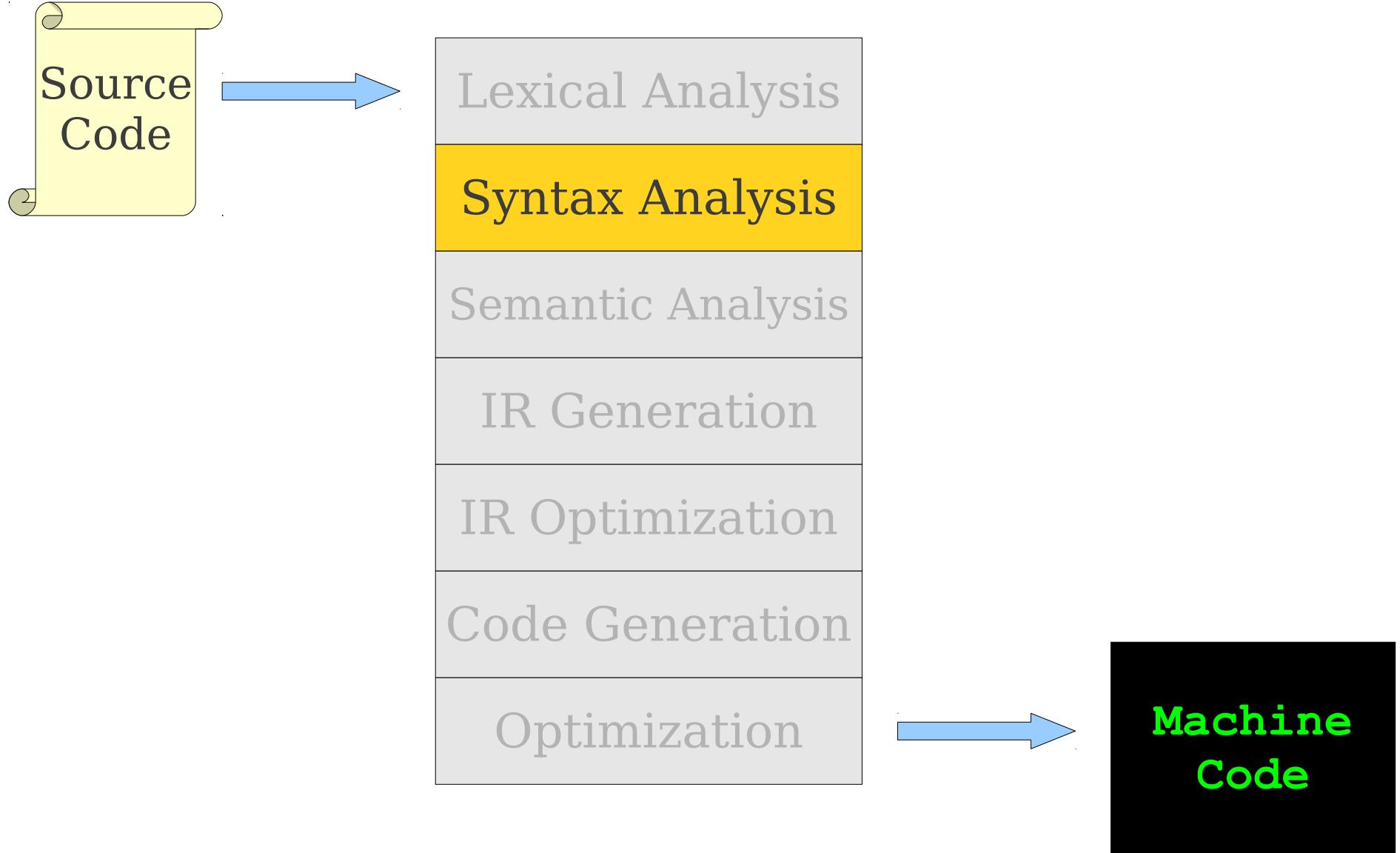


Top-Down Parsing

Announcements

- Office hours schedule posted on Piazza.
 - Keith:
 - Monday/Tuesday, 2PM – 4PM in Gates 178.
 - Jinchao:
 - Wednesday/Thursday, 6PM – 8PM in Gates B26.
- Feel free to email us with questions!
- Sign up for Piazza (www.piazza.com).

Where We Are



Review from Last Time

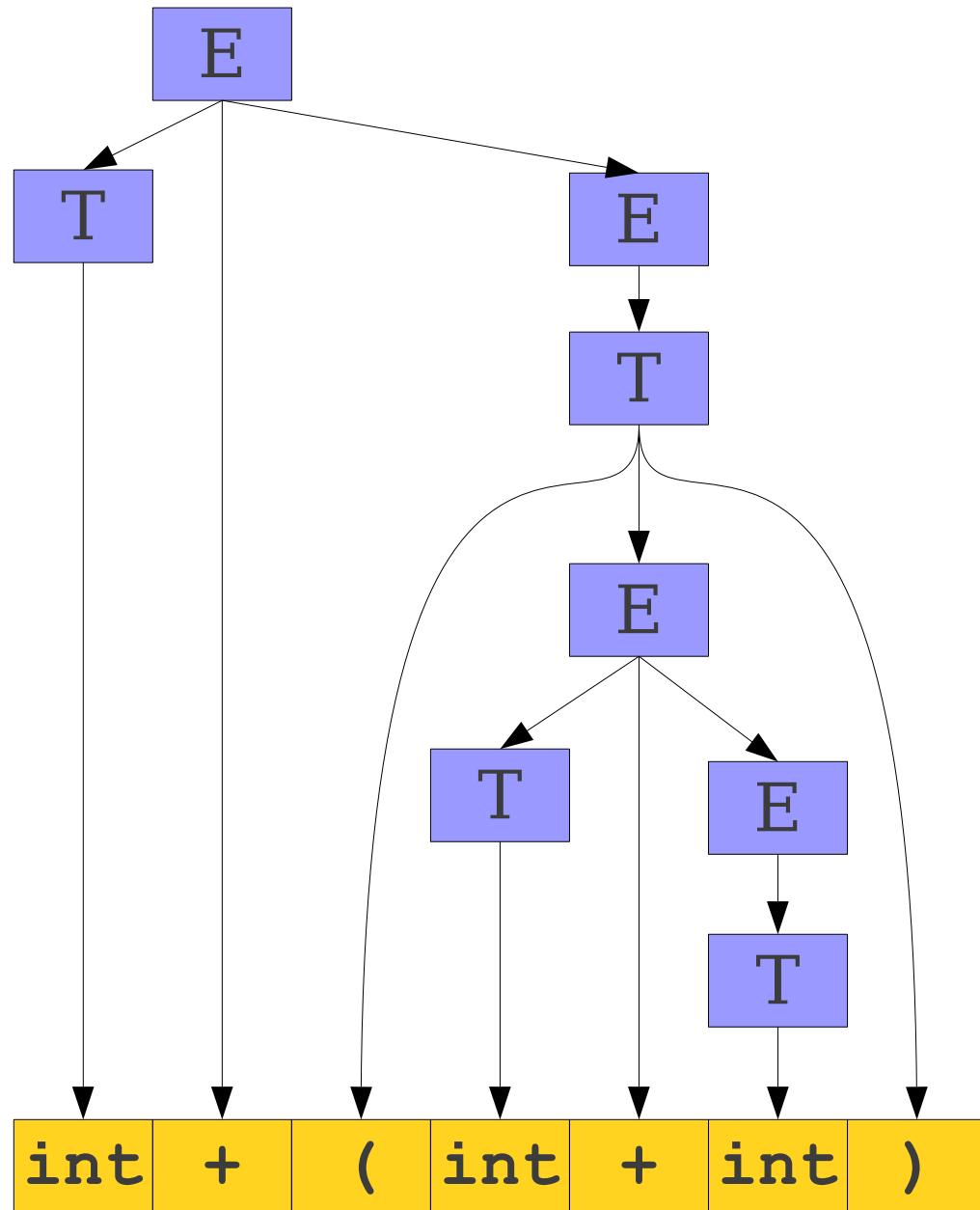
- Goal of syntax analysis: recover the intended structure of the program.
- Idea: Use a **context-free grammar** to describe the programming language.
- Given a sequence of tokens, look for a **parse tree** that generates those tokens.
- Recovering this syntax tree is called **parsing** and is the topic of this week (and part of next!)

Different Types of Parsing

- **Top-Down Parsing** (Today / Friday)
 - Beginning with the start symbol, try to guess the productions to apply to end up at the user's program.
- **Bottom-Up Parsing** (Friday / Monday)
 - Beginning with the user's program, try to apply productions in reverse to convert the program back into the start symbol.

Top-Down Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Challenges in Top-Down Parsing

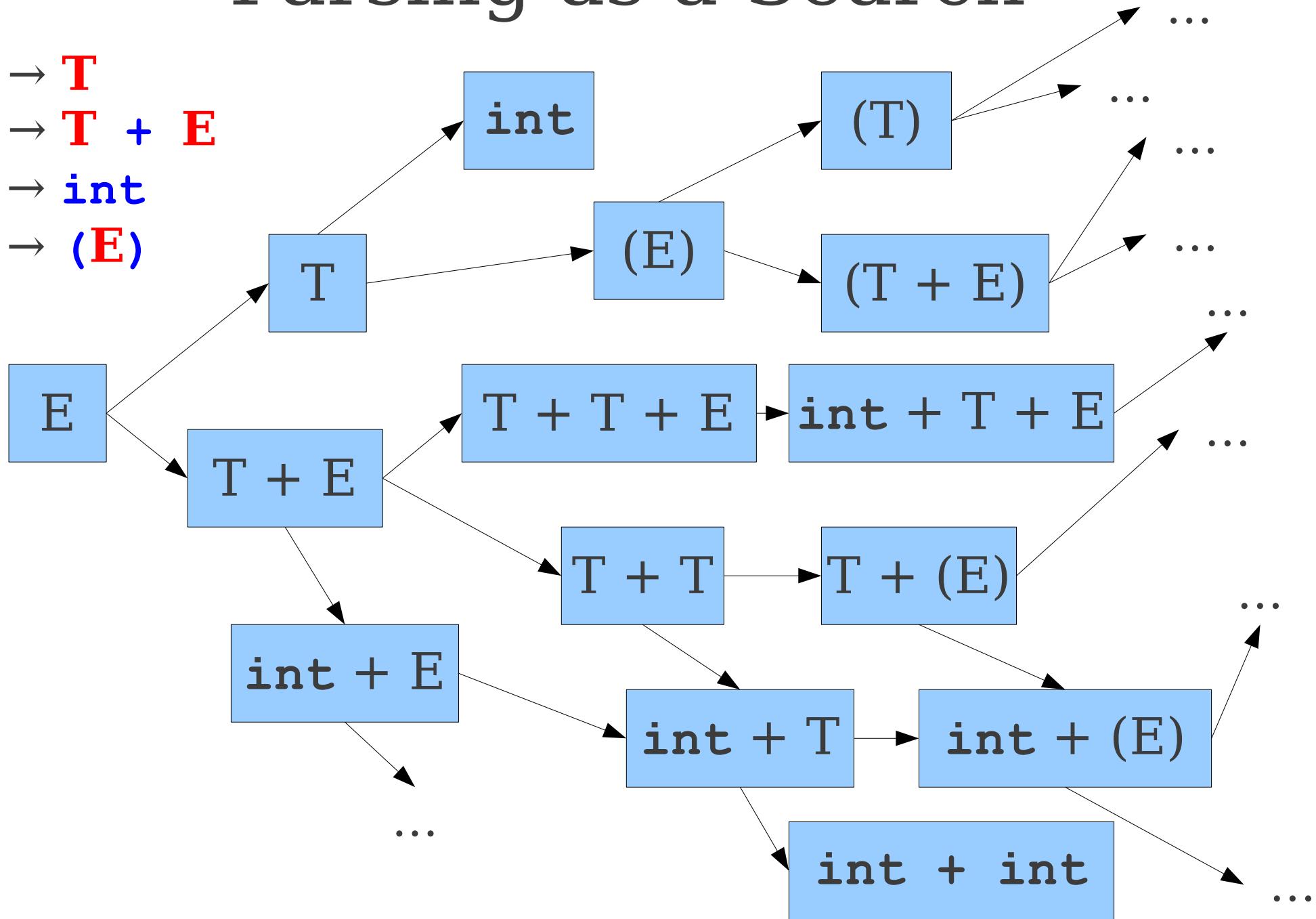
- Top-down parsing begins with virtually no information.
 - Begins with just the start symbol, which matches *every* program.
- How can we know which productions to apply?
- In general, we can't.
 - There are some grammars for which the best we can do is guess and backtrack if we're wrong.
 - If we have to guess, how do we do it?

Parsing as a Search

- An idea: **treat parsing as a graph search.**
- Each node is a **sentential form** (a string of terminals and nonterminals derivable from the start symbol).
- There is an edge from node α to node β iff $\alpha \Rightarrow \beta$.

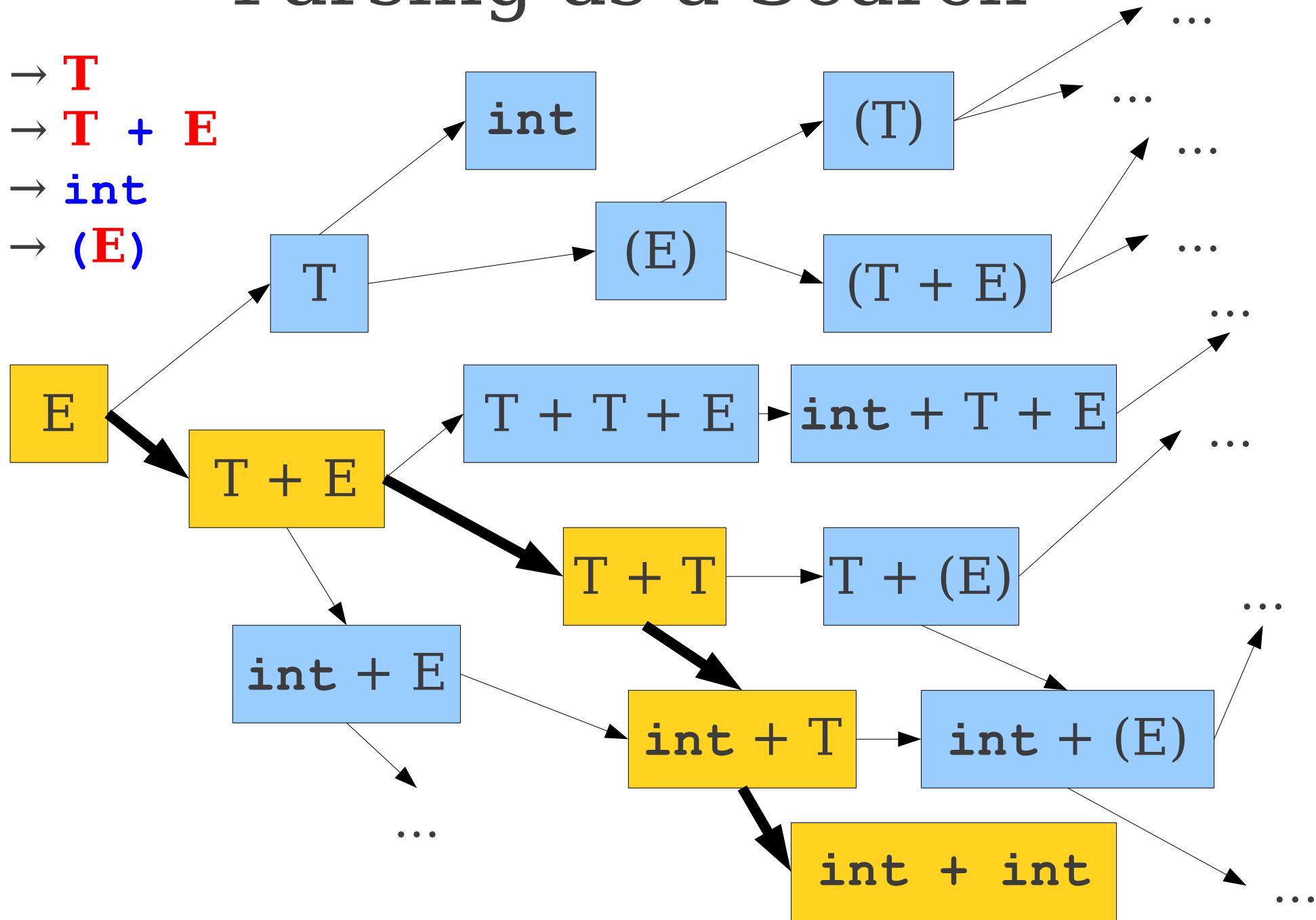
Parsing as a Search

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 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Parsing as a Search

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



Our First Top-Down Algorithm

- **Breadth-First Search**
- Maintain a worklist of sentential forms, initially just the start symbol **S**.
- While the worklist isn't empty:
 - Remove an element from the worklist.
 - If it matches the target string, you're done.
 - Otherwise, for each possible string that can be derived in one step, add that string to the worklist.
- Can recover a parse tree by tracking what productions we applied at each step.

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist

E

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

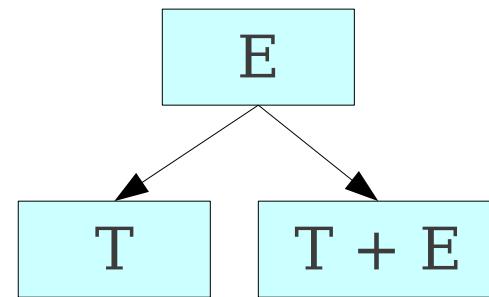
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing

Worklist



$E \rightarrow T$

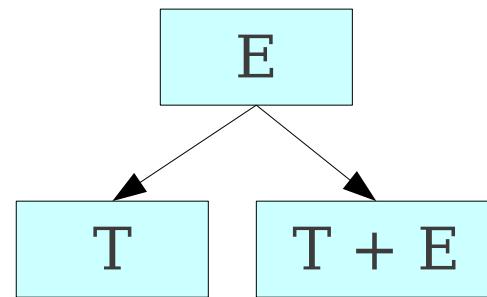
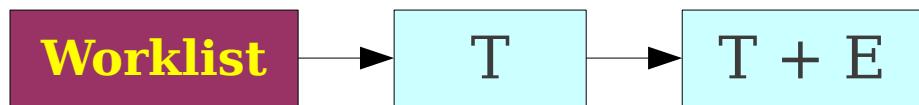
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

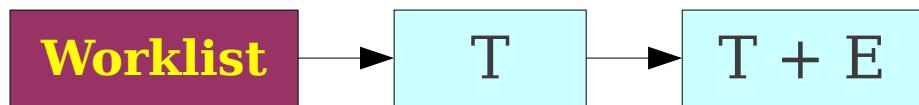
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



T

$E \rightarrow T$

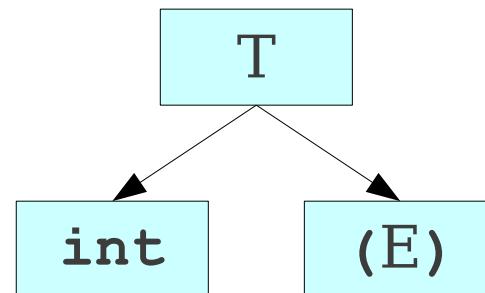
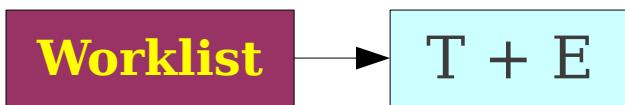
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



E → T

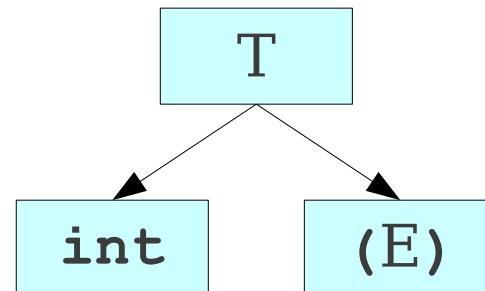
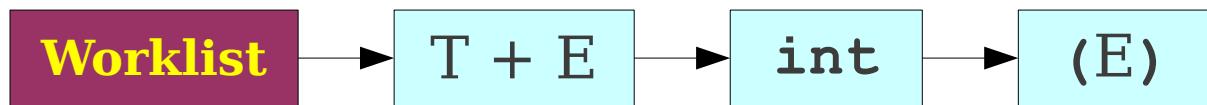
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

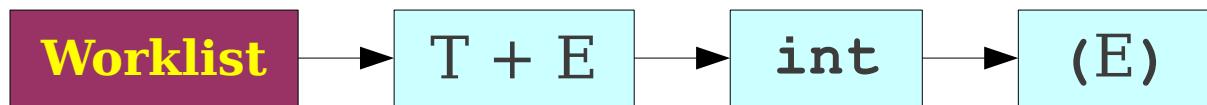
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

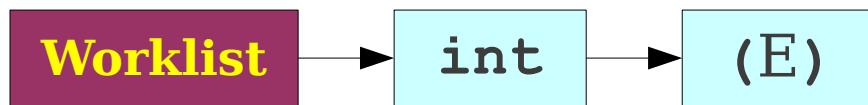
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



T + E

$E \rightarrow T$

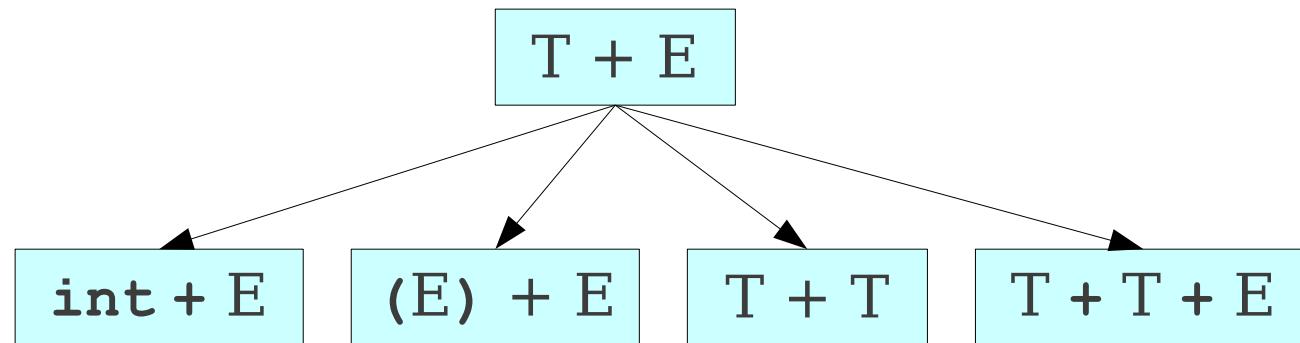
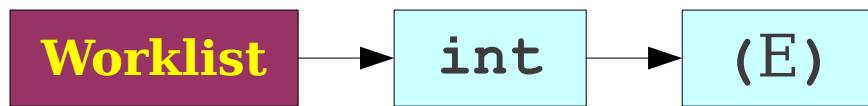
$E \rightarrow T + E$

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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

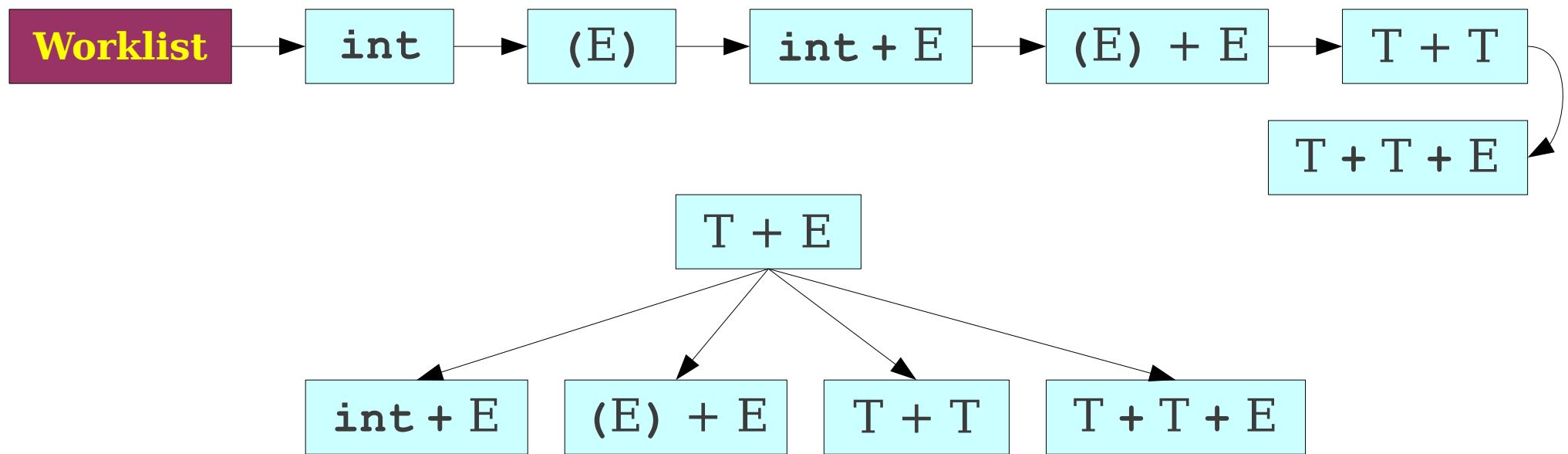
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

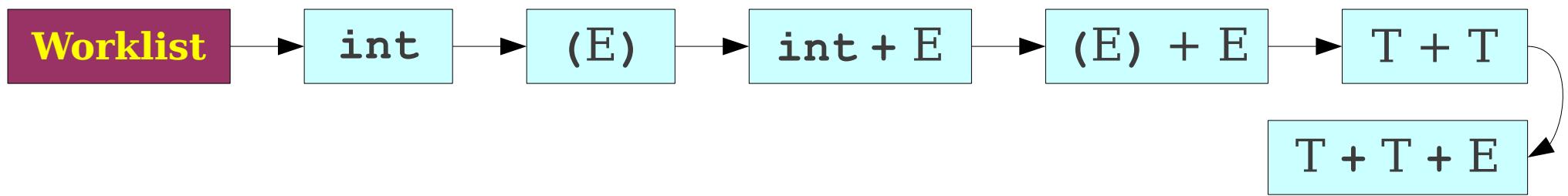
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$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

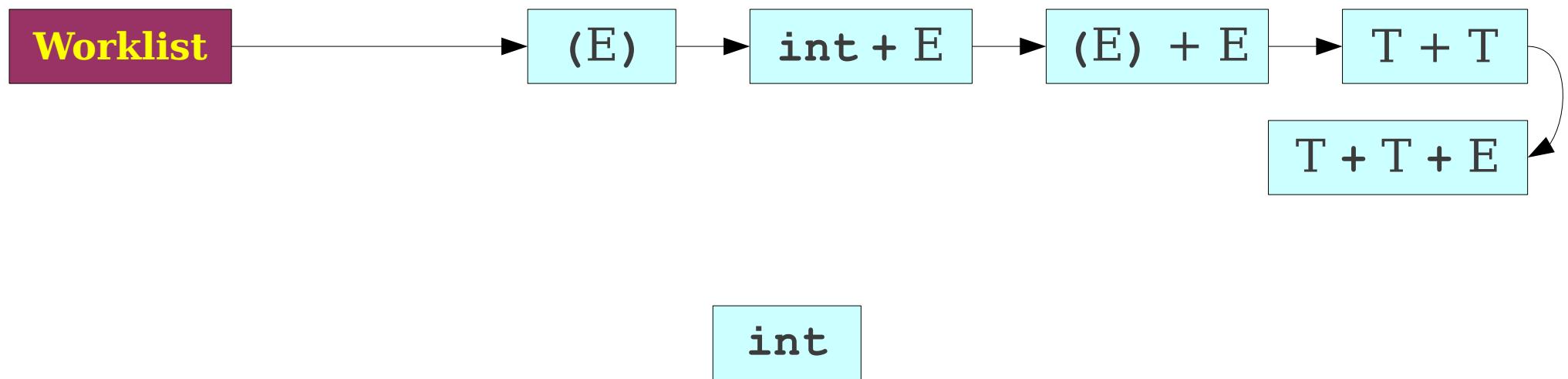
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

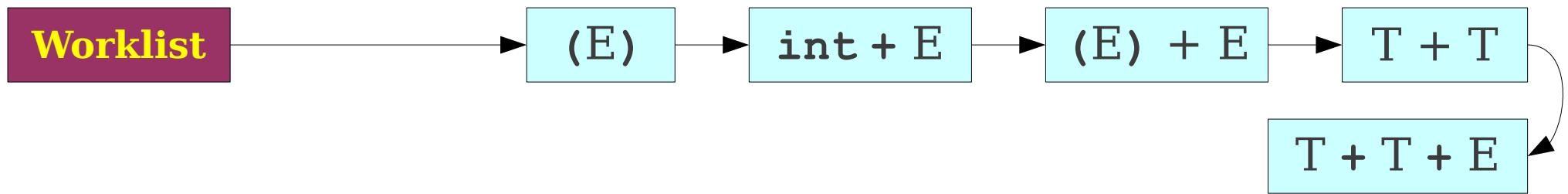
$E \rightarrow T + E$

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$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

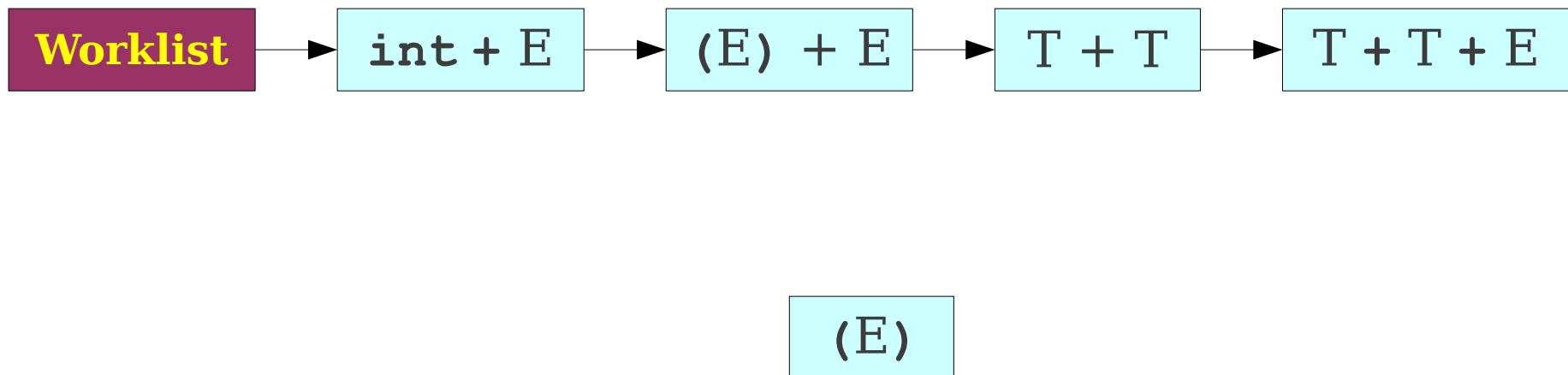
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

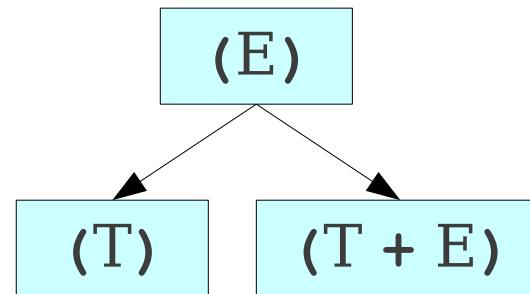
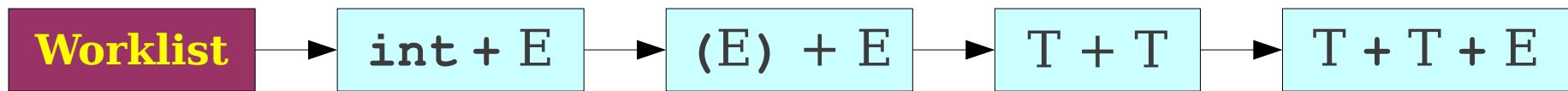
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

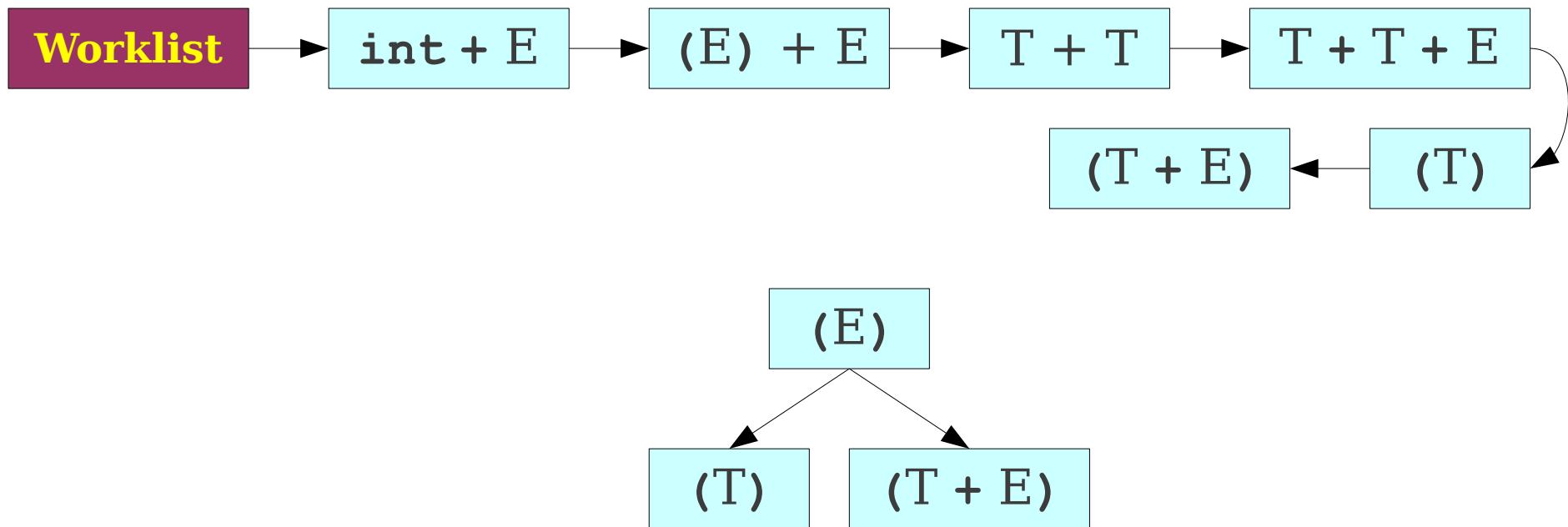
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

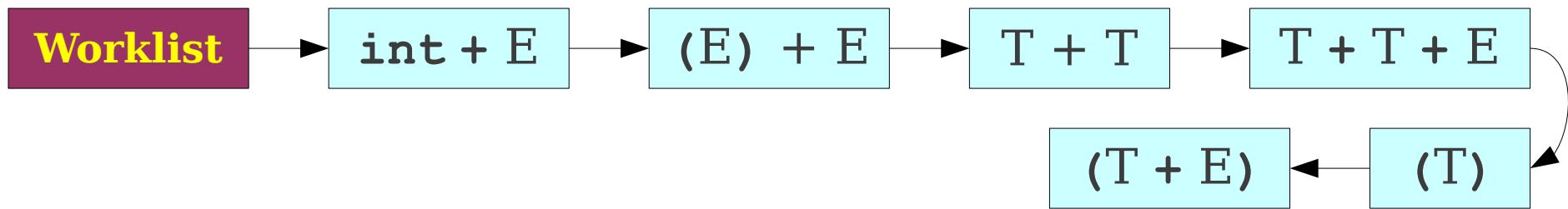
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`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

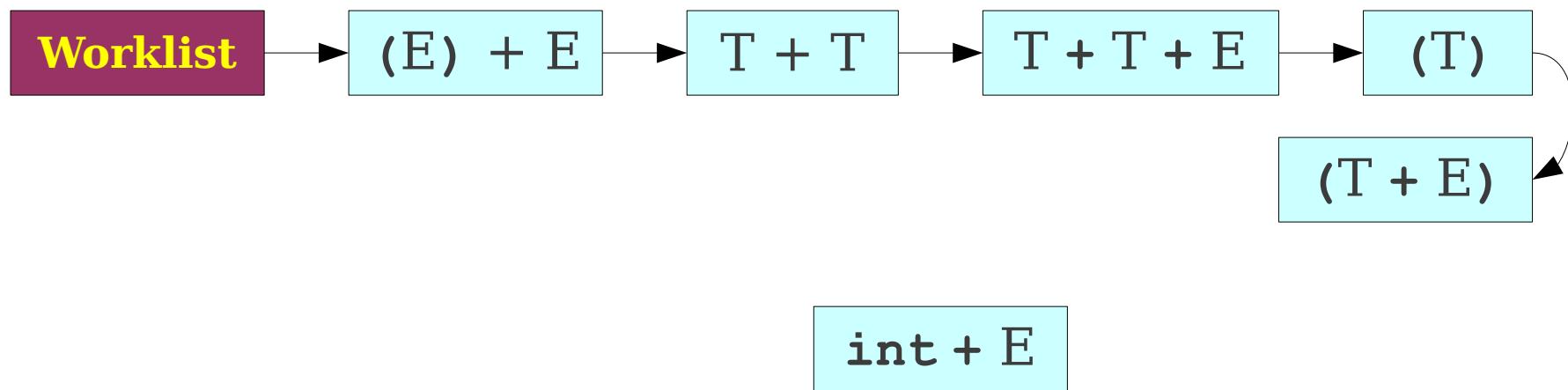
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int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

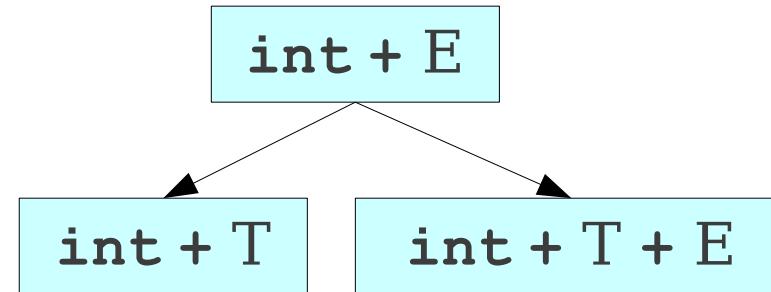
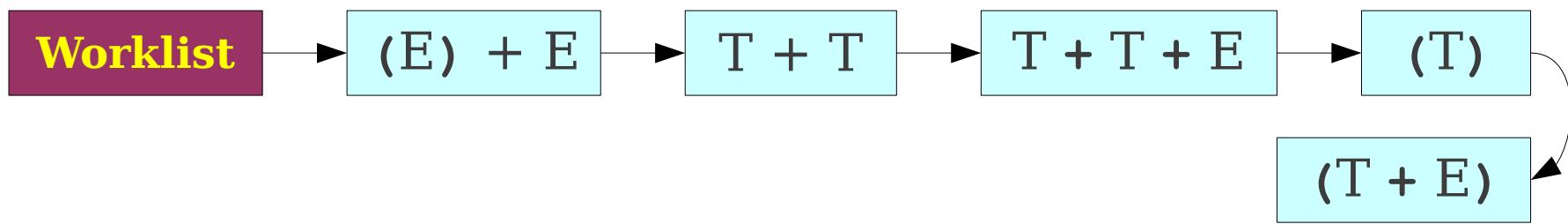
$E \rightarrow T + E$

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$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

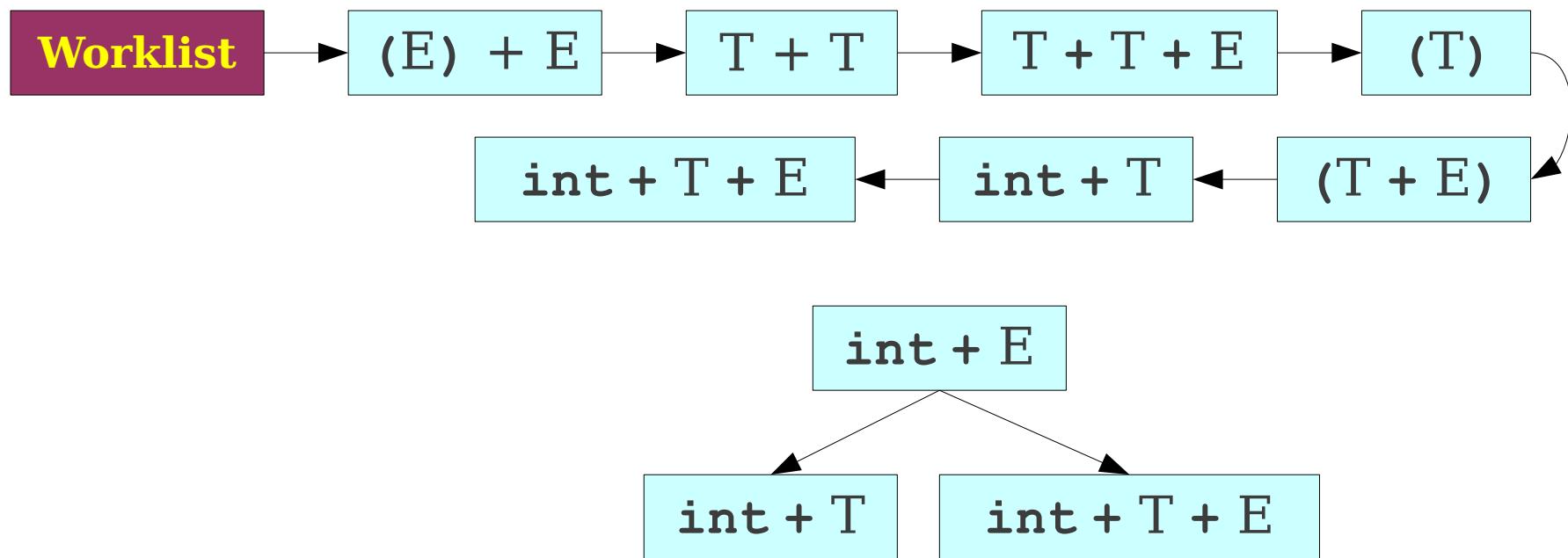
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

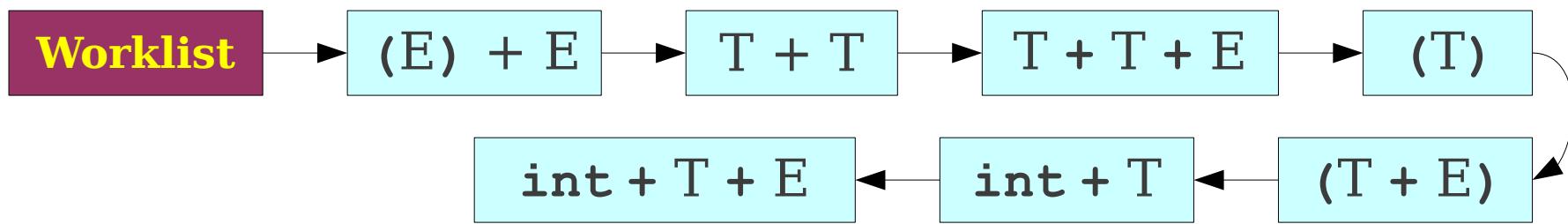
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

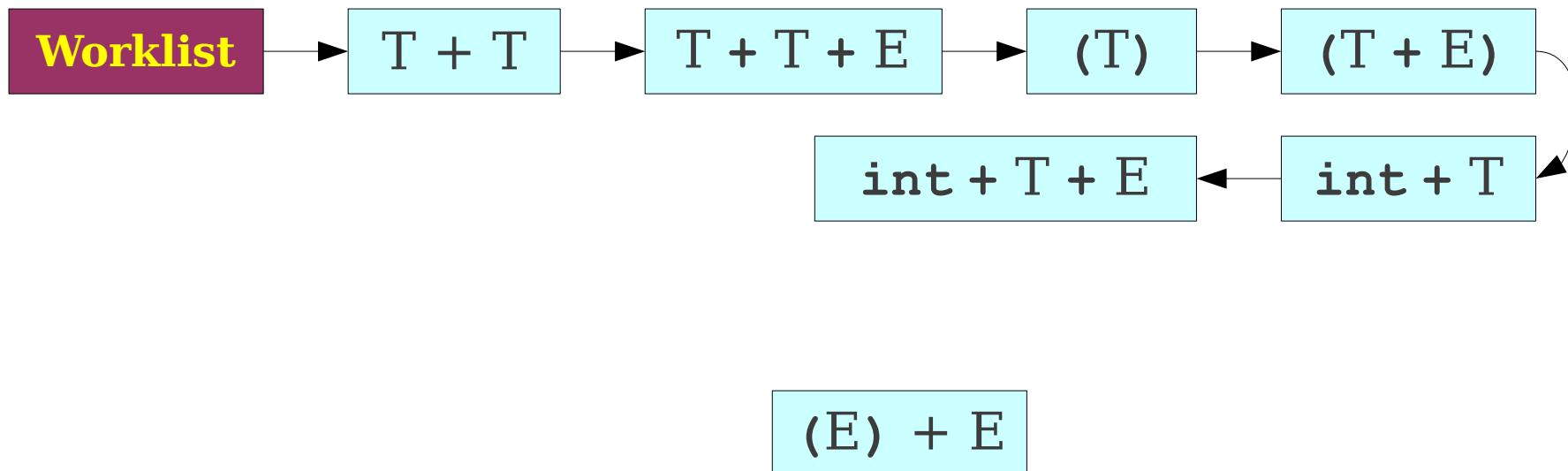
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

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Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

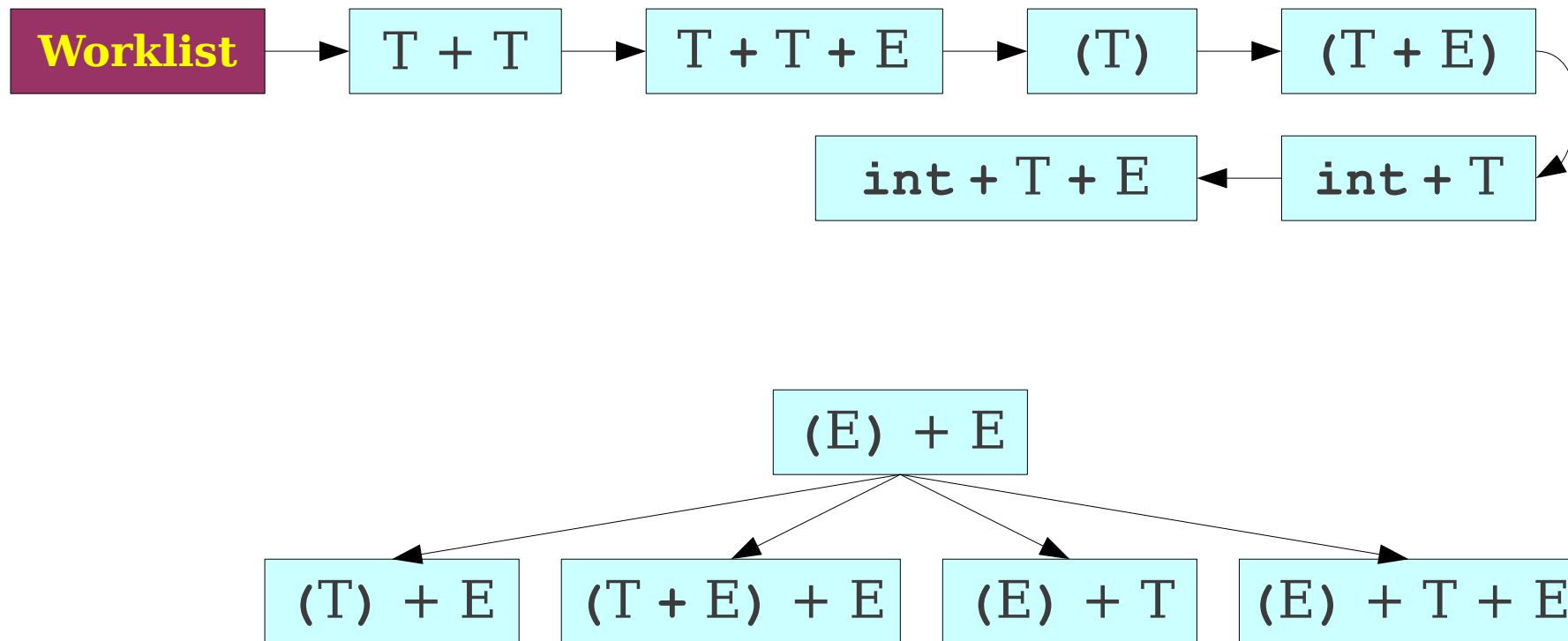
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

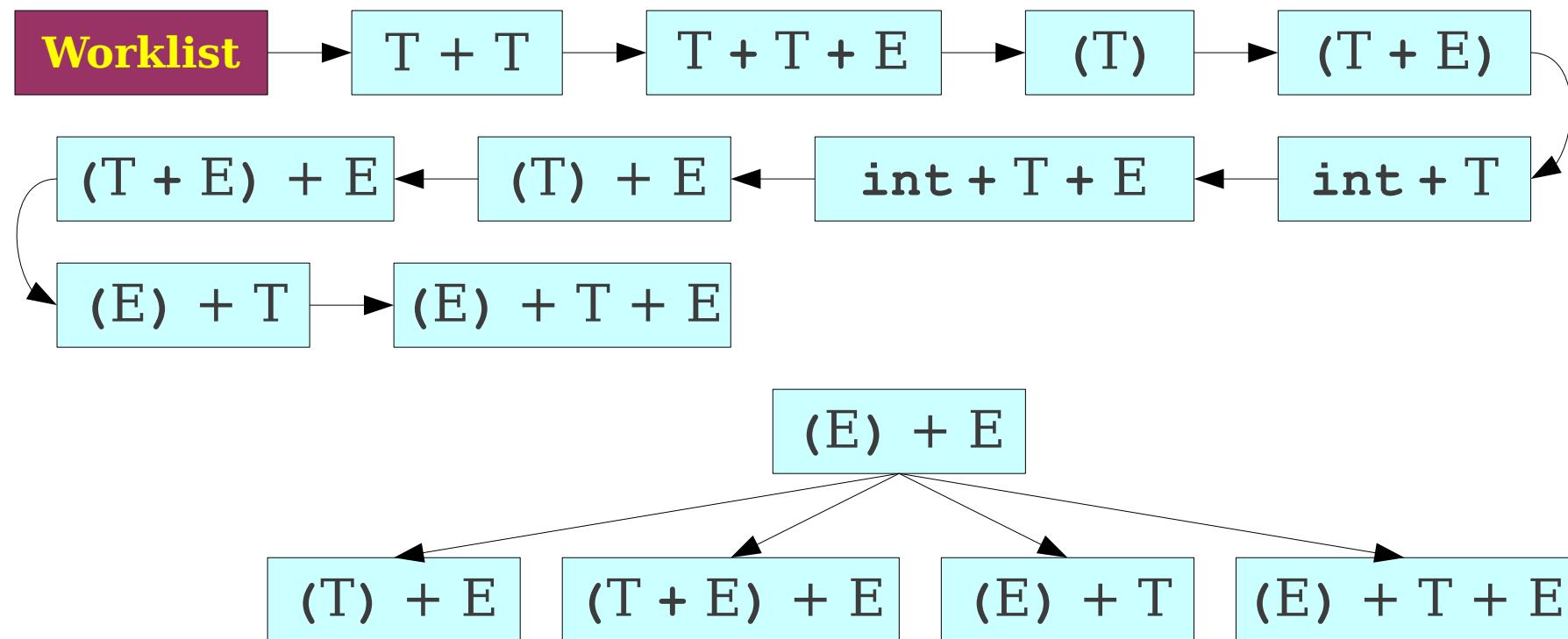
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

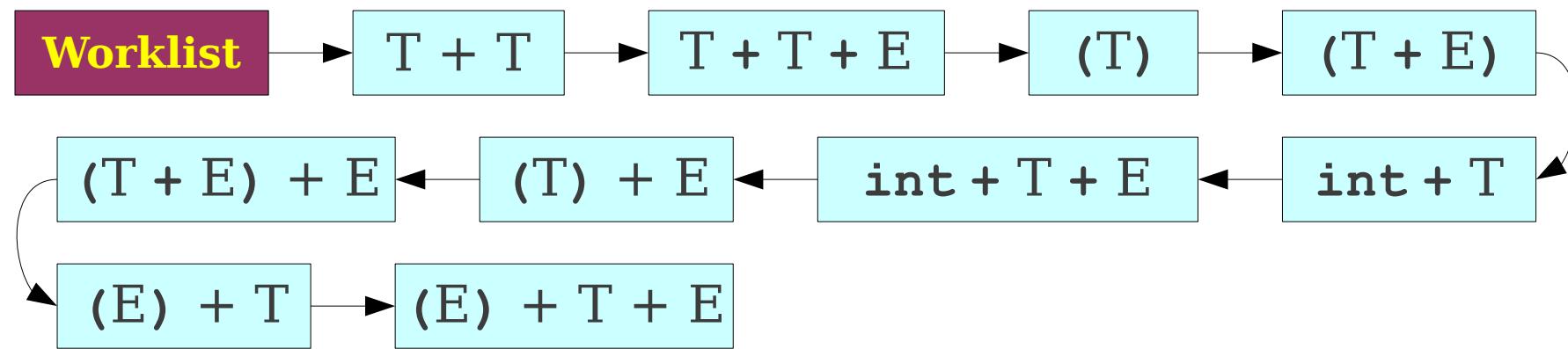
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

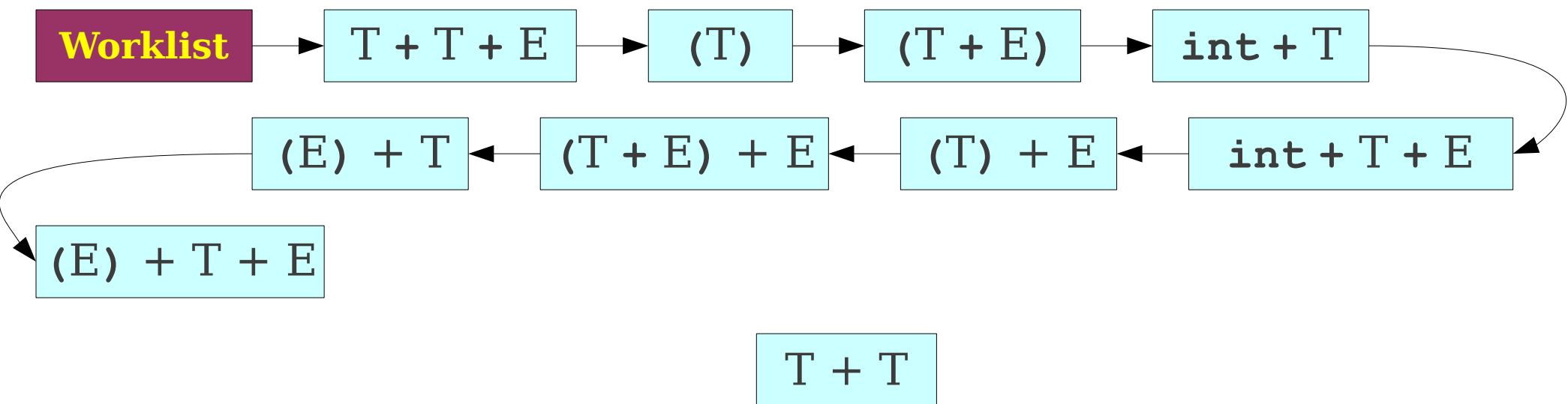
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

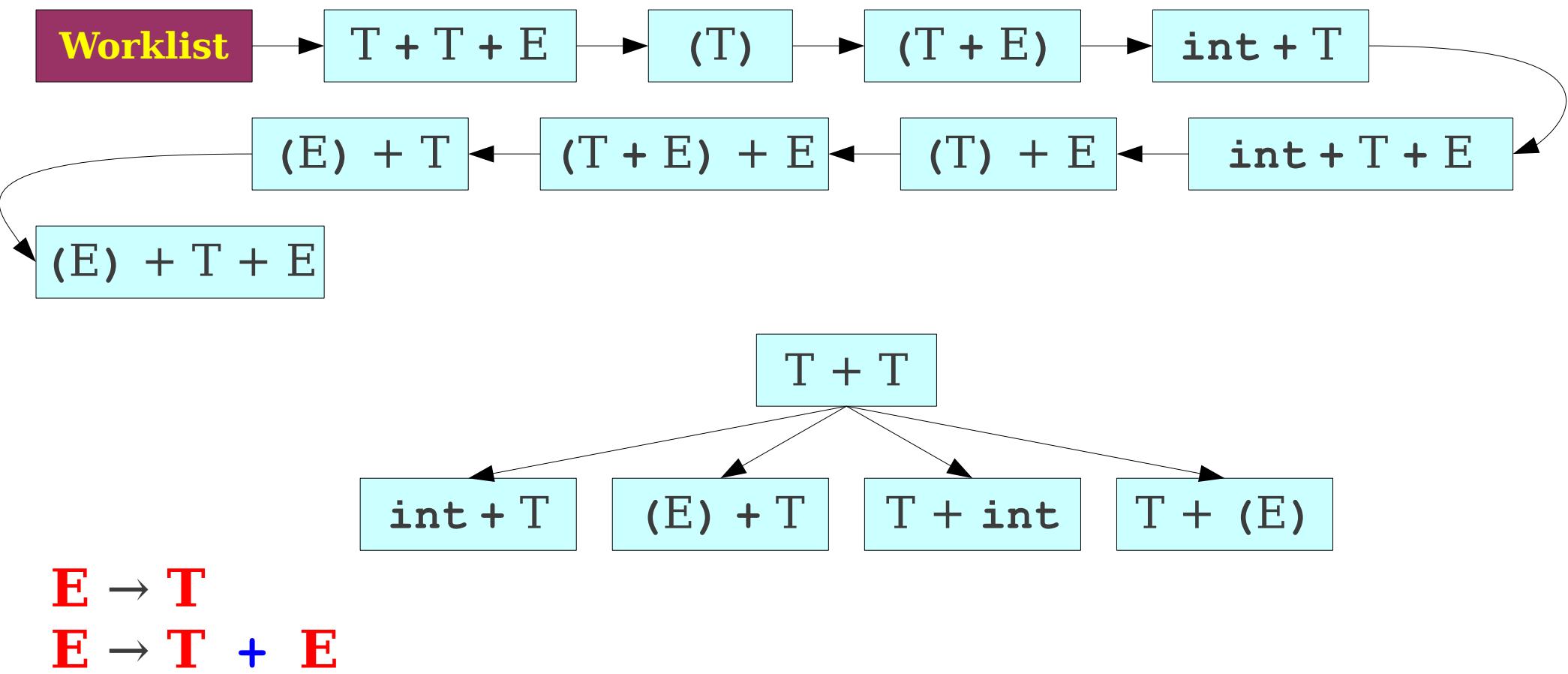
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

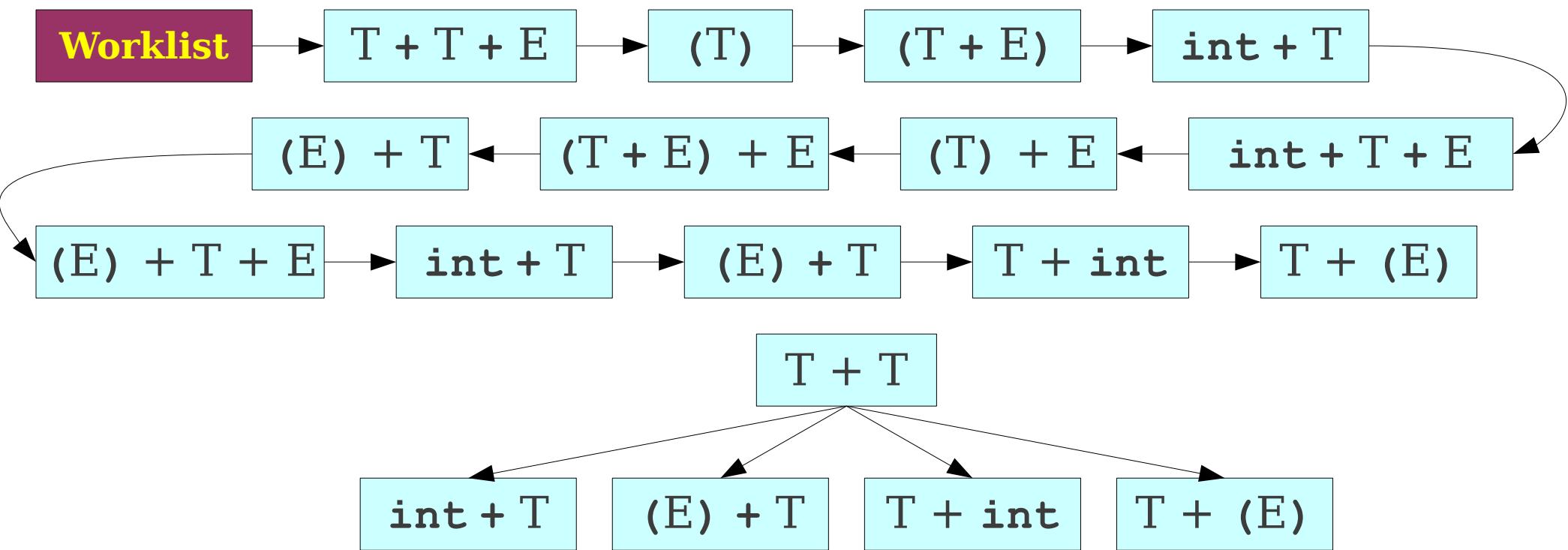
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

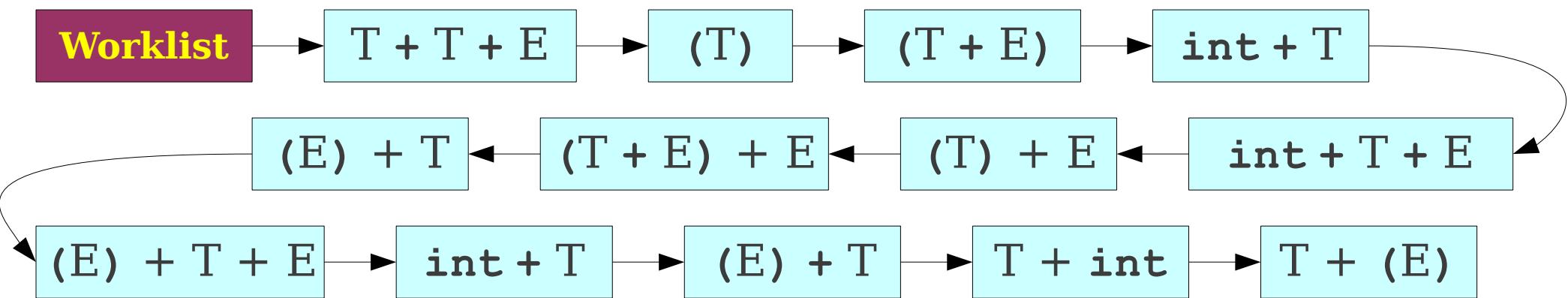
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$\text{int} + \text{int}$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

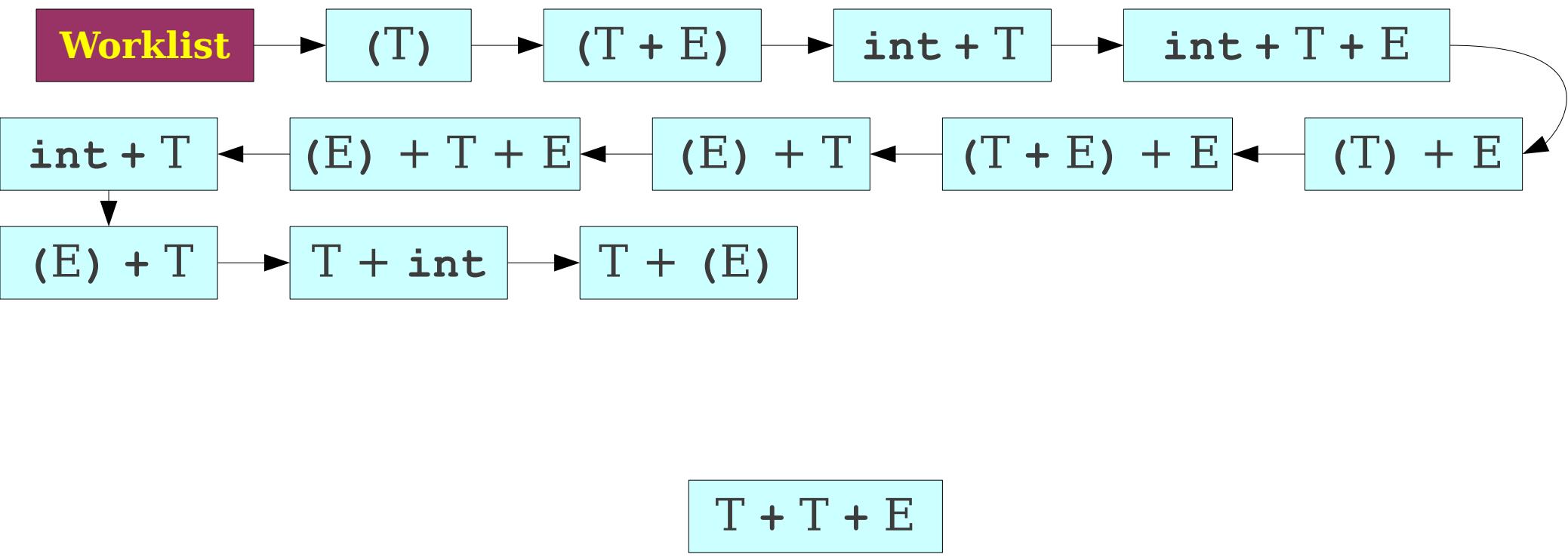
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$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

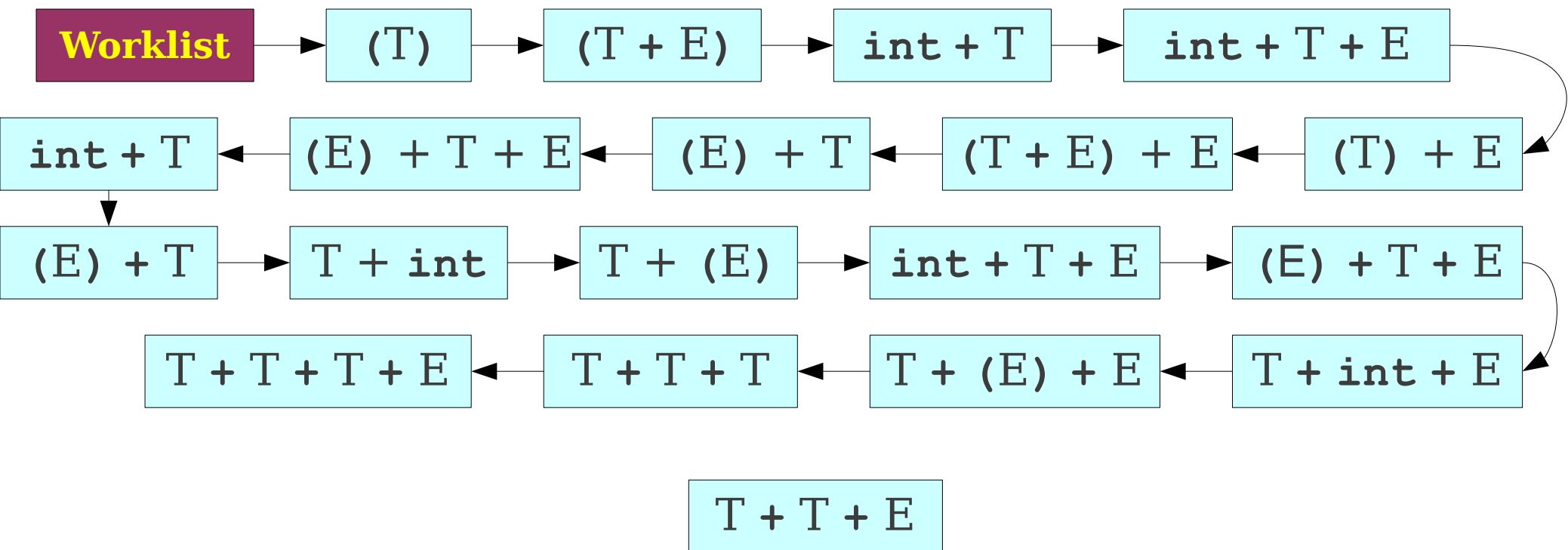
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$\text{int} + \text{int}$

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

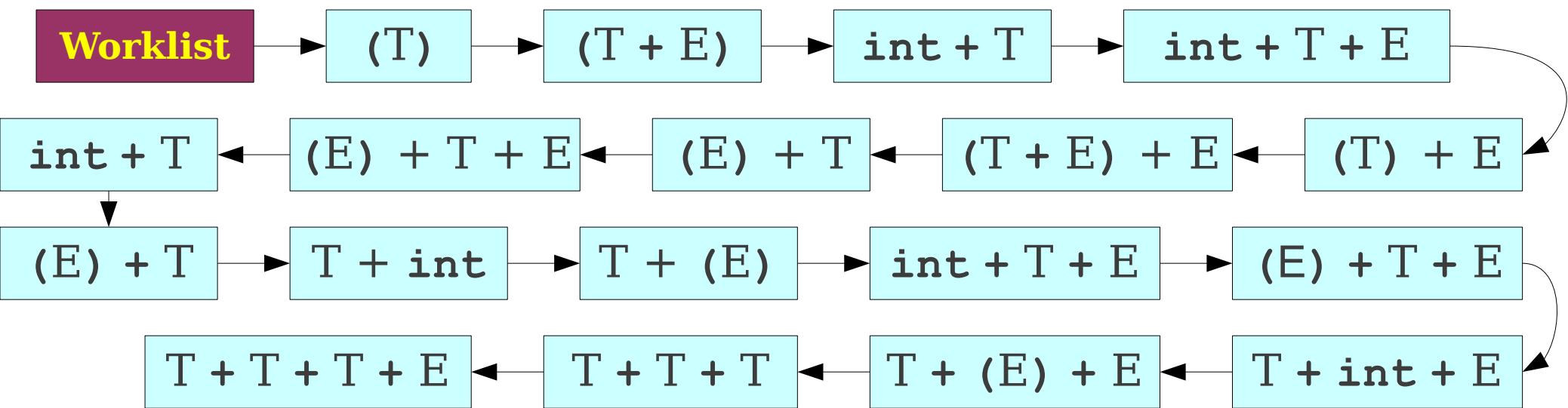
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`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

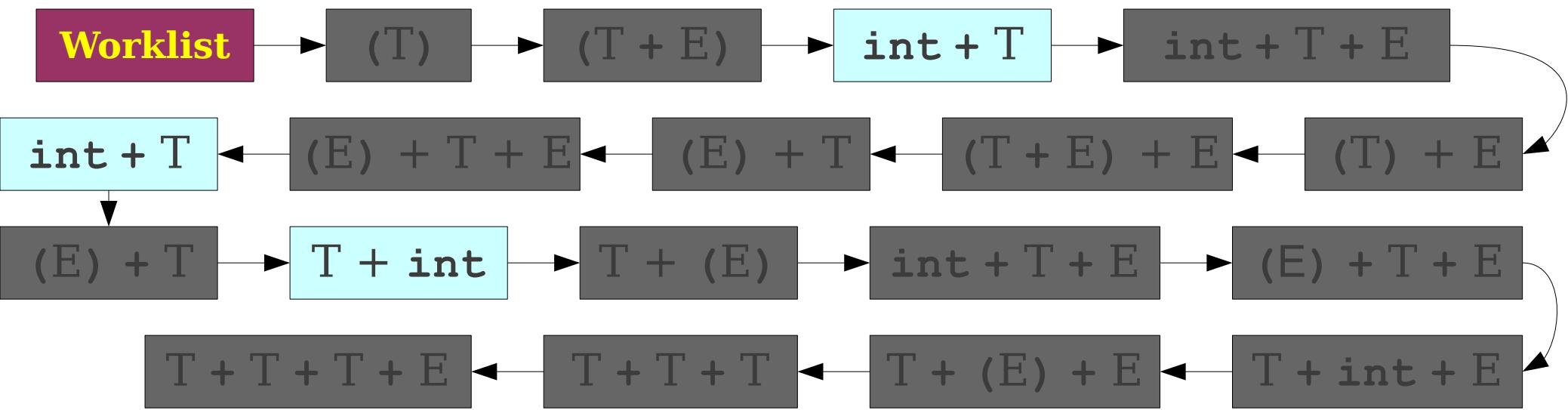
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`int + int`

Breadth-First Search Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

`int + int`

BFS is Slow

- Enormous time and memory usage:
 - Lots of **wasted effort**:
 - Generates a lot of sentential forms that couldn't possibly match.
 - But in general, extremely hard to tell whether a sentential form can match – that's the job of parsing!
 - High **branching factor**:
 - Each sentential form can expand in (potentially) many ways for each nonterminal it contains.

Reducing Wasted Effort

- Suppose we're trying to match a string y .
- Suppose we have a sentential form $\tau = \alpha\omega$, where α is a string of terminals and ω is a string of terminals and nonterminals.
- If α isn't a prefix of y , then no string derived from τ can ever match y .
- If we can find a way to try to get a prefix of terminals at the front of our sentential forms, then we can start pruning out impossible options.

Reducing the Branching Factor

- If a string has many nonterminals in it, the branching factor can be high.
 - Sum of the number of productions of each nonterminal involved.
- If we can restrict which productions we apply, we can keep the branching factor lower.

Leftmost Derivations

- Recall: A **leftmost derivation** is one where we always expand the leftmost symbol first.
- Updated algorithm:
 - Do a breadth-first search, **only considering leftmost derivations**.
 - Dramatically drops branching factor.
 - Increases likelihood that we get a prefix of nonterminals.
 - Prune sentential forms that can't possibly match.
 - Avoids wasted effort.

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

E

E → T

E → T + E

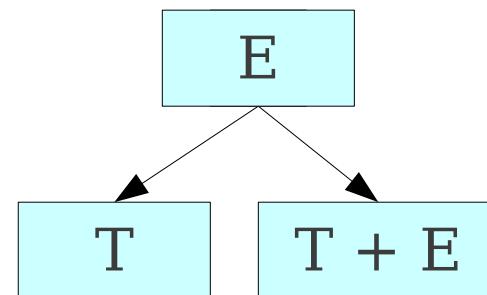
T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$E \rightarrow T$

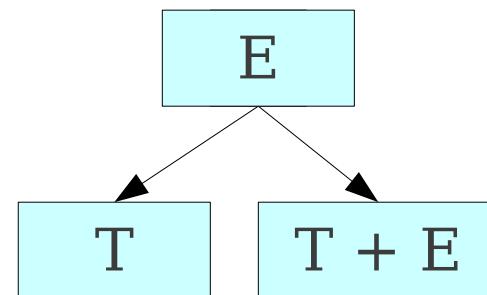
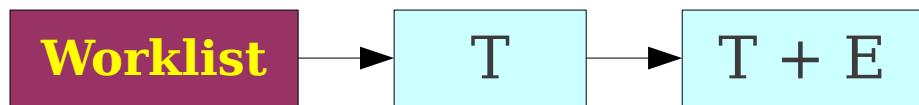
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

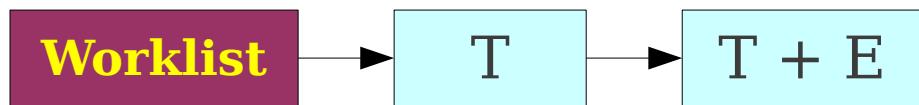
$E \rightarrow T + E$

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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



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$E \rightarrow T + E$

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int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

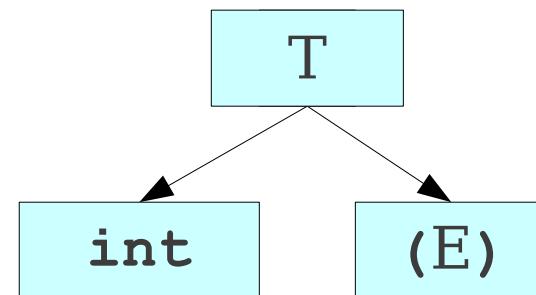
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$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

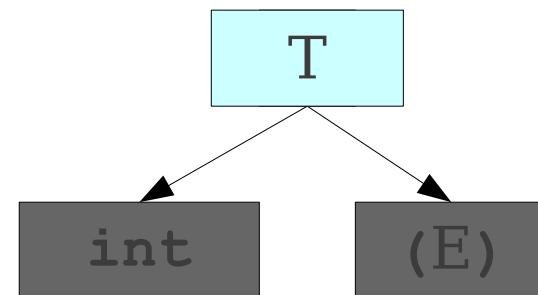
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

$int + int$

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

T + E

E → T

E → T + E

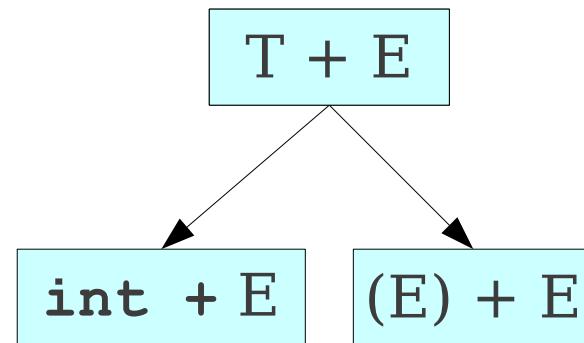
T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

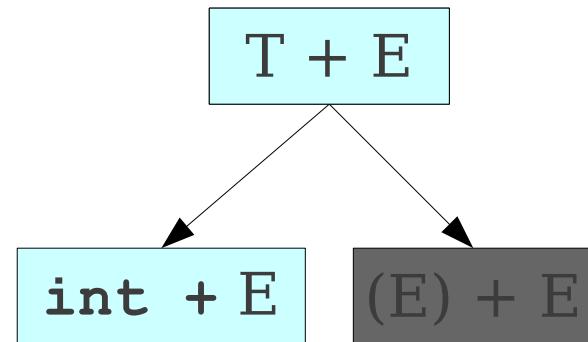
$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$E \rightarrow T$

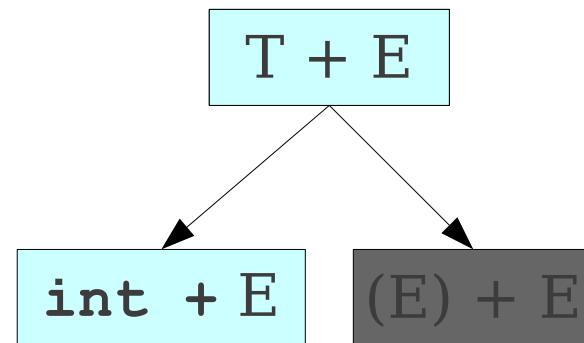
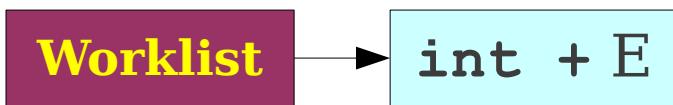
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



E → T

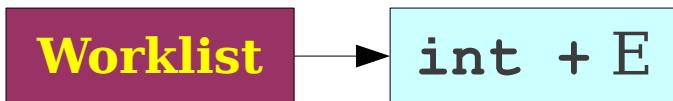
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

int + E

E → T

E → T + E

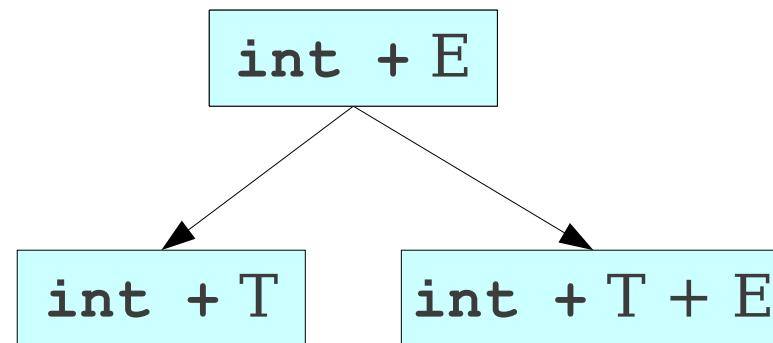
T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



$E \rightarrow T$

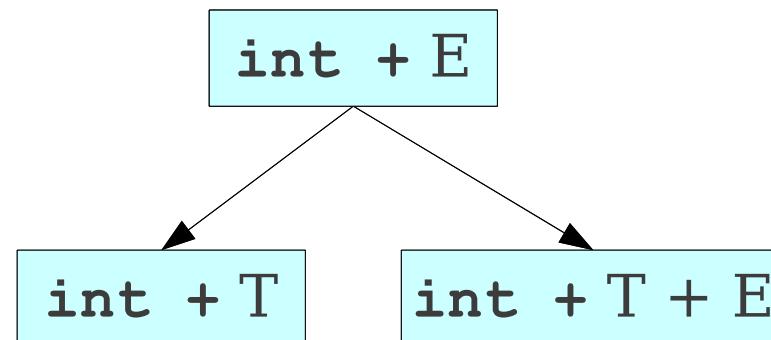
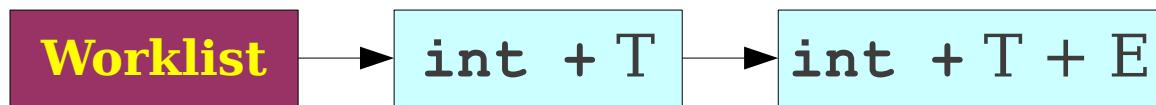
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

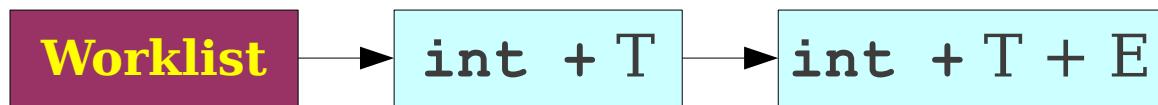
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

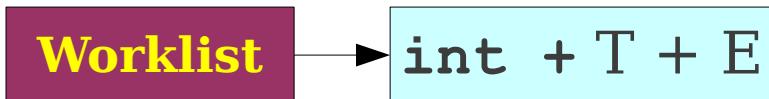
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



int + T

The diagram shows a light blue box containing the expression "int + T". This represents the state of the worklist after the non-terminal T has been expanded according to the production rule T → int.

E → T

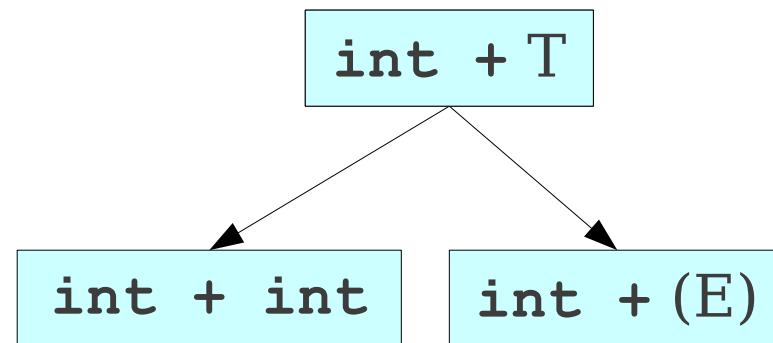
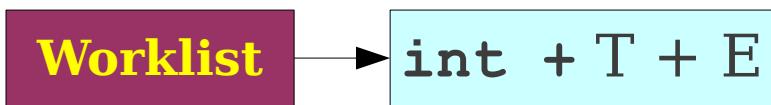
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



E → T

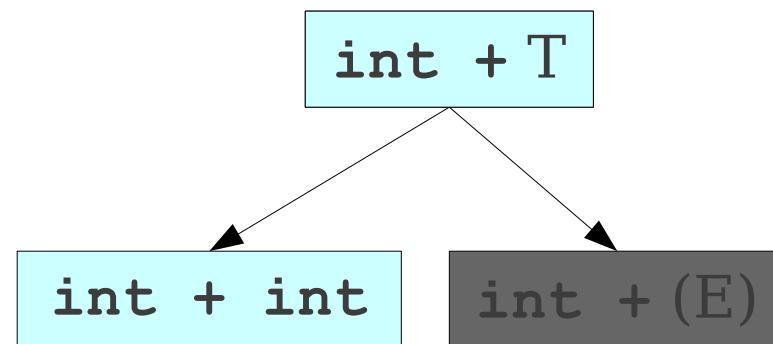
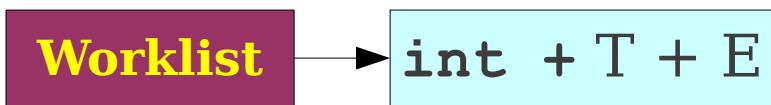
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



E → T

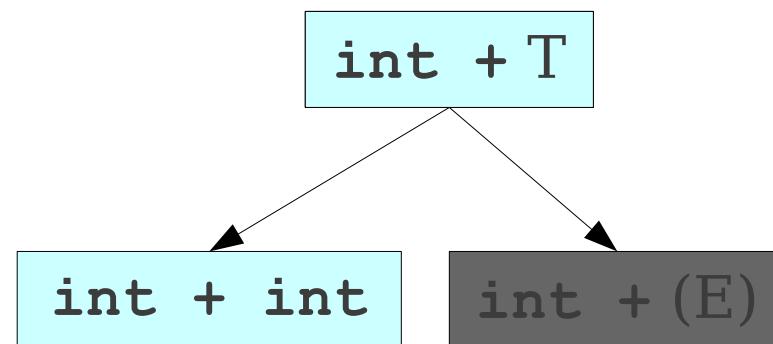
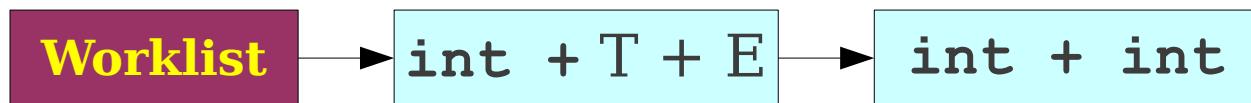
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

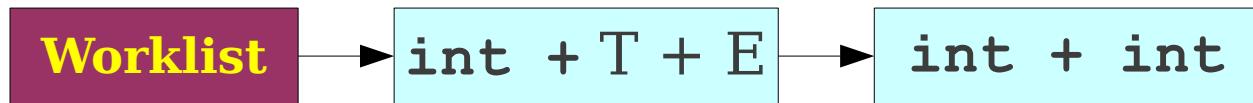
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist → int + int

int + T + E

E → T

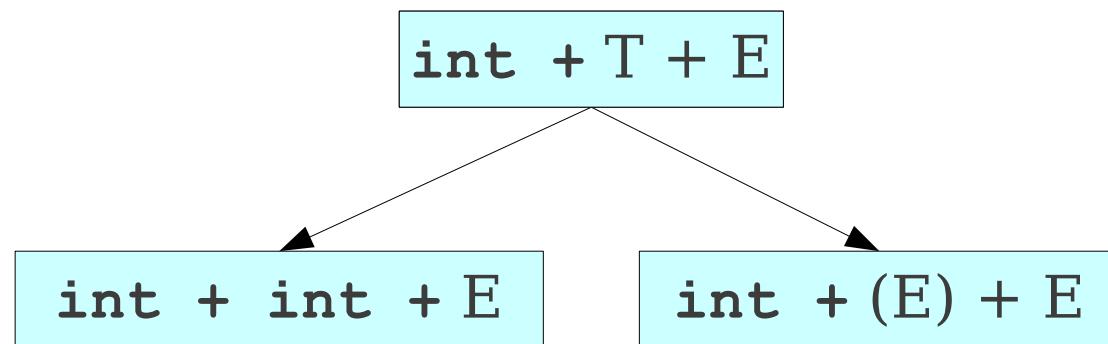
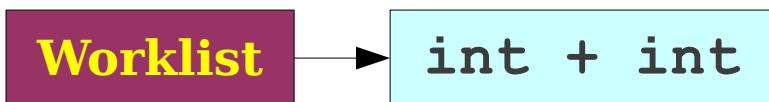
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



E → T

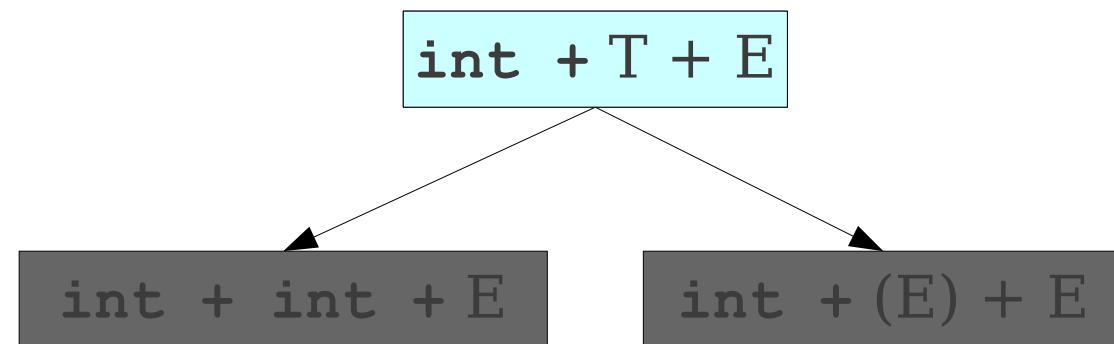
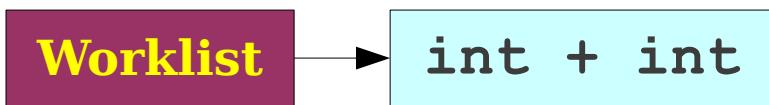
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



E → T

E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist

int + int

E → T

E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS

Worklist



int + int

E → T

E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost BFS

- Substantial improvement over naïve algorithm.
- Will always find a valid parse of a program if one exists.
- Can easily be modified to find if a program can't be parsed.
- But, there are still problems.

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

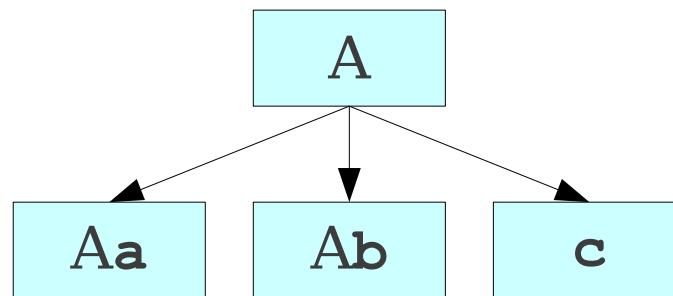
A

$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

Worklist

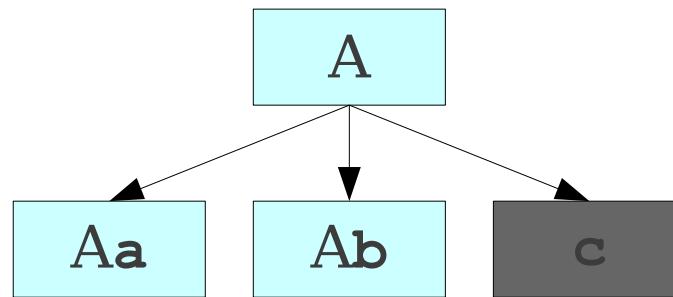


$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems

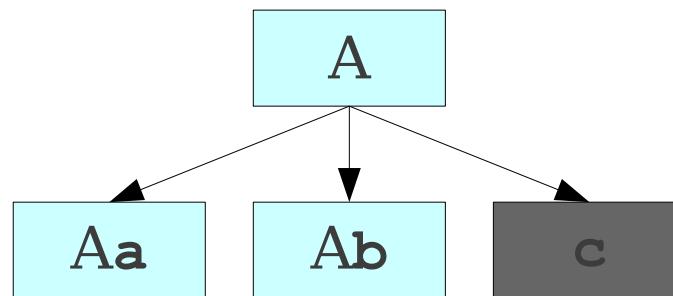
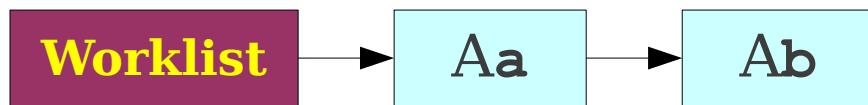
Worklist



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

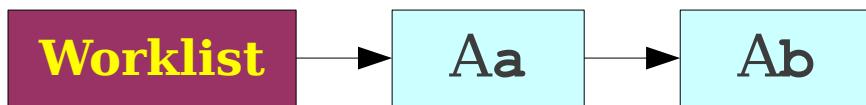
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

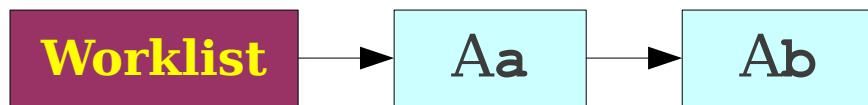
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

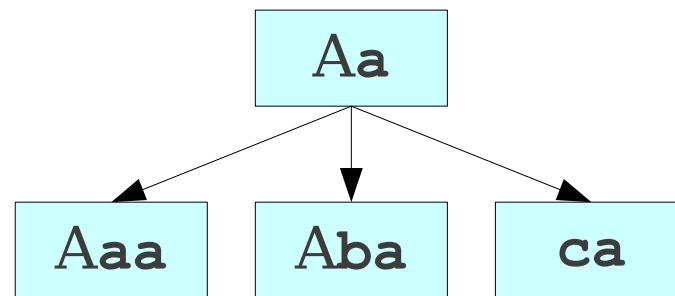
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

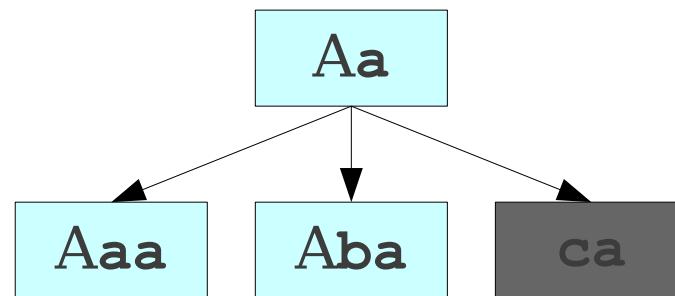
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaaa

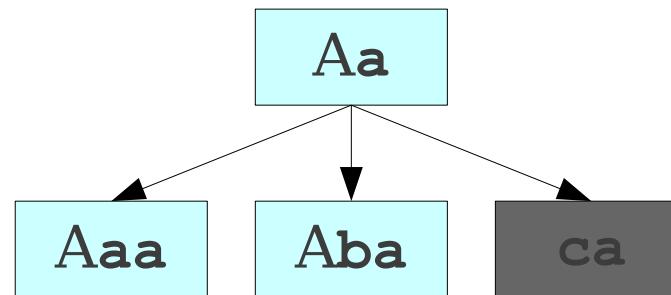
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaaa

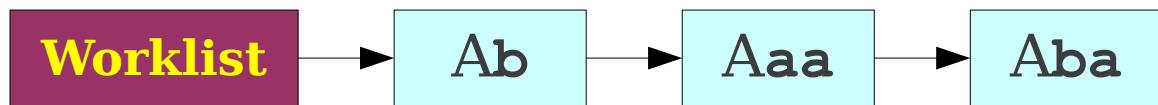
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

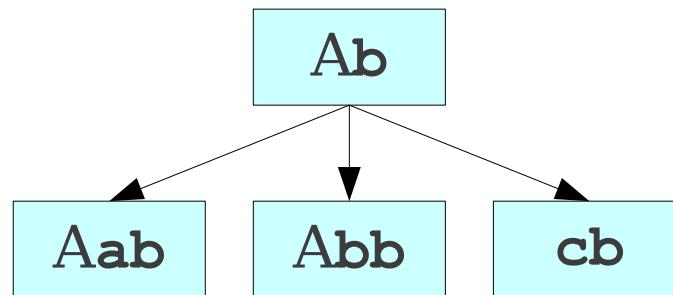
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

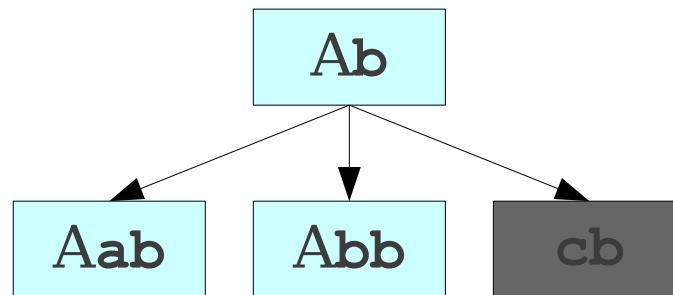
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

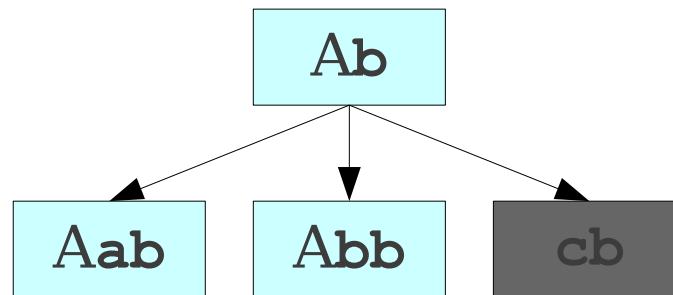
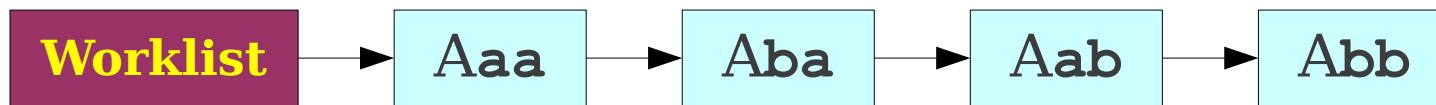
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

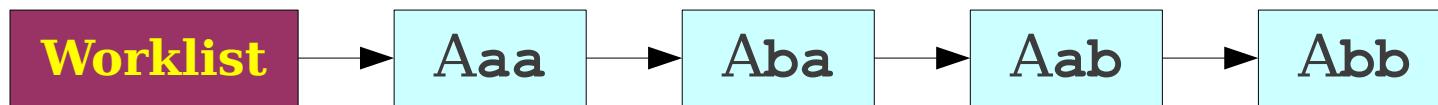
Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Leftmost BFS Has Problems



$A \rightarrow Aa \mid Ab \mid c$

aaaaaaaaaa

Problems with Leftmost BFS

- Grammars like this can make parsing take exponential time.
- Also uses exponential memory.
- What if we search the graph with a different algorithm?

Leftmost DFS

- Idea: Use **depth-first** search.
- Advantages:
 - Lower memory usage: Only considers one branch at a time.
 - High performance: On many grammars, runs very quickly.
 - Easy to implement: Can be written as a set of mutually recursive functions.

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int + int

Leftmost DFS

E

E → T

E → T + E

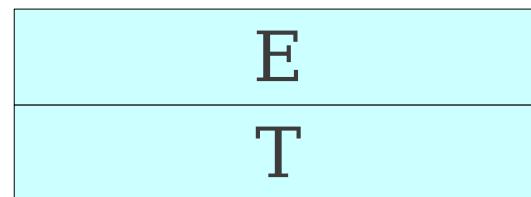
T → int

T → (E)

int + int

Leftmost DFS

E → T
E → T + E
T → int
T → (E)



int + int

Leftmost DFS

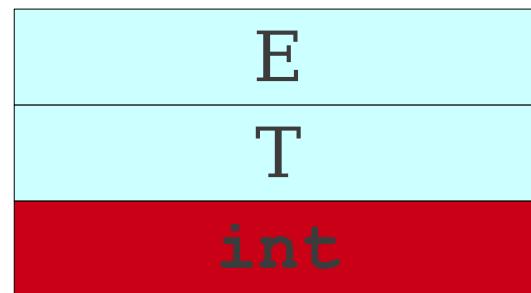
E → T
E → T + E
T → int
T → (E)

E
T
int

int + int

Leftmost DFS

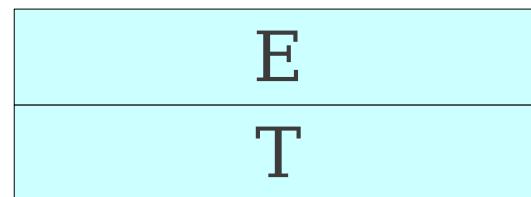
$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



int + int

Leftmost DFS

E → T
E → T + E
T → int
T → (E)



int + int

Leftmost DFS

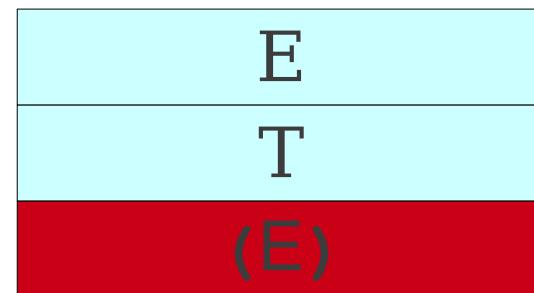
E → T
E → T + E
T → int
T → (E)

E
T
(E)

int + int

Leftmost DFS

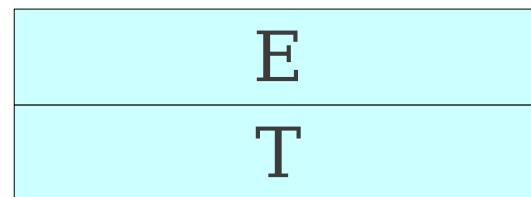
$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



int + int

Leftmost DFS

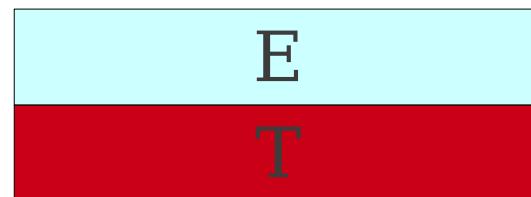
E → T
E → T + E
T → int
T → (E)



int + int

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$



int + int

Leftmost DFS

E

E → T

E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + int

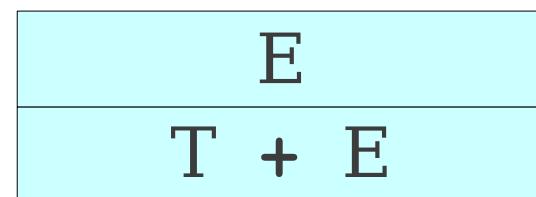
Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



int + int

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E

int + int

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T

int + int

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + int

int + int

Leftmost DFS

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow \text{int}$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + int



int + int

Problems with Leftmost DFS

A → Aa | c

A
Aa
Aaa
Aaaa
Aaaaa



c

Left Recursion

- A nonterminal A is said to be **left-recursive** iff

$$A \Rightarrow^* A\omega$$

for some string ω .

- Leftmost DFS may fail on left-recursive grammars.
- Fortunately, in many cases it is possible to eliminate left recursion (see Handout 08 for details).

Summary of Leftmost BFS/DFS

- Leftmost BFS works on all grammars.
- Worst-case runtime is exponential.
- Worst-case memory usage is exponential.
- Rarely used in practice.
- Leftmost DFS works on grammars without left recursion.
- Worst-case runtime is exponential.
- Worst-case memory usage is linear.
- Often used in a limited form as **recursive descent**.

Predictive Parsing

Predictive Parsing

- The leftmost DFS/BFS algorithms are **backtracking** algorithms.
 - Guess which production to use, then back up if it doesn't work.
 - Try to match a prefix by sheer dumb luck.
- There is another class of parsing algorithms called **predictive** algorithms.
 - Based on remaining input, predict (*without backtracking*) which production to use.

Tradeoffs in Prediction

- Predictive parsers are *fast*.
 - Many predictive algorithms can be made to run in linear time.
 - Often can be table-driven for extra performance.
- Predictive parsers are *weak*.
 - Not all grammars can be accepted by predictive parsers.
- Trade *expressiveness* for *speed*.

Exploiting Lookahead

- Given just the start symbol, how do you know which productions to use to get to the input program?
- Idea: Use **lookahead tokens**.
- When trying to decide which production to use, look at some number of tokens of the input to help make the decision.

Implementing Predictive Parsing

- Predictive parsing is only possible if we can predict which production to use given some number of lookahead tokens.
- Increasing the number of lookahead tokens increases the number of grammars we can parse, but complicates the parser.
- Decreasing the number of lookahead tokens decreases the number of grammars we can parse, but simplifies the parser.

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$

int	+	(int	+	int)
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---

Predictive Parsing

E

E → T

E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

E

E → T

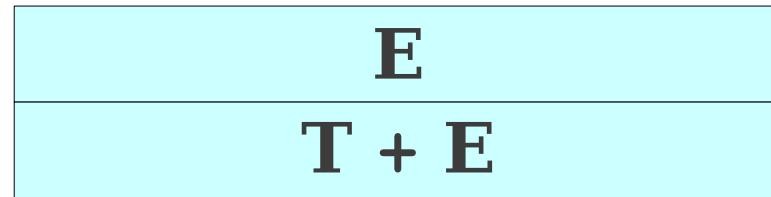
E → T + E

T → int

T → (E)

int	+	(int	+	int)
-----	---	---	-----	---	-----	---

Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

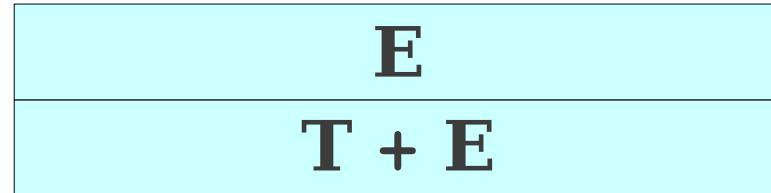
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

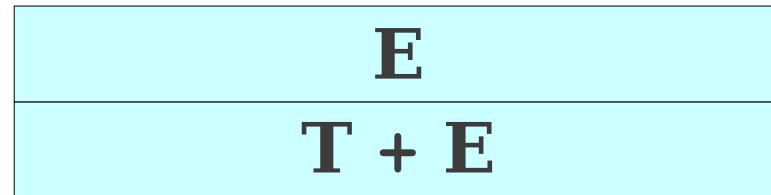
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

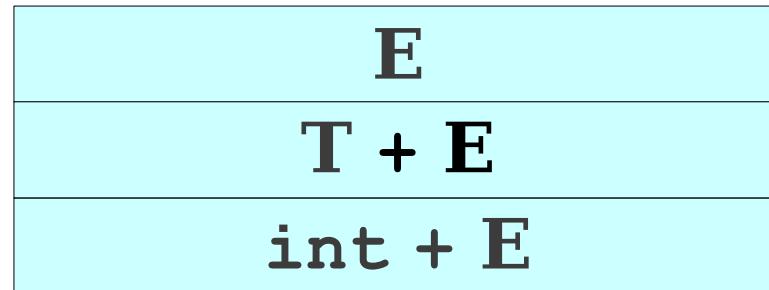
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

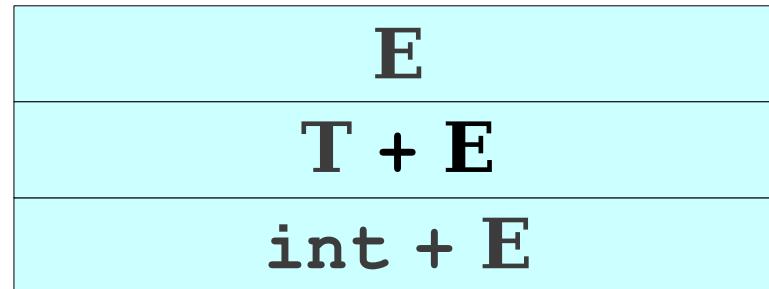
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

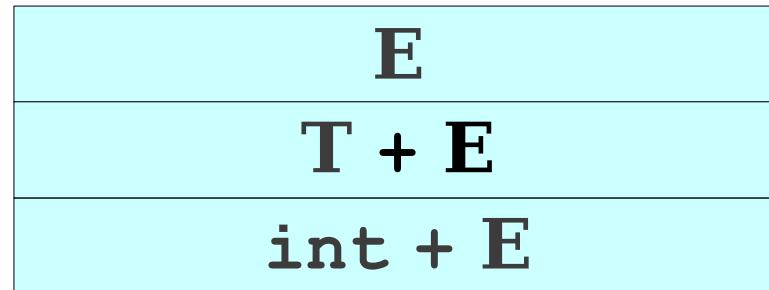
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

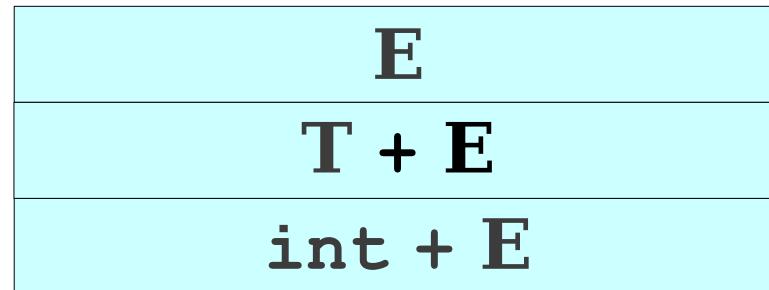
$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing



$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow \text{int}$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing

E
T + E
int + E
int + T

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing

E
T + E
int + E
int + T

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing

E
T + E
int + E
int + T

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)
int + (int + int)



Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)
int + (int + int)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)
int + (int + int)

int + (int + int)

Predictive Parsing

$E \rightarrow T$
 $E \rightarrow T + E$
 $T \rightarrow int$
 $T \rightarrow (E)$

E
T + E
int + E
int + T
int + (E)
int + (T + E)
int + (int + E)
int + (int + T)
int + (int + int)



int + (int + int)

A Simple Predictive Parser: **LL(1)**

- Top-down, predictive parsing:
 - **L**: Left-to-right scan of the tokens
 - **L**: Leftmost derivation.
 - **(1)**: One token of lookahead
- Construct a leftmost derivation for the sequence of tokens.
- When expanding a nonterminal, we predict the production to use by looking at the next token of the input. **The decision is forced.**

LL(1) Parse Tables

LL(1) Parse Tables

E → int

E → (E Op E)

Op → +

Op → *

LL(1) Parse Tables

$E \rightarrow \text{int}$

$E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	int	(E Op E)			
Op				+	*

LL(1) Parsing

(int + (int * int))

- (1) **E** → **int**
- (2) **E** → (**E Op E**)
- (3) **Op** → **+**
- (4) **Op** → *****

LL(1) Parsing

E	(int + (int * int))
---	---------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

LL(1) Parsing

E	(int + (int * int))
---	---------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
------	------------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E\$

(int + (int * int))\$

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

The \$ symbol is the end-of-input marker and is used by the parser to detect when we have reached the end of the input. It is not a part of the grammar.

LL(1) Parsing

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
------	------------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E\$

(int + (int * int)) \$

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

The first symbol of our guess is a nonterminal. We then look at our parsing table to see what production to use.

This is called a **predict step**.

LL(1) Parsing

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
------	------------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

The first symbol of our guess is now a terminal symbol. We thus match it against the first symbol of the string to parse.

This is called a **match** step.

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E) \$$	$(\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

int	()	+	*	
E	1	2			
Op			3	4	

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E) \$$	$(\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

int	()	+	*	
E	1	2			
Op			3	4	

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$
)) \$)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$
)) \$)) \$
) \$) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$
)) \$)) \$
) \$) \$
\$	\$

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	
E	1	2		
Op				



E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
	+ (int * int)) \$
	(int * int)) \$
	(int * int)) \$
	int * int)) \$
	int * int)) \$
	* int)) \$
	* int)) \$
	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$
)) \$)) \$
) \$) \$
\$	\$

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int + int\$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
-----	-------------

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
-----	-------------

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\text{int} \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\$$	$+ \text{ int} \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\text{int} \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\$$	$+ \text{int} \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$
\$	+ int\$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4



LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

(int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

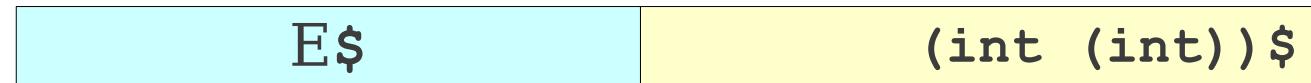
LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$



int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

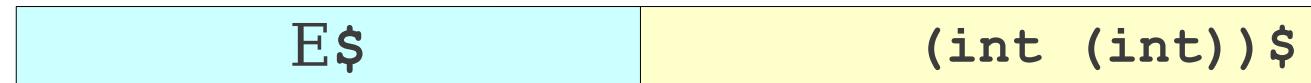
LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$



	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int (int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
Op E) \$	(int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
Op E) \$	(int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

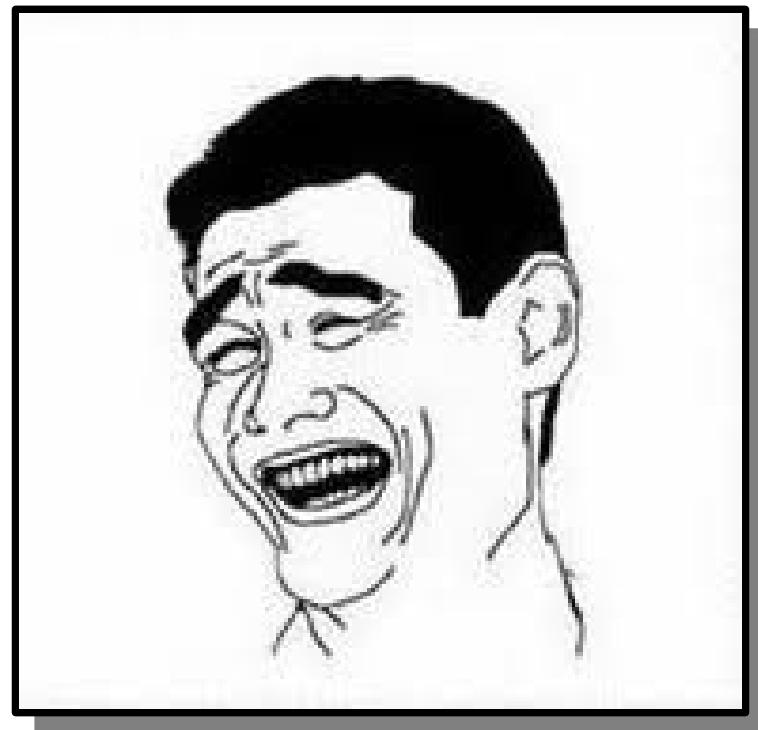
(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

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(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int (int)) \$
Op E) \$	(int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4



The LL(1) Algorithm

- Suppose a grammar has start symbol **S** and LL(1) parsing table T. We want to parse string ω
- Initialize a stack containing **S\$**.
- Repeat until the stack is empty:
 - Let the next character of ω be **t**.
 - If the top of the stack is a terminal **r**:
 - If **r** and **t** don't match, report an error.
 - Otherwise consume the character **t** and pop **r** from the stack.
 - Otherwise, the top of the stack is a nonterminal **A**:
 - If $T[\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{t}]$ is undefined, report an error.
 - Replace the top of the stack with $T[\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{t}]$.

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT**
| while **EXPR** do **STMT**
| **EXPR** ;

EXPR → TERM → id
| zero? TERM
| not **EXPR**
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT → **if EXPR then STMT**
 | **while EXPR do STMT**
 | **EXPR ;**

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	id \rightarrow id;
		zero? TERM	while not zero? id
		not EXPR	do --id;
		++ id	
		-- id	if not zero? id then

TERM → id
| constant

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
 | while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
| while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
| **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)

TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8				
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8				
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2									
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1			2								
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3				
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1			2		3	3	3	3			
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1			2		3	3	3	3	3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

Can we find an algorithm for
constructing LL(1) parse tables?

Filling in Table Entries

- Intuition: The next character should uniquely identify a production, so we should pick a production that ultimately starts with that character.
- $T[\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{t}]$ should be a production $\mathbf{A} \rightarrow \omega$ iff ω derives something starting with \mathbf{t} .
- More rigorously:

$$T[\mathbf{A}, \mathbf{t}] = \mathbf{B}\omega \text{ iff } \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \omega \text{ and } \omega \Rightarrow^* \mathbf{t}\omega'$$

In what follows, assume that our grammar does not contain any ϵ -productions.

(We'll relax this restriction later.)

FIRST Sets

- We want to tell if a particular nonterminal **A** derives a string starting with a particular nonterminal **t**.
- We can formalize this with **FIRST sets**.

$$\text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A}) = \{ \mathbf{t} \mid \mathbf{A} \Rightarrow^* \mathbf{t}\omega \text{ for some } \omega \}$$

- Intuitively, $\text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A})$ is the set of terminals that can be at the start of a string produced by **A**.
- If we can compute FIRST sets for all nonterminals in a grammar, we can efficiently construct the LL(1) parsing table. Details soon.

Computing FIRST Sets

- Initially, for all nonterminals \mathbf{A} , set
$$\text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A}) = \{ \mathbf{t} \mid \mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{t}\omega \text{ for some } \omega \}$$
- Then, repeat the following until no changes occur: For each nonterminal \mathbf{A} , for each production $\mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{B}\omega$, set
$$\text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A}) = \text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A}) \cup \text{FIRST}(\mathbf{B})$$
- This is known a **fixed-point iteration** or a **transitive closure algorithm**.

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → **if EXPR then STMT**
| **while EXPR do STMT**
| **EXPR ;**

EXPR → **TERM -> id**
| **zero? TERM**
| **not EXPR**
| **++ id**
| **-- id**

TERM → **id**
| **constant**

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while		

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while	zero? not ++ --	

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| **EXPR ;**

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| **EXPR ;**

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ --	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
| while EXPR do STMT
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ -- id constant	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ -- id constant	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | **EXPR ;**

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ -- id constant	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | **EXPR ;**

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if while zero? not ++ --	zero? not ++ -- id constant	id constant

Iterative FIRST Computations

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)

| while EXPR do STMT (2)

| EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)

| zero? TERM (5)

| not EXPR (6)

| ++ id (7)

| -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)

| constant (10)

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
| while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
| **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM	\rightarrow	id	(4)
		zero?	TERM		(5)
		not	EXPR		(6)
		++	id		(7)
		--	id		(8)

TERM → id (9)
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From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
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EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
| while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
| **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		$++$ id	(7)
		$--$ id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
| while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
| **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		$++$ id	(7)
		$--$ id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
| while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
| **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		$++$ id	(7)
		$--$ id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
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zero?	++	constant
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++	id	
--	constant	
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		zero?	TERM		(5)
		not	EXPR		(6)
		++	id		(7)
		--	id		(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
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while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
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TERM → id (9)
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STMT	EXPR	TERM
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while	not	
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
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constant		

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		not	EXPR		(6)
		++	id		(7)
		--	id		(8)

TERM → **id** (9)
| **constant** (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

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		++	id		(7)
		--	id		(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
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while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
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--	constant	
id		
constant		

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EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
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		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
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STMT	EXPR	TERM
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zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

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EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
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		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
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not	--	
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id		
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From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

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STMT	EXPR	TERM
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From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

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		zero? TERM	(5)
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		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
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id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

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 | while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM	\rightarrow	id	(4)
		zero?	TERM		(5)
		not	EXPR		(6)
		++	id		(7)
		--	id		(8)

TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	
while	not	id
zero?	++	constant
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT (1)
 | while EXPR do STMT (2)
 | EXPR ; (3)

EXPR → TERM -> id (4)
 | zero? TERM (5)
 | not EXPR (6)
 | ++ id (7)
 | -- id (8)

TERM → id (9)
 | constant (10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9		

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT	\rightarrow	if EXPR then STMT	(1)
		while EXPR do STMT	(2)
		EXPR ;	(3)
EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM -> id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)
TERM	\rightarrow	id	(9)
		constant	(10)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
while	not	constant
zero?	++	
not	--	
++	id	
--	constant	
id		
constant		

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

From FIRST Sets to LL(1) Tables

STMT → if EXPR then STMT
 | while EXPR do STMT
 | EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
 | zero? TERM
 | not EXPR
 | ++ id
 | -- id

TERM → id
 | constant

(1)
 (2)
 (3)

STMT	EXPR	TERM
if	zero?	id
	not	constant
	++	
	--	
	id	
	constant	



	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

ϵ -Free LL(1) Parse Tables

- The following algorithm constructs an LL(1) parse table for a grammar with no ϵ -productions.
- Compute the FIRST sets for all nonterminals in the grammar.
- For each production $A \rightarrow t\omega$, set $T[A, t] = t\omega$.
- For each production $A \rightarrow B\omega$, set $T[A, t] = B\omega$ for each $t \in \text{FIRST}(B)$.

Expanding our Grammar

STMT →	if EXPR then STMT	(1) id → id;
	while EXPR do STMT	(2)
	EXPR ;	(3) while not zero? id do --id;
EXPR →	TERM -> id	(4) if not zero? id then
	zero? TERM	(5) if not zero? id then
	not EXPR	(6) constant → id;
	++ id	(7)
	-- id	(8)
TERM →	id	(9)
	constant	(10)

Expanding our Grammar

STMT →	if EXPR then STMT	(1) id → id;
	while EXPR do STMT	(2)
	EXPR ;	(3) while not zero? id do --id;
EXPR →	TERM -> id	(4) if not zero? id then
	zero? TERM	(5) if not zero? id then
	not EXPR	(6) constant → id;
	++ id	(7)
	-- id	(8)
TERM →	id	(9)
	constant	(10)
BLOCK →	STMT	(11)
	{ STMTS }	(12)
STMTS →	STMT STMTS	(13)
	ε	(14)

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then BLOCK
| while EXPR do BLOCK
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

BLOCK → STMT
| { STMTS }

STMTS → STMT STMTS
| ε

(1) id → id;
(2)
(3) while not zero? id do --id;

(4) if not zero? id then
(5) if not zero? id then
(6) constant → id;
(7)
(8)

(9)
(10)

(11)
(12)

(13)
(14)

Expanding our Grammar

STMT → if EXPR then BLOCK
| while EXPR do BLOCK
| EXPR ;

EXPR → TERM -> id
| zero? TERM
| not EXPR
| ++ id
| -- id

TERM → id
| constant

BLOCK → STMT
| { STMTS }

STMTS → STMT STMTS
| ε

(1) id → id;
(2)
(3) while not zero? id do --id;

(4) if not zero? id then
(5) if not zero? id then
(6) constant → id;
(7)
(8) if zero? id then
 while zero? id do {
 constant → id;
 constant → id;

(9)
(10)
(11) }
(12)

(13)
(14)

LL(1) with ϵ -Productions

- Computation of FIRST is different.
 - What if the first nonterminal in a production can produce ϵ ?
- Building the table is different.
 - What action do you take if the correct production produces the empty string?

FIRST Sets with ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More

FIRST Sets with ϵ

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Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9		

FIRST Sets with ϵ

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Digit → 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9		

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Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9		

FIRST Sets with ϵ

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Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9		

FIRST Sets with ϵ

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Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow Digits | ϵ
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9		

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow Sign Digits
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow Digits | ϵ
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow Sign Digits
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ
Digits \rightarrow Digit More
More \rightarrow **Digits** | ϵ
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow Sign Digits
Sign \rightarrow + | - | ϵ
Digits \rightarrow Digit More
More \rightarrow **Digits** | ϵ
Digit \rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ - ϵ	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9 ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num → **Sign Digits**

Sign → + | - | ϵ

Digits → **Digit More**

More → **Digits | ϵ**

Digit → 0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ - ϵ	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9	0 5 1 6 2 7 3 8 4 9 ϵ

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign $\rightarrow + | - | \epsilon$
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits** $| \epsilon$
Digit $\rightarrow 0 | 1 | 2 | \dots | 9$

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5	0 5	0 5
0 5	ε	1 6	1 6	1 6
1 6		2 7	2 7	2 7
2 7		3 8	3 8	3 8
3 8		4 9	4 9	4 9
4 9				ε

FIRST Sets with ϵ

Num \rightarrow **Sign Digits**
Sign \rightarrow **+ | - | ϵ**
Digits \rightarrow **Digit More**
More \rightarrow **Digits | ϵ**
Digit \rightarrow **0 | 1 | 2 | ... | 9**

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+ -	+ -	0 5	0 5	0 5
0 5	ϵ	1 6	1 6	1 6
1 6		2 7	2 7	2 7
2 7		3 8	3 8	3 8
3 8		4 9	4 9	4 9
4 9				ϵ

FIRST and ϵ

- When computing FIRST sets in a grammar with ϵ -productions, we often have to “look through” nonterminals.
- Rationale: Might have a derivation like this:

$$\mathbf{A} \Rightarrow \mathbf{Bt} \Rightarrow \mathbf{t}$$

- So $\mathbf{t} \in \text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A})$.

FIRST Computation with ϵ

- Initially, for all nonterminals A , set

$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \{ t \mid A \rightarrow t\omega \text{ for some } \omega \}$$

- For all nonterminals A where $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ is a production, add ϵ to $\text{FIRST}(A)$.
- Repeat the following until no changes occur:
 - For each production $A \rightarrow \alpha$, where α is a string of nonterminals whose FIRST sets contain ϵ , set $\text{FIRST}(A) = \text{FIRST}(A) \cup \{ \epsilon \}$.
 - For each production $A \rightarrow \alpha t \omega$, where α is a string of nonterminals whose FIRST sets contain ϵ , set
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \text{FIRST}(A) \cup \{ t \}$$
 - For each production $A \rightarrow \alpha B \omega$, where α is string of nonterminals whose FIRST sets contain ϵ , set
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \text{FIRST}(A) \cup (\text{FIRST}(B) - \{ \epsilon \}).$$

A Notational Diversion

- Once we have computed the correct FIRST sets for each nonterminal, we can generalize our definition of FIRST sets to strings.
- Define $\text{FIRST}^*(\omega)$ as follows:
 - $\text{FIRST}^*(\epsilon) = \{ \epsilon \}$
 - $\text{FIRST}^*(t\omega) = \{ t \}$
 - If $\epsilon \notin \text{FIRST}(A)$:
 - $\text{FIRST}^*(A\omega) = \text{FIRST}(A)$
 - If $\epsilon \in \text{FIRST}(A)$:
 - $\text{FIRST}^*(A\omega) = (\text{FIRST}(A) - \{ \epsilon \}) \cup \text{FIRST}^*(\omega)$

FIRST Computation with ϵ

- Initially, for all nonterminals A , set
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \{ t \mid A \rightarrow t\omega \text{ for some } \omega \}$$
- For all nonterminals A where $A \rightarrow \epsilon$ is a production, add ϵ to $\text{FIRST}(A)$.
- Repeat the following until no changes occur:
 - For each production $A \rightarrow \alpha$, set
$$\text{FIRST}(A) = \text{FIRST}(A) \cup \text{FIRST}^*(\alpha)$$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | hey | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | hey a | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

	hello	hey a	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | hey | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End

	hello	hey	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | hey a | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
	hello hey a yo	

	hello	hey a	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → hello | hey | yo

End → world! | ϵ

Msg	Hi	End
	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → hello | hey | yo

End → world! | ϵ

Msg	Hi	End
hello	hello	world
heya	heya	ϵ
yo	yo	

	hello	hey	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg				
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → hello | hey | yo
End → world! | ϵ

Msg	Hi	End
hello	hello	world
heya	heya	ϵ
yo	yo	

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi				
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | hey | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	hey	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	hey	yo	
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg → **Hi End**

Hi → **hello | heya | yo**

End → **world! | ϵ**

Msg	Hi	End
hello heya yo	hello heya yo	world! ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
--------	----------

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
--------	----------

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$
End \$	\$

	hello	heya	yo	world!
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End	
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

	Msg \$		hello \$	
	Hi End \$		hello \$	
	hello End \$		hello \$	
	End		\$	
	hello			orld!
Msg	Hi End			
Hi	hello	heya	yo	
End				world!



ϵ is Complicated

- When constructing LL(1) tables with ϵ -productions, we need to have an extra column for $\$$.

Msg → **Hi End**
Hi → **hello** | **heya** | **yo**
End → **world!** | ϵ

ϵ is Complicated

- When constructing LL(1) tables with ϵ -productions, we need to have an extra column for $\$$.

Msg → **Hi End**
Hi → **hello** | **heya** | **yo**
End → **world!** | ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!	\$
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End		
Hi	hello	heya	yo		
End				world!	

ϵ is Complicated

- When constructing LL(1) tables with ϵ -productions, we need to have an extra column for $\$$.

Msg → **Hi End**
Hi → **hello** | **heya** | **yo**
End → **world!** | ϵ

	hello	heya	yo	world!	\$
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End		
Hi	hello	heya	yo		
End				world!	ϵ

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$
End \$	\$

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$
End \$	\$

	hello	heya	yo	world!	\$
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End		
Hi	hello	heya	yo		
End				world!	ϵ

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$
End \$	\$

	hello	heya	yo	world!	\$
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End		
Hi	hello	heya	yo		
End				world!	ϵ

LL(1) Tables with ϵ

Msg \$	hello \$
Hi End \$	hello \$
hello End \$	hello \$
End \$	\$
\$	\$

	hello	heya	yo	world!	\$
Msg	Hi End	Hi End	Hi End		
Hi	hello	heya	yo		
End				world!	ϵ

It Gets Trickier

Num → Sign Digits
Sign → + | - | ε
Digits → Digit More
More → Digits | ε
Digit → 0 | 1 | ... | 9

It Gets Trickier

Num → **Sign Digits**
Sign → + | - | ϵ
Digits → **Digit More**
More → **Digits** | ϵ
Digit → 0 | 1 | ... | 9

	+	-	#	\$
Num				
Sign				
Digits				
More				
Digit				

It Gets Trickier

Num → **Sign Digits**
Sign → + | - | ϵ
Digits → **Digit More**
More → **Digits** | ϵ
Digit → 0 | 1 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+	-	0	5	0 5
0	5	1	6	1 6
1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num				
Sign				
Digits				
More				
Digit				

It Gets Trickier

Num → **Sign Digits**

Sign → + | - | ϵ

Digits → **Digit More**

More → **Digits** | ϵ

Digit → 0 | 1 | ... | 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+	-	0	5	0 5
0	5	1	6	1 6
1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num				
Sign				
Digits				
More				
Digit				

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1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign				
Digits				
More				
Digit				

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+	-	0	5	0 5
0	5	1	6	1 6
1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign				
Digits				
More				
Digit				

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2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits				
More				
Digit				

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0	5	1	6	1 6
1	6	2	7	2 7
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3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits				
More				
Digit				

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3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More				
Digit				

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+	-	0	5	0 5
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1	6	2	7	2 7
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3	8	4	9	4 9
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	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More				
Digit				

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1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit				

It Gets Trickier

Num	\rightarrow Sign Digits
Sign	\rightarrow + - ϵ
Digits	\rightarrow Digit More
More	\rightarrow Digits ϵ
Digit	\rightarrow 0 1 ... 9

Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
+	-	0	5	0 5
0	5	1	6	1 6
1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit				

It Gets Trickier

Num → **Sign Digits**
Sign → + | - | ϵ
Digits → **Digit More**
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Digit → 0 | 1 | ... | 9

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2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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1	6	2	7	2 7
2	7	3	8	3 8
3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits		
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

It Gets Trickier

Num	→ Sign Digits	Num	Sign	Digit	Digits	More
Sign	→ + - ϵ	+ -	+ -	0 5	0 5	0 5
Digits	→ Digit More	0 5	ϵ	1 6	1 6	1 6
More	→ Digits ϵ	1 6		2 7	2 7	2 7
Digit	→ 0 1 ... 9	2 7		3 8	3 8	3 8
		3 8		4 9	4 9	4 9
		4 9				ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-		
Digits			Digits More	
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	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	
Digit			#	

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4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	ϵ
Digit			#	

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4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	ϵ
Digit			#	

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3	8	4	9	4 9
4	9			ϵ

	+	-	#	\$
Num	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	Sign Digits	
Sign	+	-	ϵ	
Digits			Digits More	
More			Digits	ϵ
Digit			#	

FOLLOW Sets

- With ϵ -productions in the grammar, we may have to “look past” the current nonterminal to what can come after it.
- The **FOLLOW set** represents the set of terminals that might come after a given nonterminal.
- Formally:

$$\text{FOLLOW}(\mathbf{A}) = \{ \mathbf{t} \mid \mathbf{S} \Rightarrow^* \alpha \mathbf{A} \mathbf{t} \omega \text{ for some } \alpha, \omega \}$$

where \mathbf{S} is the start symbol of the grammar.

- Informally, every nonterminal that can ever come after \mathbf{A} in a derivation.