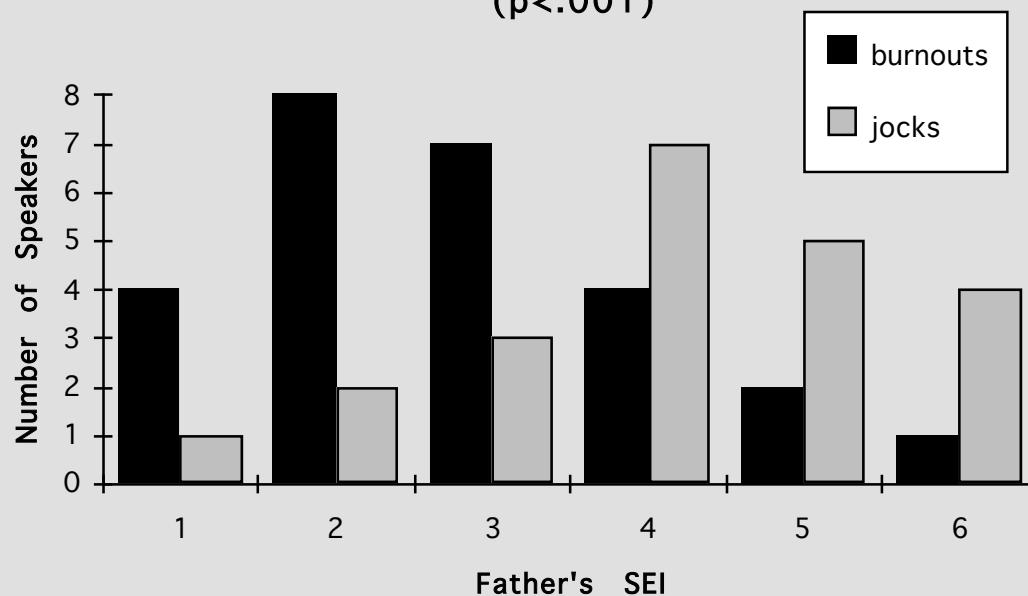
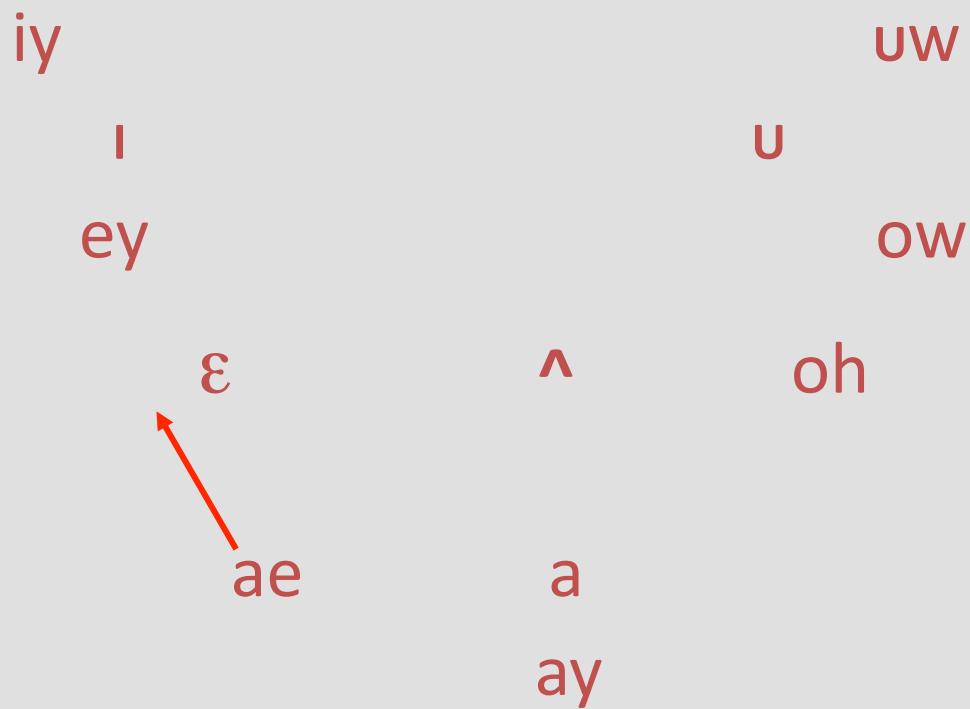


J/B Class

Category Affiliation and Father's SEI
($p < .001$)

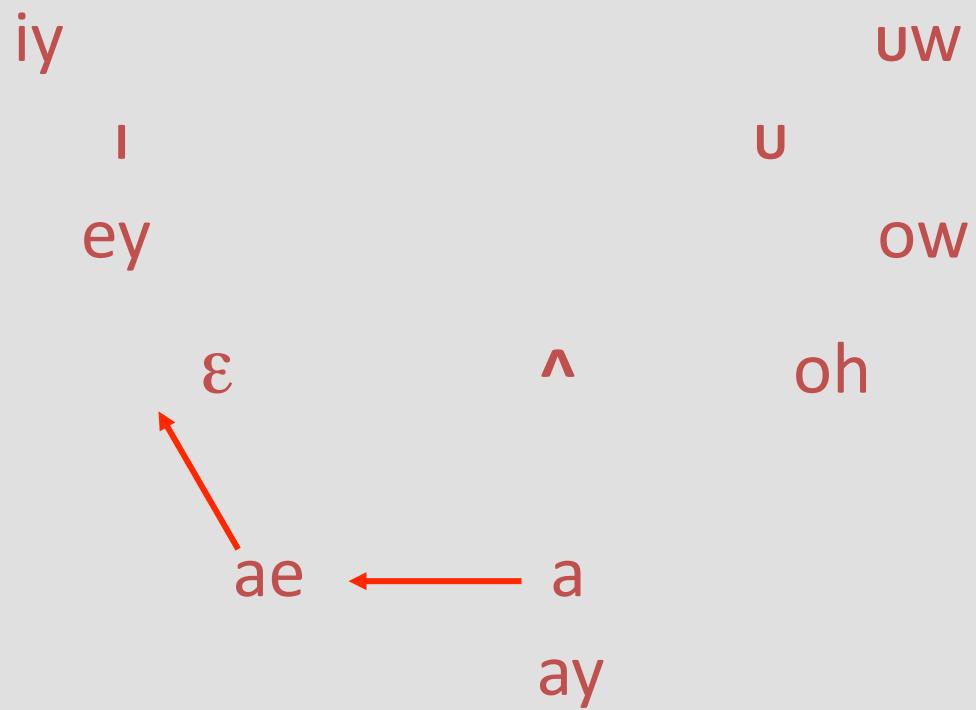


Northern Cities Shift (e)



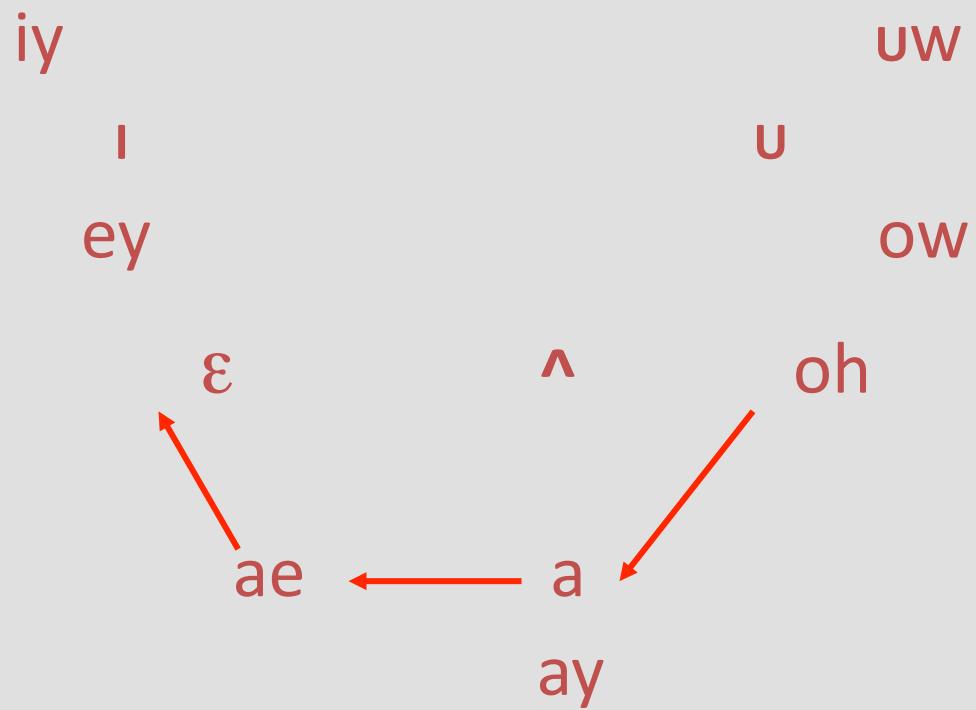
laughs at it

Northern Cities Shift (e)



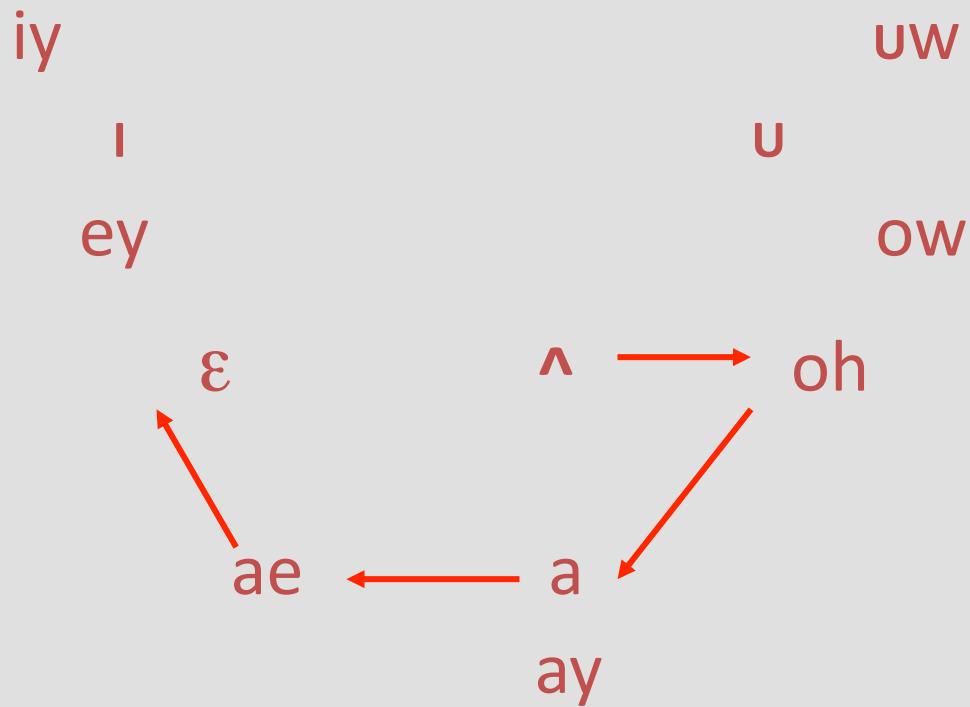
on

Northern Cities Shift (e)



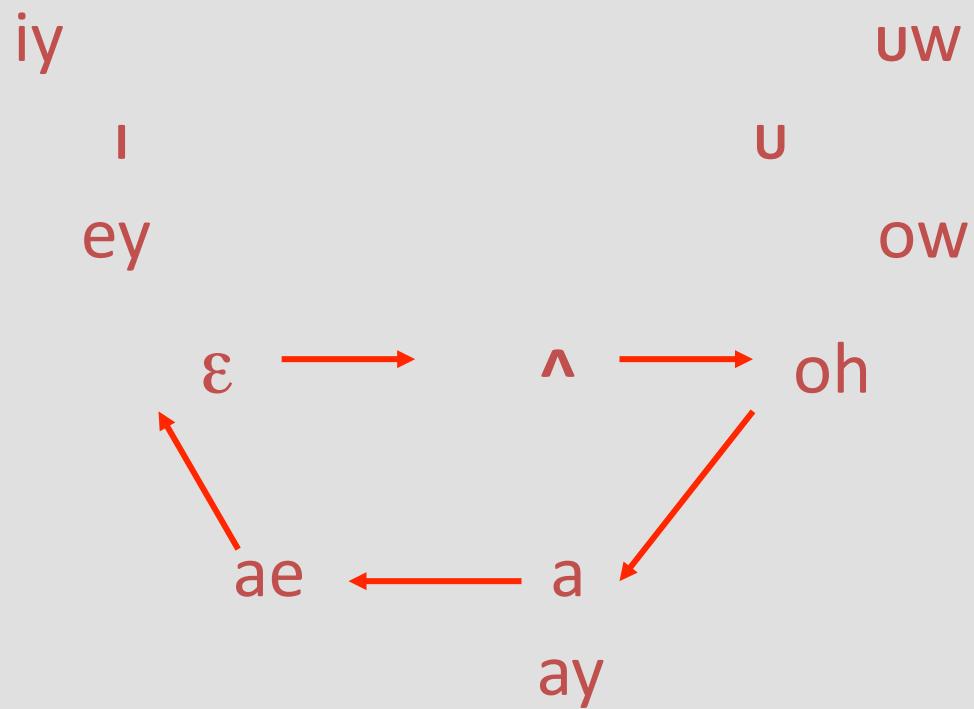
all

Northern Cities Shift (e)



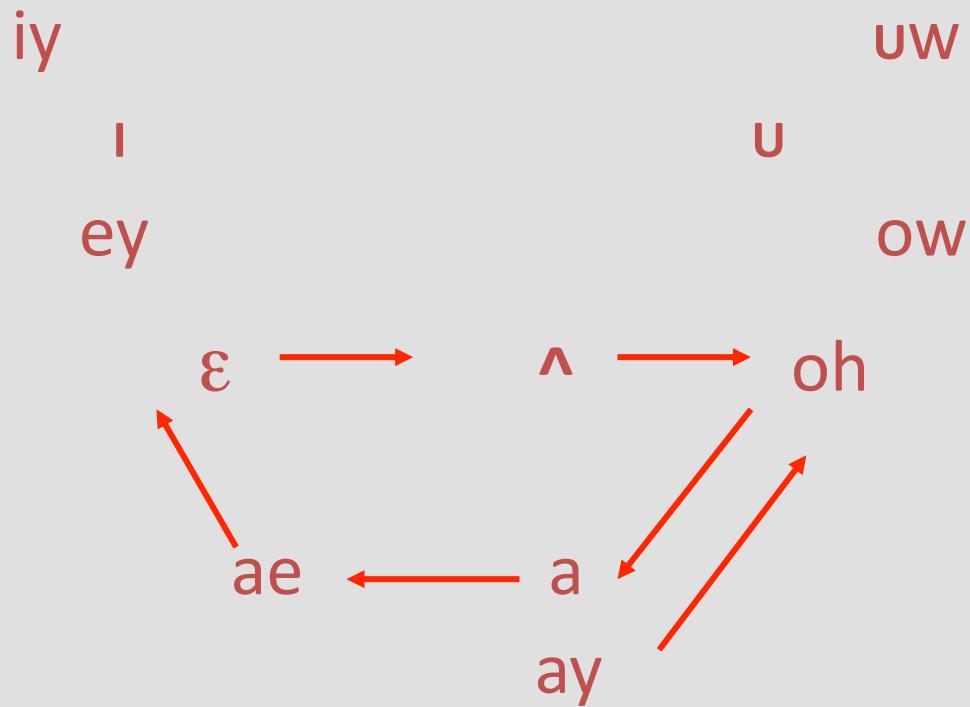
lunch

Northern Cities Shift (e)



Zeppelin

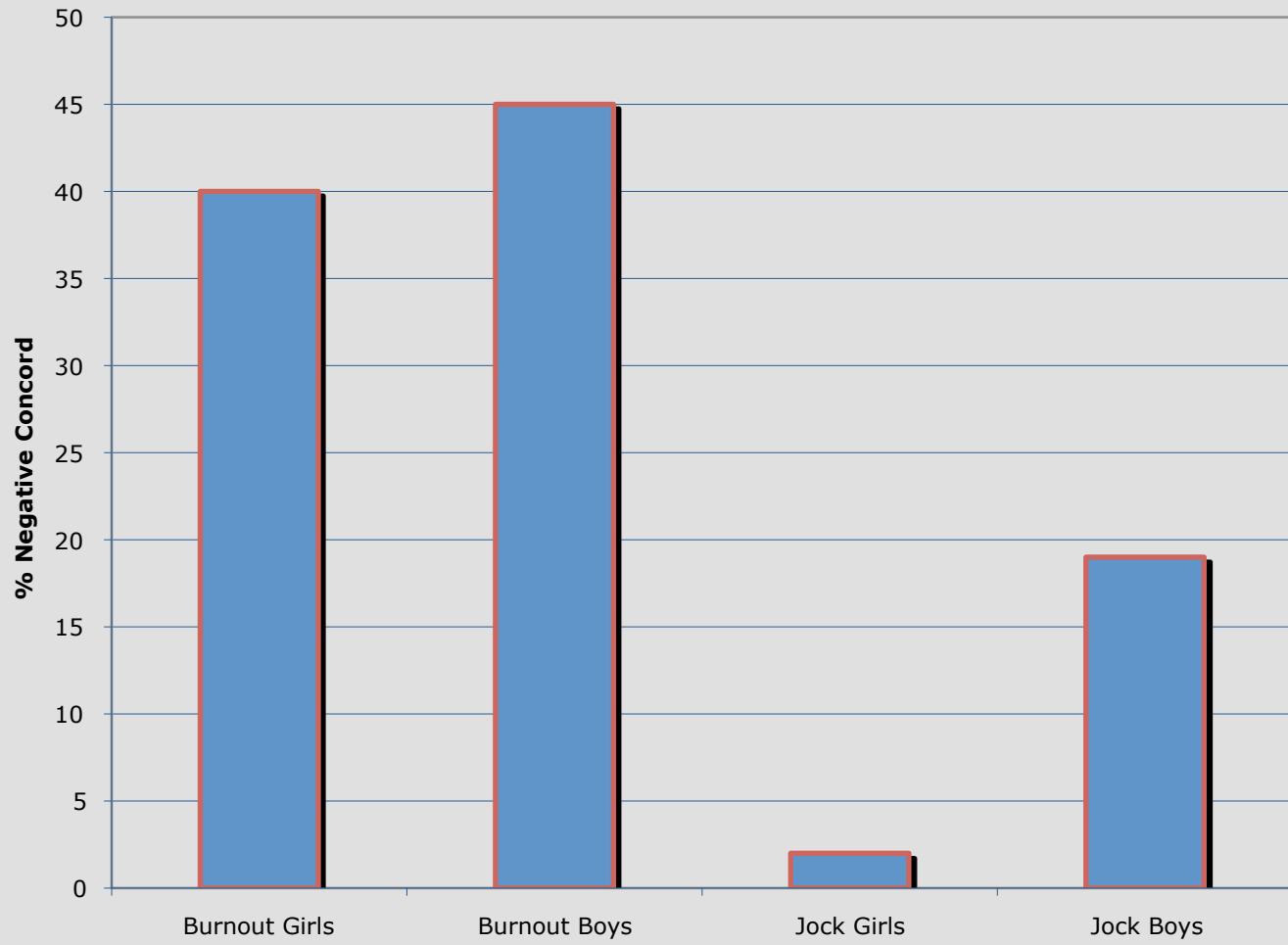
Northern Cities Shift (e)



typing

ECKERT, PENELOPE. 2000. Linguistic variation as social practice.
Oxford: Blackwell.

Negative Concord

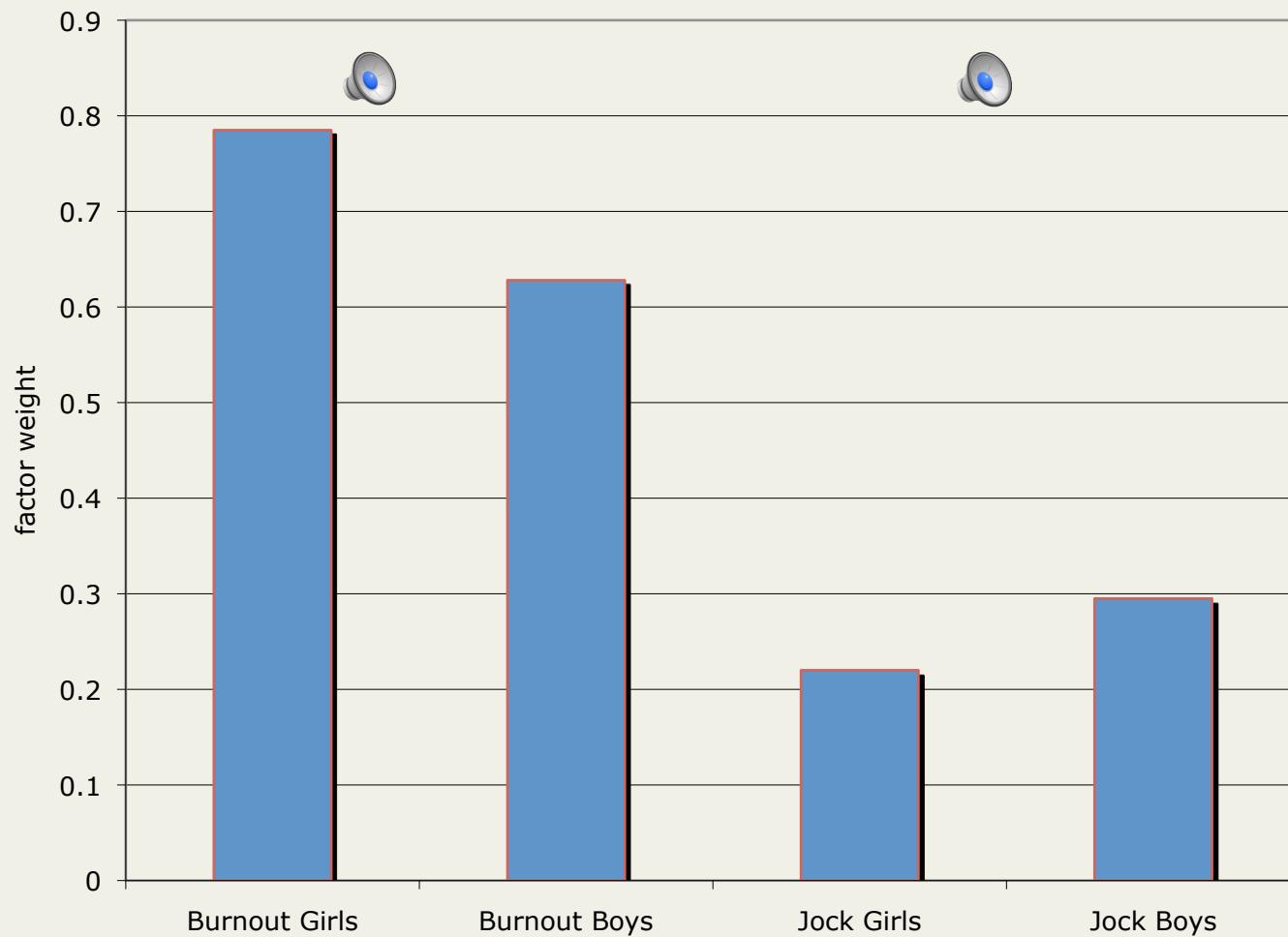


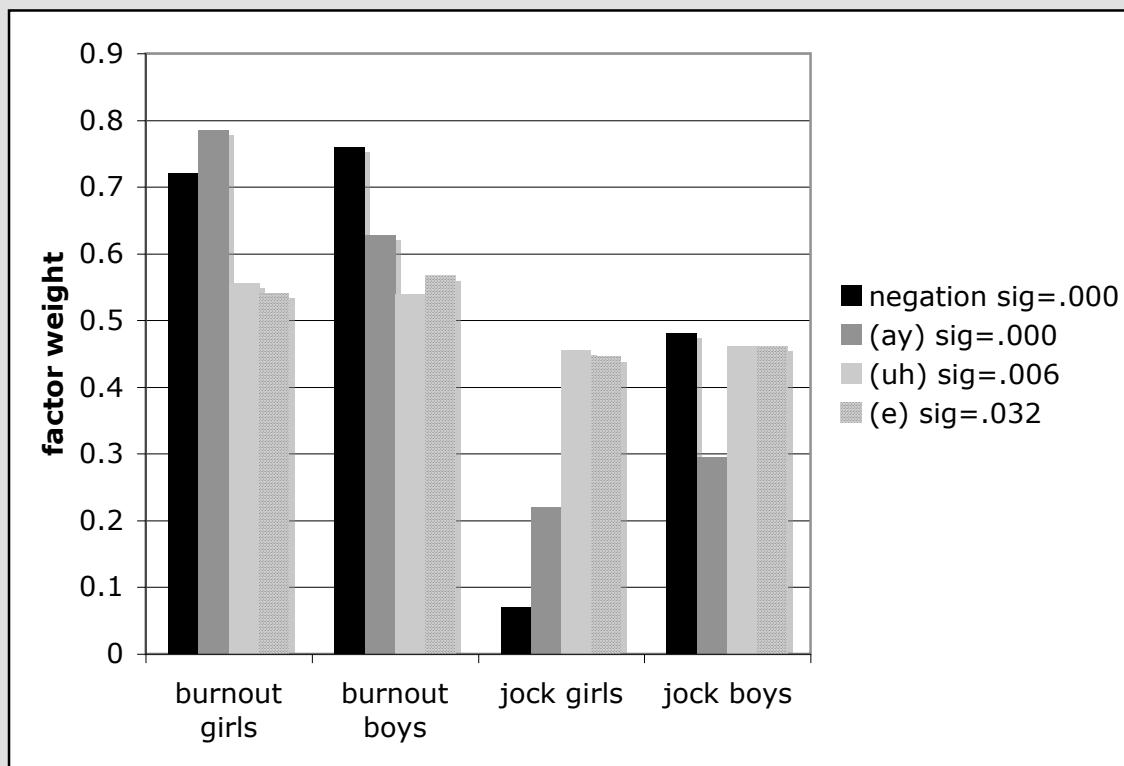
ECKERT, PENELOPE. 2000. Linguistic variation as social practice. Oxford: Blackwell.

/ay/
raising

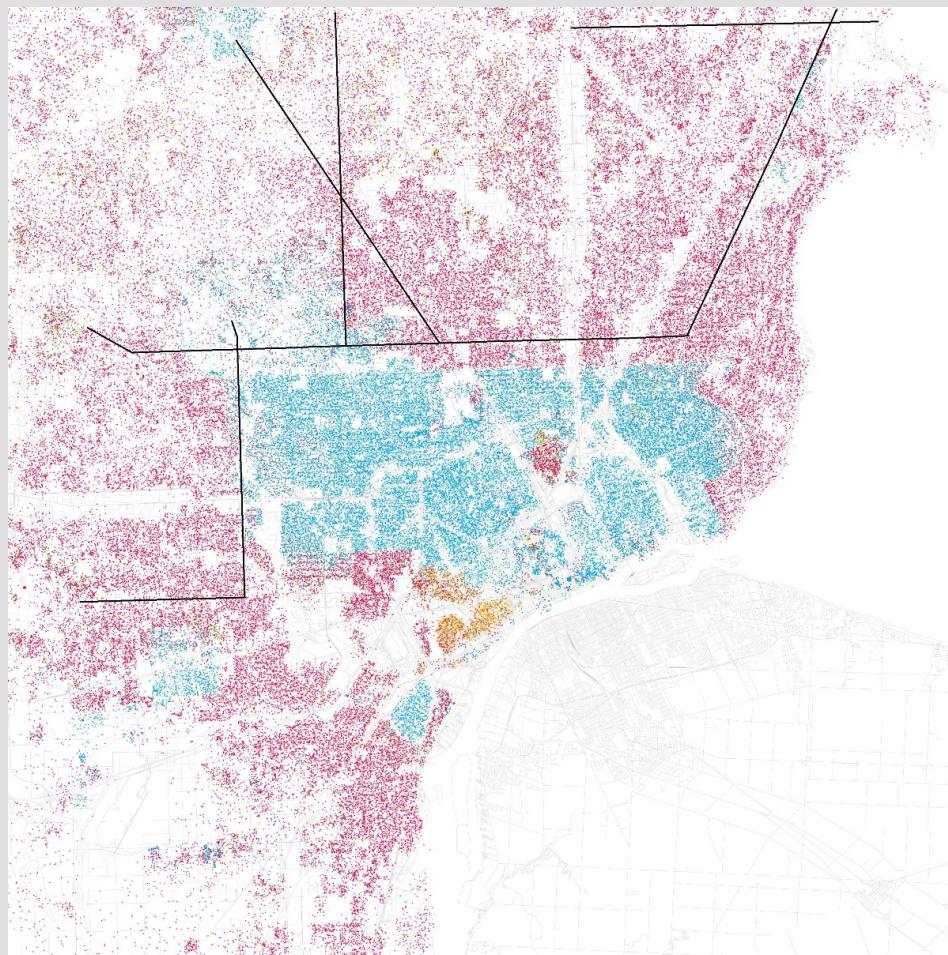


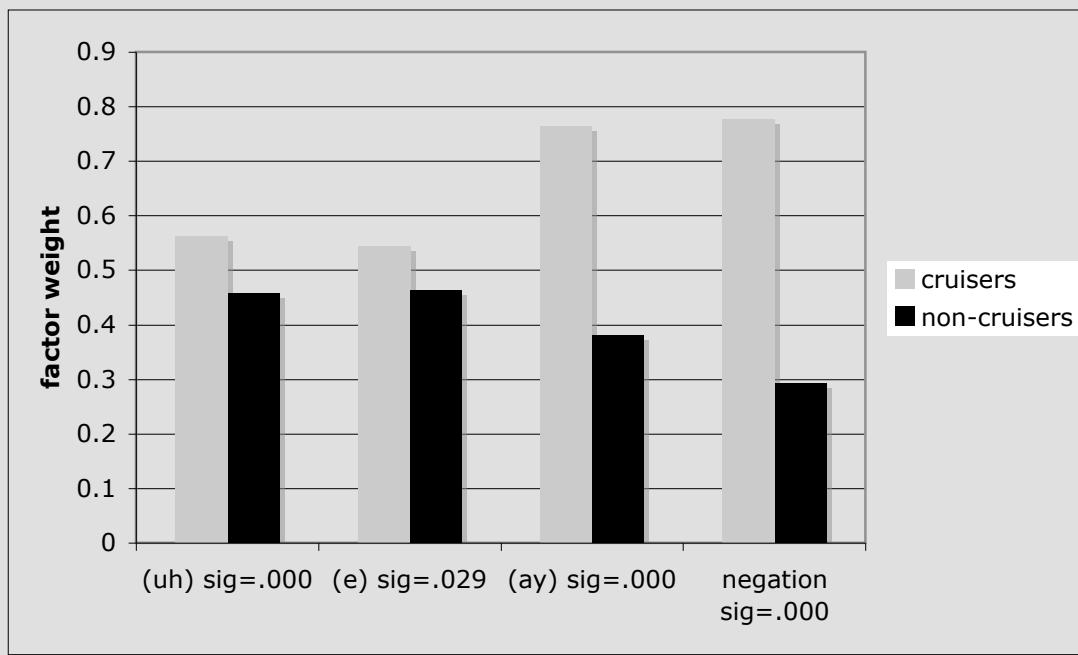
(ay) sig=.000



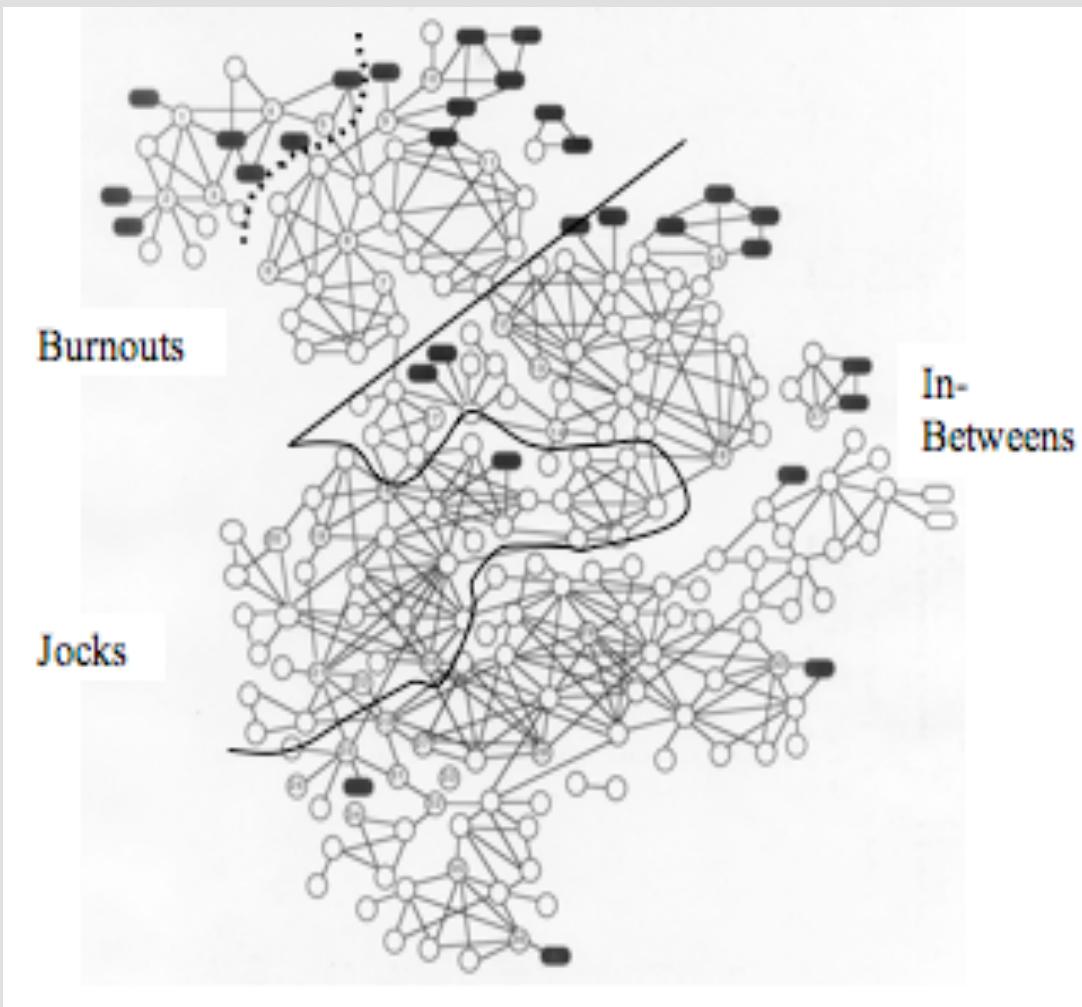


Cruising and the Detroit Racial Divide

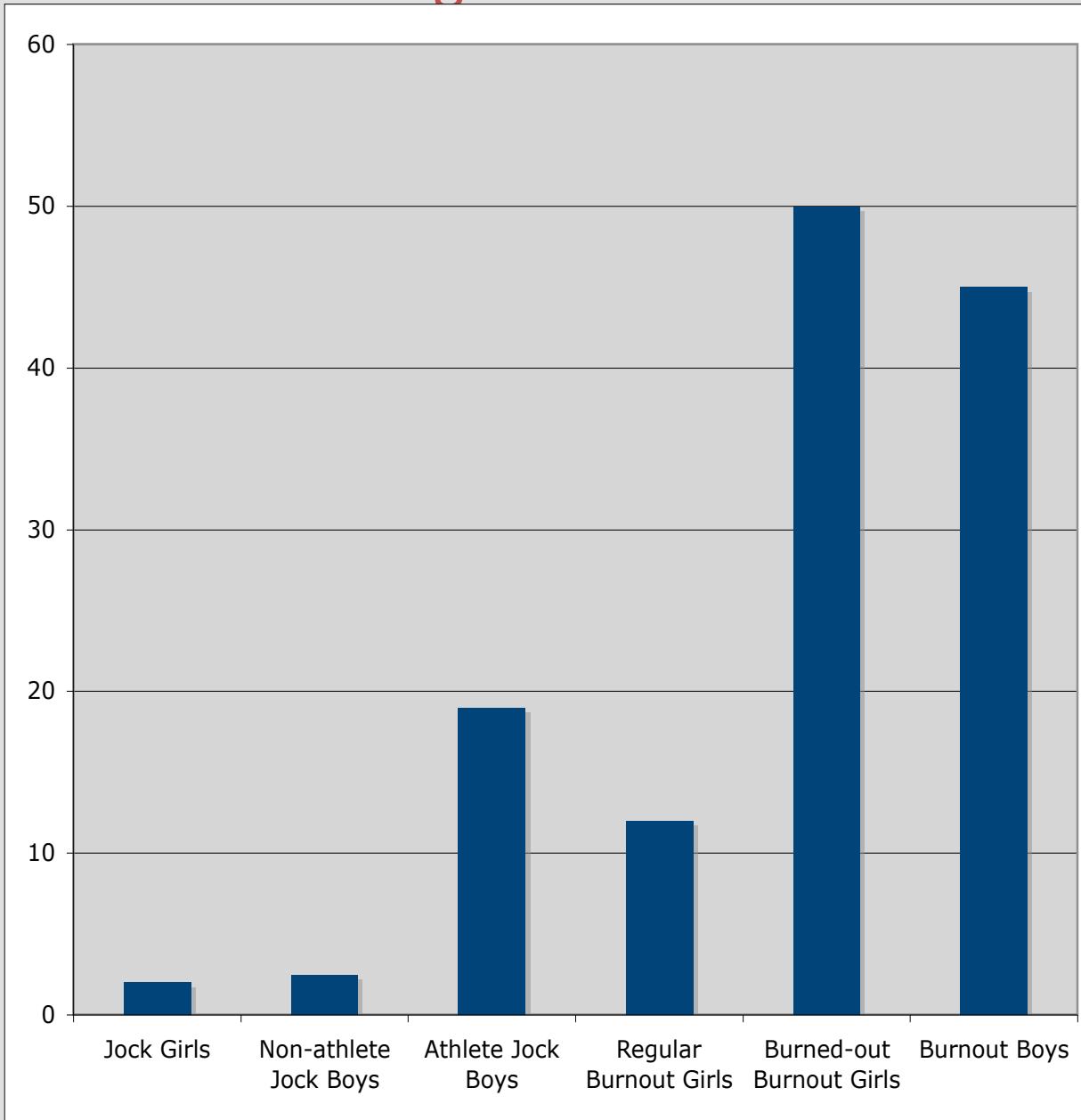


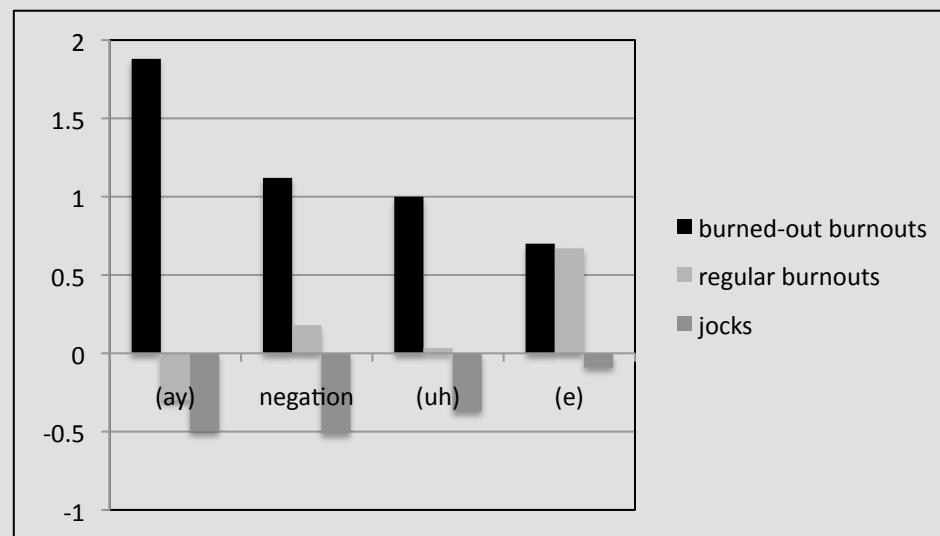


Girls' Network



% Negative Concord





AAVE (African American Vernacular English)

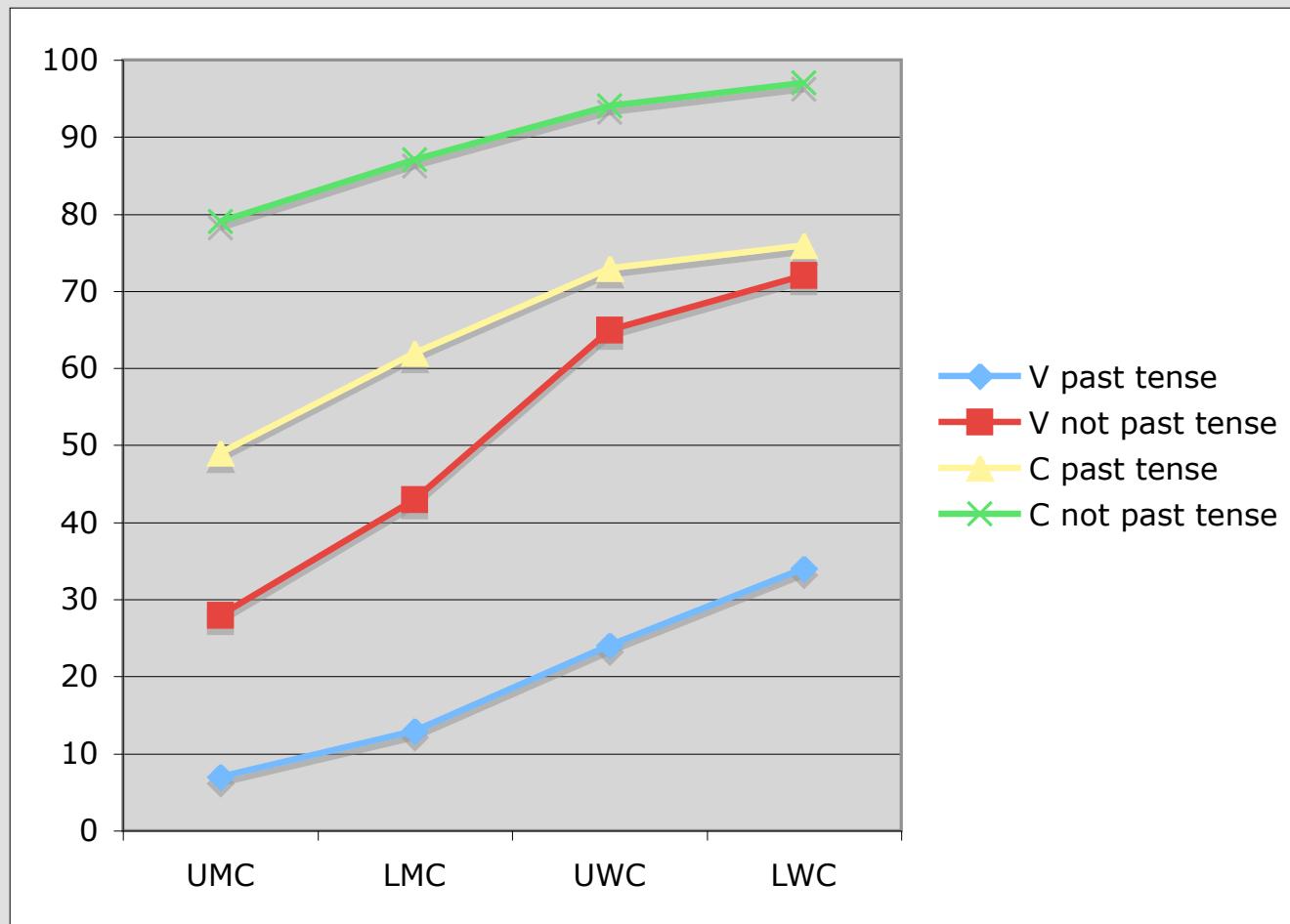
Where did it come from?

Two Hypotheses:

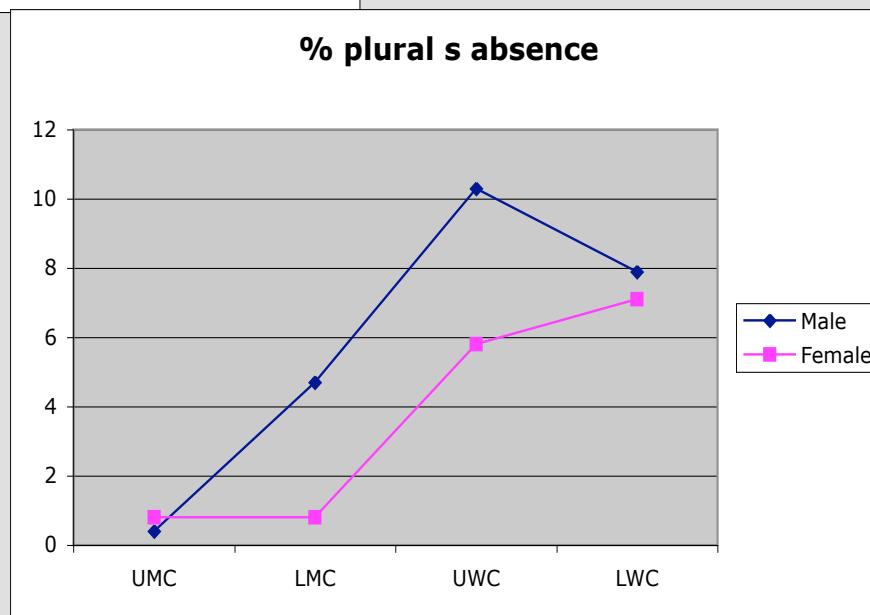
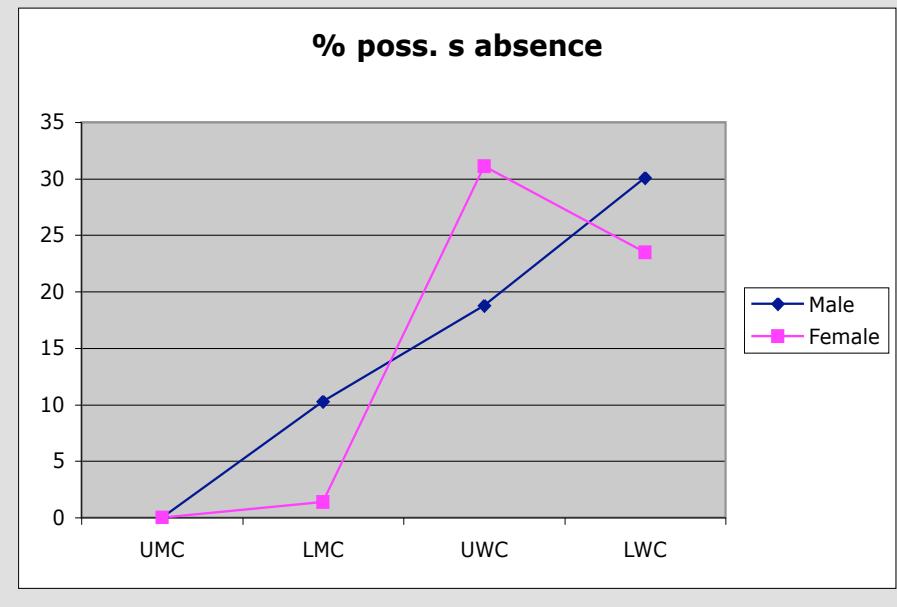
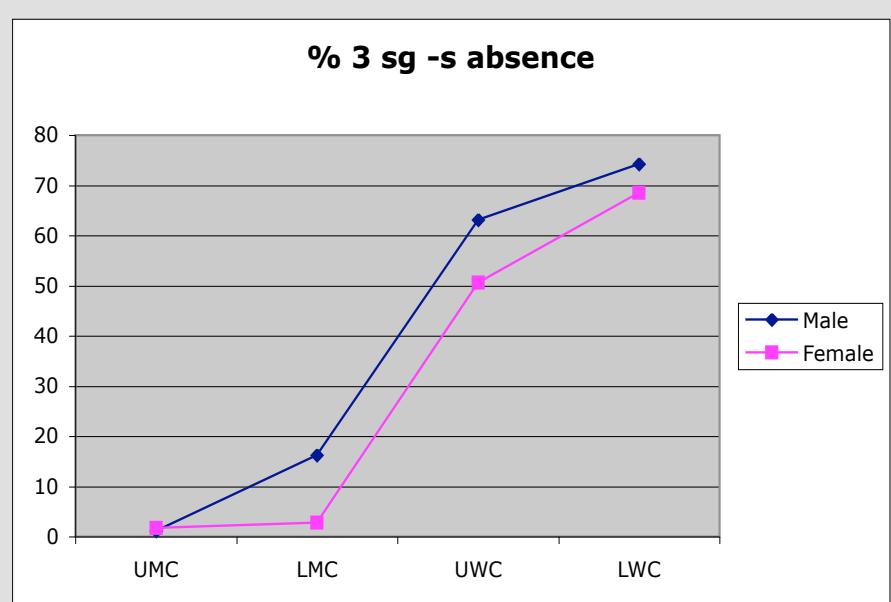
“Creolist” (e.g. John Rickford)

“Dialectologist” (e.g. Shana Poplack)

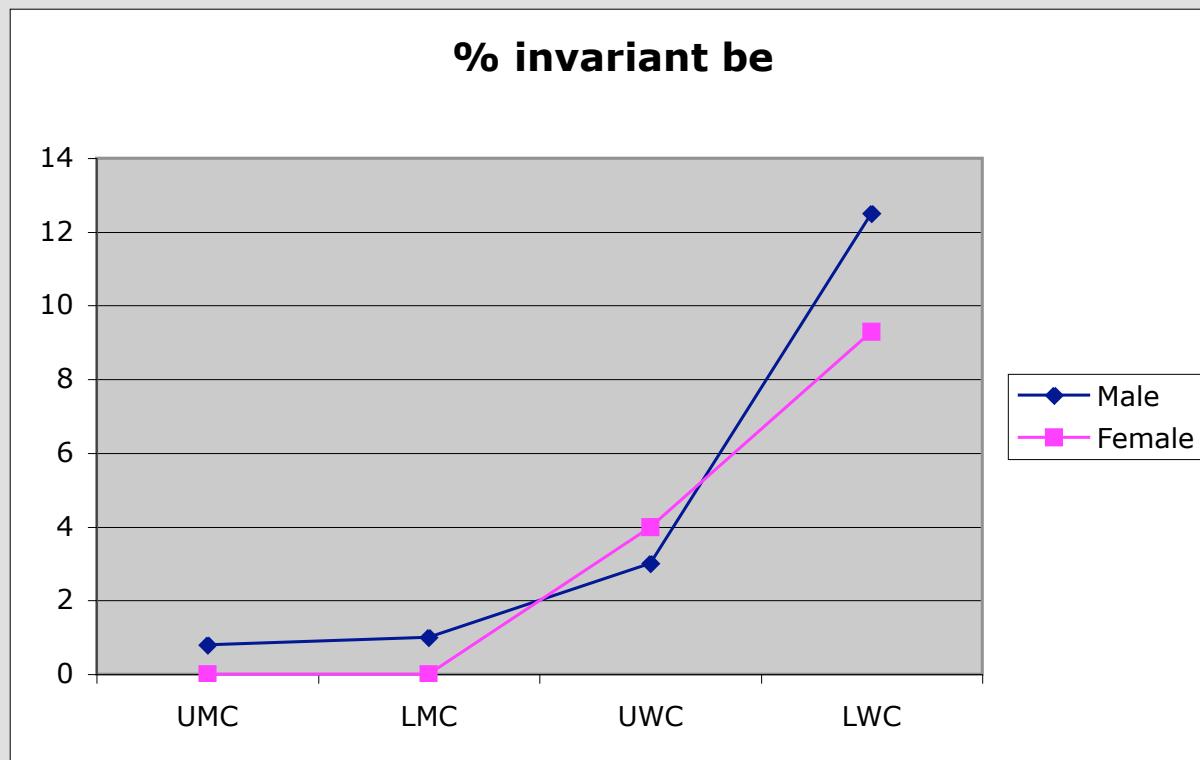
Features of AAVE: t/d deletion



Features of AAVE: s absence

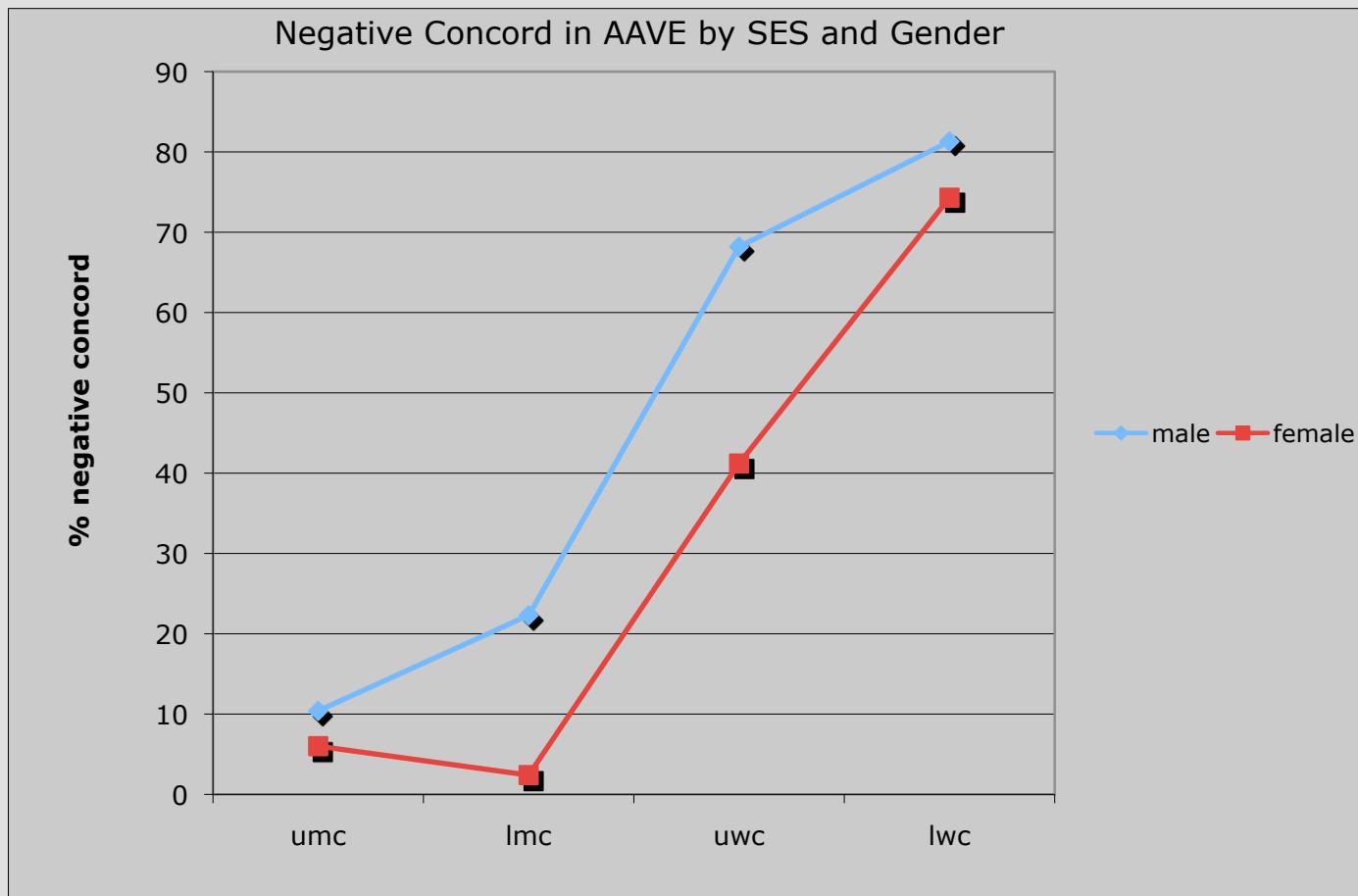


Features of AAVE: invariant BE

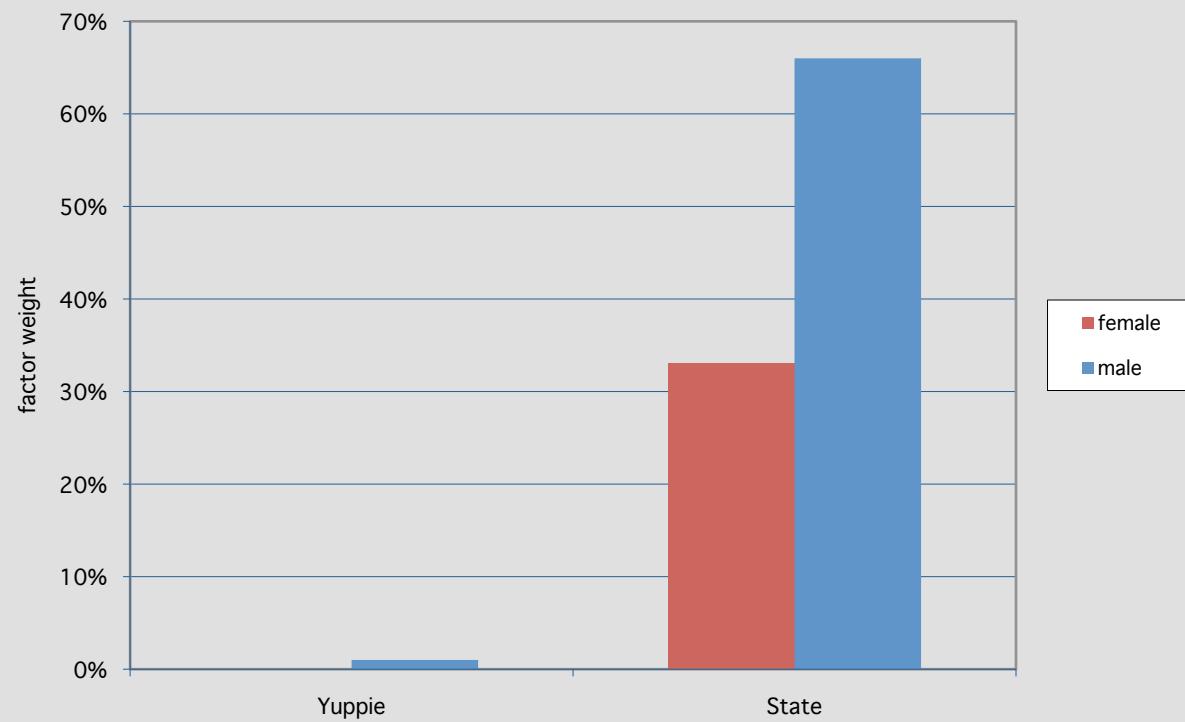


WOLFRAM, WALT. 1969. A sociolinguistic description of Detroit Negro speech. Washington DC: Center for Applied Linguistics.

It ain't no cat can't get in no coop.

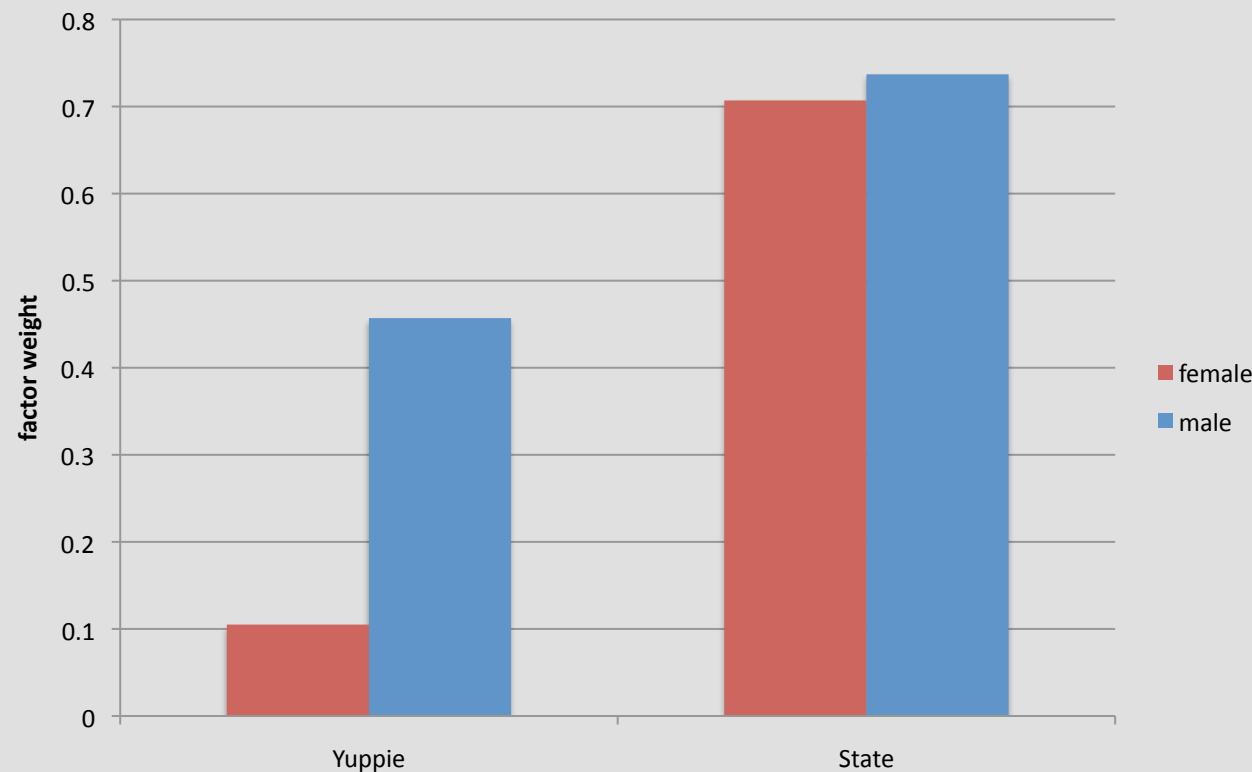


Zhang, Qing. (2005) A Chinese yuppie in Beijing: Phonological variation and the construction of a new professional identity. *Language in society*. 34(3). 431-66.



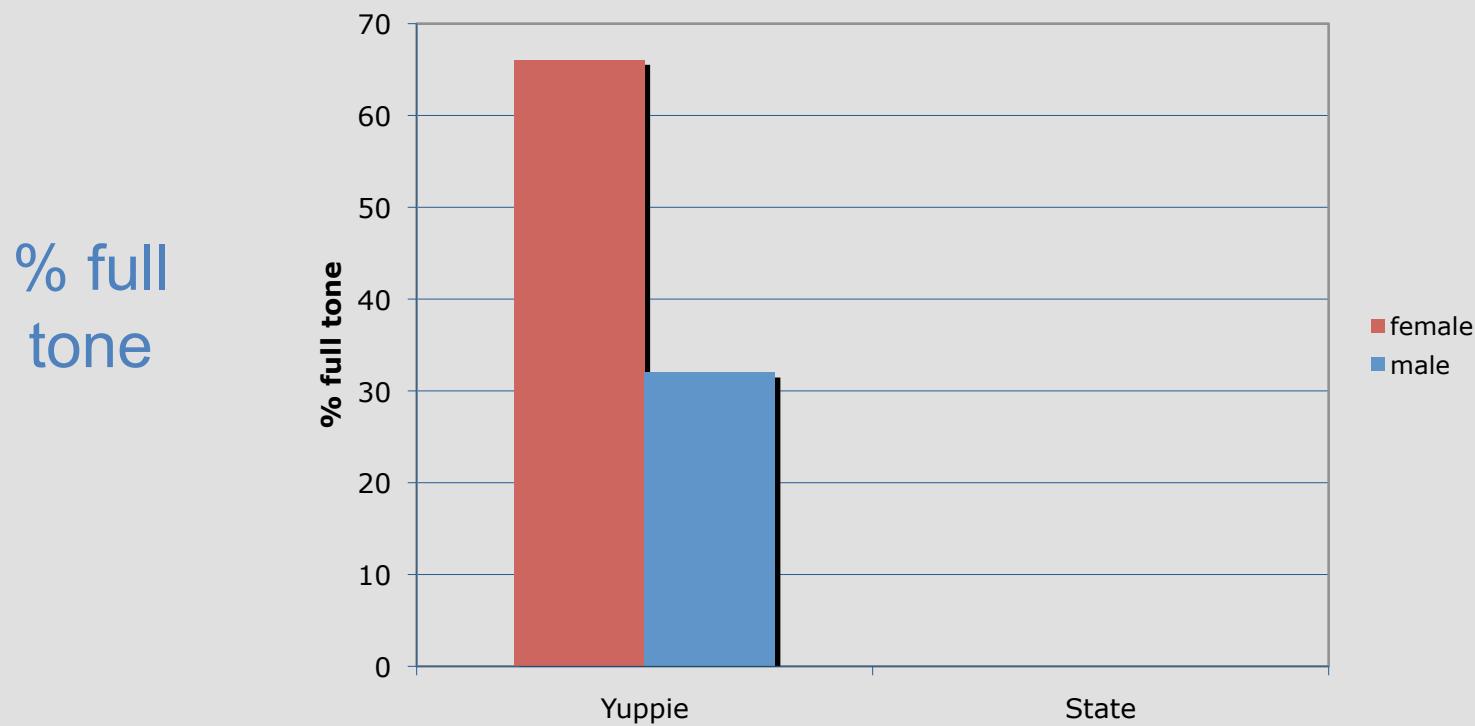
Interdental /z/

Zhang, Qing. (2008) Rhotacization and the ‘Beijing Smooth Operator’: The social meaning of a linguistic variable. *Journal of sociolinguistics*. 12(2). 201-22.



Rhotacization of finals

Zhang, Qing. (2005) A Chinese yuppie in Beijing: Phonological variation and the construction of a new professional identity. *Language in society*. 34(3). 431-66.



Beijing Manager Styles

