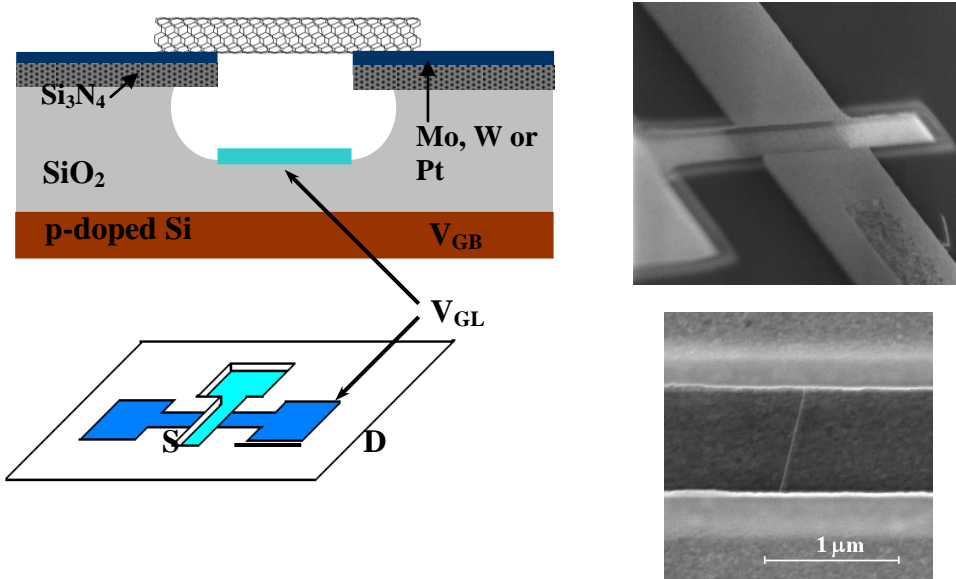
Ali Javey, *JACS*, 2005

Electromechanical Properties of Suspended Nanotubes



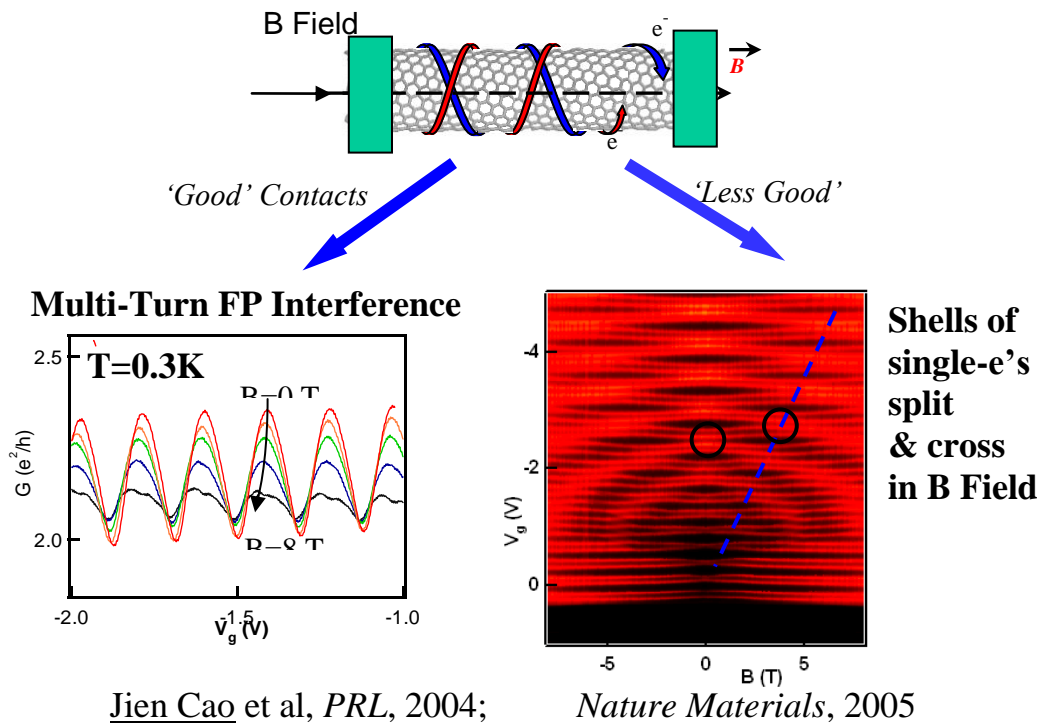
Thomas Tombler, Chongwu Zhou, et al., *Nature*, 2000;
Jien Cao, et al., *PRL*, 2004.

Suspended Nanotubes: Very High Quality & Unperturbed

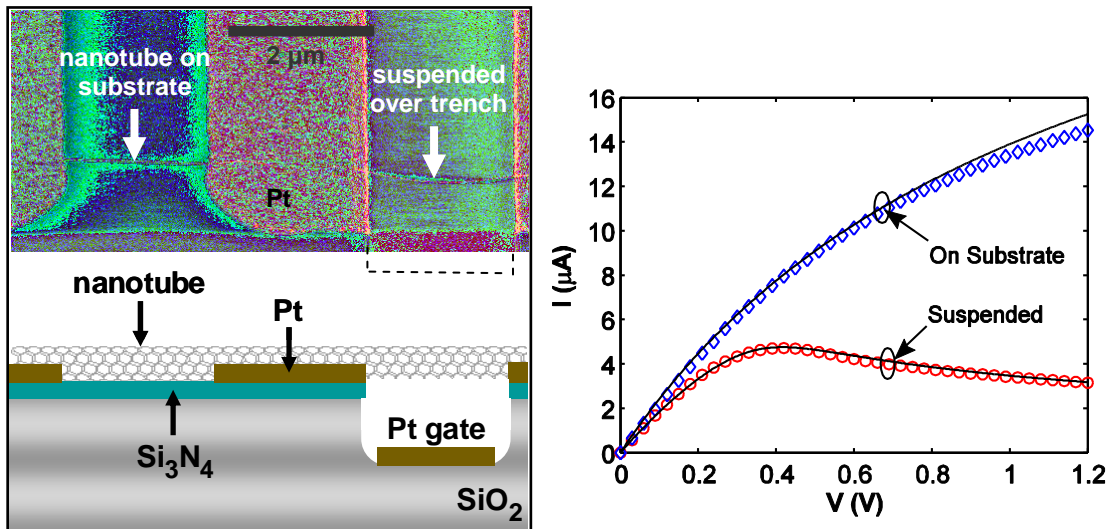


As-grown between Pt across trenches
Exhibit 'clean' quantum transport signatures.

Quantum Transport (Aharonov Bohm Effect)

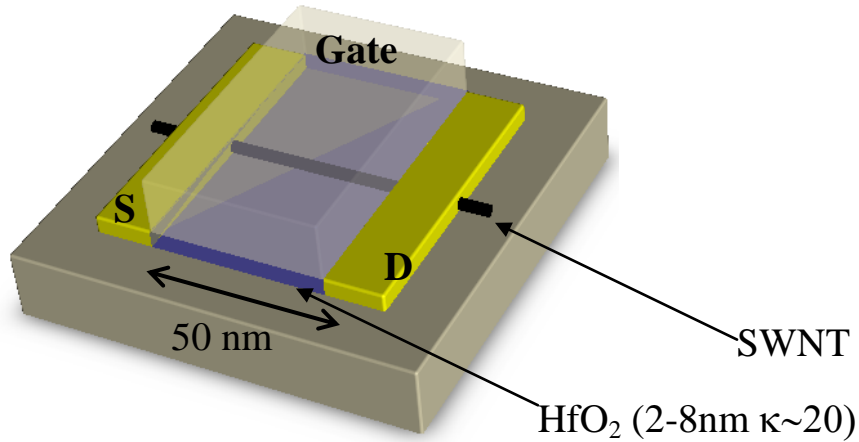


Non-Equilibrium Hot Phonons in Suspended Tubes



Negative differential conductance (NDC) & hot phonons
 Eric Pop, David Mann et al., *PRL*, 2005

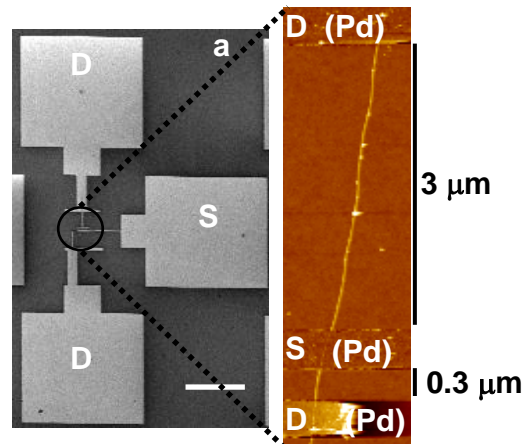
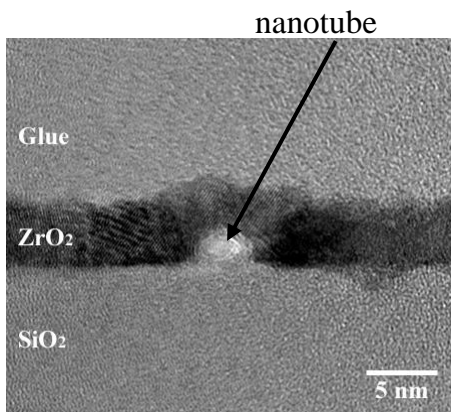
Pushing the Limit of Nanotubes Field Effect Transistors (FETs)



CNTs are advanced electronic materials owing to:

- Strong bonding (*high current carrying; High phonon energy*)
- Stable and inert surfaces

High-κ Dielectrics, Ohmic Contacts and Channel Scaling



Ali Javey

Jing Guo, Mark Lundstrom,

Paul McIntyre,

Damon Farmer, Roy Gordon

Nature Materials, 2002; *Nature* 2003; *Nano Lett.*, 2004;